

nShield Monitor

# Monitor v3.0.0 Install and User Guide

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# 1. Introduction

nShield<sup>®</sup> Monitor is a monitoring solution delivered in a virtual appliance environment. Designed to be both cost-effective and scalable, it delivers the level of security assurance expected of a Hardware Security Module (HSM) accessory supporting application.

Users connect to the nShield Monitor server via HTTP(s) using a configured IP address or through a user-friendly name. This is achieved using a standard web-browser (Internet Explorer, Chrome or Firefox). nShield Monitor provides a secure, authenticated connection allowing easy access to all monitored information.

nShield Monitor provides the following features:

- Able to monitor of estates composed of the nShield HSMs and client hosts
- Operates automatically in the background without human involvement
- · Alerts users when investigation or intervention may be required
- Provides information relevant to each user based upon role and groups
- nShield Monitor provides the following benefits to an organization:
- Removes the need to pro-actively inspect each device to determine status on a regular basis
- Suitable to operate in "dark" data centers or in environments where physical access to devices is not possible
- · Rapid and automatic notification of potential security issues
- Ability to respond to device hardware failures. For example, a failed power supply unit.
- · Notification of unexpected changes to device configurations
- Immediate alerting of device overload
- General reporting of security, configuration, health and utilization of the estate of devices to support audit requirements

After the initial network setup and installation, the virtualized nShield Monitor server monitors HSMs and client hosts.

nShield Monitor provides a central repository of all information collected from your estate of devices and monitors information directly from the HSMs including device utilization, command information and HSM health. nShield Monitor also provides alarm and event notifi cation (via syslog, SNMP, and email) as well as event logging and report generation from predefined templates.

# 2. Requirements

## 2.1. General requirements

nShield Monitor is delivered in the following formats:

- Open Virtual Appliance (OVA)
- Microsoft Hyper-V
- Docker container

These include:

- A 64-bit Linux-based OS
- Open VMware Tools (OVT)



By default, OVT service is DISABLED. A system administrator can choose to ENABLE OVT from the CLI. For details, refer to Service Commands.

## 2.1.1. Hypervisor compatibility

The OVA can be installed on the following virtual platforms:

- vSphere ESXi 6.5
- vSphere ESXi 6.7
- vSphere ESXi 7.0
- VMware Workstation 12
- VMware Workstation 14
- VMware Fusion 10
- Oracle VirtualBox 6.0

The Hyper-V image can be installed on the following virtual platforms:

- Microsoft Hyper-V
- Microsoft Azure

The Docker container can be deployed on either a physical machine or a virtualization platform which has hardware virtualization support enabled (VT-x or AMD-V).

## 2.1.2. Host server requirements

#### Chapter 2. Requirements

The host server should meet the following requirements:

- 64-bit host OS
- CPU: 2 core 2.0GHz multicore CPU (can be increased as needed)
- Memory: 8GB dedicated memory for nShield Monitor (can be increased)
- Network: Single network attached interface to bridged or physical network
- Disc space to download:
  - ° An OVA image (1.1 GB)
  - A Hyper-V image (3.3 GB)
  - $^\circ\,$  A Docker container and its associated volumes (1.5 GB)
- Size on the hard drive:
  - ° 2.3 GB (OVA) / 3.3 GB (Hyper-V) / 1.5 GB (Docker container) (thin provisioned)
  - ° 326.0 GB (OVA) (thick provisioned)

## 2.1.3. nShield compatibility

nShield Monitor is compatible with the following nShield HSM models and software versions:

- nShield Edge, Solo+, Solo XC, Connect+, and Connect XC
- Security World software v12.40 and higher

## 2.2. Centralized monitoring

When monitoring an estate of HSMs (that is, more than one HSM), reduce data duplication by keeping your data in as few places as possible.



Multiple instances of your data may be **required** due to your organization's external requirements. For example, due to regulatory issues.

## 2.3. Client workstation

The client workstation is any Apple or Microsoft Windows workstation that has network con nections to nShield Monitor. A supported browser (WebUI access) or SSH client (CLI access) that can access nShield Monitor is required.

The client workstation can perform various configuration, administrative tasks or group man agement tasks based upon defined roles.

## 2.4. Role based access

nShield Monitor supports role-based access.

Each nShield Monitor user role is associated with a predefined set of tasks. This ensures that a user with a specific role can perform only those tasks that are allowed by that role. For example, if a user is assigned the role of group manager, the user cannot perform admin istrative tasks, such as creating users. Role-based access adds a level of security to the con figuration and administration of nShield Monitor.

The following credential schemes are supported:

- nShield Monitor's own credential scheme, see Creating Users.
- Active Directory credentials, see Active Directory authentication.

Active Directory authentication is set up by mapping Active Directory groups to nShield Monitor roles.



For users whose credentials were imported from Active Directory, **Configuration > Security** shows their own credentials in and for nShield Monitor. Changes made to passwords in nShield Monitor are not ported back automatically to the Active Directory server.



Users who are Active Directory administrators have no access or visibility to the credentials of other Active Directory users through **Configura tion > Security**.

## 2.4.1. User roles

The nShield Monitor role based administration model has the following role type:

- Auditor
- Administrator
- Group Manager

Users can be assigned to more that one role. For example, a user could be both am Adminis tration and as a Group Manager. This user is then able to perform tasks related to both an the administrator role and a group manager role.

For example, you could create users with the following combinations of permissions:

- User #1: administrator and group permissions
- User #2: auditor only

• User #3: group manager only

The nShield Monitor UI is role sensitive, and the pages displayed are dependent upon the role of the user.

#### 2.4.1.1. Auditor

Auditors have complete visibility into nShield Monitor; however, they cannot modify any set ting in nShield Monitor or on the HSMs.



Auditors cannot be Administrators or Group Managers.

The auditor role is for visibility purposes.

#### 2.4.1.2. Administrator



Administrators are required to have sufficient knowledge of networks, various operating systems, and general system administration tasks such as configuring IP addresses, backing up systems, and using the console interface.

The Administrator is responsible for:

- User management, including creating new users, and deleting users who do not have any roles assigned to them
- Assigning administrator or group manager roles to users
- Network configuration
- System configuration
- Upgrading the system
- License management
- Security configuration
- Group management
- Event notification (syslog, SNMP and email) management
- Enabling the Open VMware Tools Service

#### 2.4.1.3. Group Manager

Group Managers are required to have sufficient knowledge and understanding of:

• The importance of the data and devices that they manage

#### Chapter 2. Requirements

- Corporate policies with respect to data dissemination
- · Corporate policies with respect to problem resolution

The Group manager is responsible for monitoring and understanding the following:

- The command instruction usage
- HSM utilization
- HSM health
- Event triggers in assigned groups
- Event logging and report generation in assigned groups
- · Configuring event notification via email in assigned group

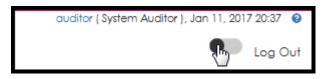
## 2.5. Accessing the User Guide

Online Help is available to all user role types.



While Online Help is enabled, you cannot perform any actions on the GUI.

- 1. Log on as Administrator, Group Manager, or Auditor.
- 2. Locate the toggle switch in the upper right corner of the screen.



3. Slide the toggle switch to the right.

Online Help is enabled.

Fields surrounded by a **colored box** contain help.



4. Click a field to open the help text pop-up window. For example:

admin (System Administr

## **User Profile**

A description of the user roles assigned to you is provided in parenthesis next to your user name. Clicking your username opens the profile information page. You can edit the following settings on this page:

- name
- description
- email
- password
- auto-logout duration by moving the slider

#### Save or Cancel your changes.

You can change the date and time formatting from the options in the dropdown list:

- None (default): if you do not select a format the default is used: Month, DD, YYYY, HH:MM
- UTC
- · Month/Day/Year
- Day/Month/Year
- Custom: you can enter a custom format in the text box provided, use the example as a reference

# 3. License Installation

## 3.1. Overview

nShield Monitor is shipped with an evaluation license. This license allows for the Virtual Appliance to enroll and monitor up to eight devices for up to 30 days. After 30 days, the product automatically stops device monitoring and restricts user access to the administrator role only.

There are multiple license options available.



Contact Entrust Sales/Sales Support for prices and availability. Please have the serial number of the deployed nShield Monitor available in order to obtain a license. The serial number can be found on the dashboard page under the **nShield Monitor Status** tab.

nShield Monitor Status 🗸			
System			
Serial Number :	Tk iq 7y 1P n7 5Y 9x 8X-kc 9M LX O9 Zz yD Ly Fb		
Software version :	2.5.4 (build 0029)		
License :	Evaluation, Remaining Days: 27		
System Uptime :	20 hours, 27 minutes		
Disk Space Used :	2%		
Services :	OK, running 18 of 18		

## 3.2. Installing a license

- 1. Download the license, provided by Entrust, to the local machine that is currently being used to access the nShield Monitor WebUI.
- 2. Log in as an Administrator.
- 3. Navigate to: Configuration > License
- 4. Click Choose File.
- 5. Browse to the license file.
- 6. Click **Open**.
- 7. Click Install License.

The license installs and details are viewable under the **Current License(s)** tab:

Current License(s)			
License Category	License Type	Max No. of Devices	Purchase Order
Standard	Device	200	5009



In addition to choosing the file, it is also possible to copy and paste the license code directly into the text box.

The Virtual Appliance is now ready to enroll and monitor devices up to the quantity of devices licensed.

# 4. Setup Wizard

## 4.1. Overview

nShield Monitor is delivered as an Open Virtual Appliance, OVA, format. The OVA includes a 64 bit Linux based OS. The nShield Monitor system can be accessed with a web browser.

Supported web browsers include:

- Firefox (Version 44 or higher)
- Internet Explorer (Version 11 or higher)
- Chrome (v 55.0)

## 4.2. Wizard

The initial setup of nShield Monitor upon first boot and login is done via a setup wizard. This setup wizard can be run both from the WebUI or the Command Line Interface (CLI). It is rec ommended that you use the WebUI Setup Wizard for initial setup of nShield Monitor.



See nShield CLI Commands for details on how to setup using the CLI.

1. Access the Virtual Appliance from your Internet browser, go to:

https://XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX

(Use the IP address assigned in the CLI during the installation process.)

- 2. If the password was not changed during an initial OVA installation via the CLI:
  - ° Enter the default admin username and password.
  - ° Enter a new password.
- 3. Click Change Password.

Once your password has changed (either using the CLI or the WebUI), the nShield Monitor Setup Wizard loads.



The Wizard prompts you through each tab.

1. Click Start.

The **EULA** page displays In order to continue to setup, you must accept the terms of the End User license Agreement (EULA) provided with the Virtual Appliance. If you

decline the EULA, you will be automatically logged off.

2. Read through the entire EULA and then select I Accept.

The Email Setup page displays.

- 3. Enter the email associated with the default user (admin).
- 4. Enter the email a second time to confirm and then click **Next Step**.

The Create Administrators page opens.

## 4.2.1. Creating Administrators



nShield Monitor requires at least two Administrators. During the setup, the system prompts to create two new Administrators (in addition to the default administrator which cannot be deleted during setup). The best practice recommendation is to come back and delete the default administrator, after you have successfully created your two official administrators, as described in the procedure below.

- 1. On the **Create Administrators** page, enter the **User Name** (for example, Admin1) and **Email** (and confirm email) for each **Administrator**.
- 2. Select Next Step.

The Create Administrators page displays:

Create Administrators	
Administrator One	Administrator Two
User Name :	User Name :
Email :	Email :
Confirm Email :	Confirm Email :
	Next Step

3. Complete the fields and then select **Next Step**.

The Network Settings page opens:

#### Chapter 4. Setup Wizard

✓ Welcome	✓ EULA	🗸 Email	✓ System Administrators	Network
Key Generation	Date a	ind Time	Ready to Setup	
Notwor	k Sattin			
Networ	k semin	igs		
✓ DHCP Stop	atic			
IP Address :				
10.1.7.124				
Subnet Mask :				
255.255.248.0				
Gateway :				
10.1.1.20				
Hostname:				
localhost				
Domain (option	al) :			
Primary DNS (op	tional) :			
Secondary DNS	(optional) :			
Mail Host (option	nal) :			
Mail Host Cred	lentials (opt	ional)		
				Next Step

## 4.3. Setting up the network

To use nShield Monitor, you must setup a network.



Please do not change the following parameters without assistance from your IT support/infrastructure organization.

- IP Address
- Subnet
- Gateway
- Hostname
- Domain (optional)
- Primary DNS (optional)
- Secondary DNS (optional)
- Mail Host (optional)
- Master Key Generation



Mail Host Credentials are optional. Should you select the Mail Host Credentials box, a window opens prompting for Mail Host User Name and Mail Host Password.

1. On the Network Settings page, select Next Step.

The Master Key Generation page opens.

✓ Welcome	✓EULA ✓Email	✓ System Administrators	✓ Network
Key Generation	Date and Time	Ready to Setup	
A denstan K			
Master K	ley Generati	on	
Passphrase C	ne		
Passphrase :			
Confirm Passphras	se :		
Passphrase T	wo		
Passphrase :			
Confirm Passphras	se :		
			Next Step

## 4.4. Master Key Generation

The master key consists of an AES256 wrapping key and an HMAC-SHA-512 hash key that is used as the root of protection.

The master key is derived by using the two passphrases, using PBKDF2, that are input during the wizard configuration after the first boot and after every reboot.

The master key is never stored in persistent storage.

Please note to record each passphrase in a secure location as you will re-enter them when nShield Monitor reboots.

- 1. On the **Master Key Generation** page, enter Passphrase One and Passphrase Two, and then re-enter both for confirmation.
- 2. Record both phrases before continuing to the next step.
- 3. Select Next Step.

The Date/Time Settings page opens.

#### Chapter 4. Setup Wizard

✓ Key Generation	Date and Time	Ready to Setup
Date/Time	Settings	
NTP Enable 🗸 NT	iP Disable	
Time :		
19:42		
Date : 02/10/2017		
Time Zone :		
(GMT -05:00) Easter	n Time (US & Canad	ia)
		Next Step

## 4.5. Date/Time

The Network Time Protocol (NTP) is an Internet standard protocol that synchronizes computer clock times on your network. NTP servers transmit time to their client systems.



**NTP Disable** is the default setting. If you select NTP Enable, a new window opens and you are prompted to enter the NTP Server Address(es). You have the option of entering multiple servers, as long as you separate the entries with commas.

## 4.5.1. NTP Disabled

- 1. On the **Date/Time Settings** page, select **NTP Disable**.
- 2. Enter Time, Date and Time Zone.

The default setting is:

GMT Greenwich Mean Time.

3. Select Next Step.

The Ready to Setup page opens.

4. Continue to Ready to Setup.

## 4.5.2. NTP Enabled

If NTP is enabled, you must indicate the NTP server that you want to use in the NTP Server

#### Chapter 4. Setup Wizard

Address field.



You can enter multiple servers, as long as you separate them using com mas.

- 1. On the **Date/Time Settings** page, use the drop down arrow to open the Time Zone drop down menu.
- 2. Select the appropriate **Time Zone**.
- 3. Select Next Step.

The **Ready to Setup** page opens.

## 4.6. Ready to Setup

1. Select Initialize.

The initialization status page opens and tracks the process. For example:

Initializing System								
Initialization Task	Status	Result						
Generating Master key	×	Master key generated an						
Set Default User email address	×	Email changed OK.						
Create user 'admin1'	1	User created OK.						
Assign System Administrator role to 'admin1'	×	Role assigned OK.						
Create user 'admin2'	×	User created OK.						
Assign System Administrator role to 'admin2'	×	Role assigned OK.						
Setting Date/Time/NTP/Network values and rebooting	0							

nShield Monitor reboots.

## 4.7. Log In

- 1. Enter your User ID and Password.
- 2. Select Log In.

The Master Key needs to be reloaded every time that nShield Monitor is rebooted. After rebooting, you are prompted to enter the Master Key passphrase.



3. Select the message to initiate the Master Key load.

The Master Key / SSL Certificate and the User Interface SSL/TLS Options windows open.

- 4. Enter Passphrase One and Passphrase Two.
- 5. Select Load Master Key.

The GUI session disconnects and the a pop-up reports:

Connection to nShield Monitor has been lost. If you have updated SSL Certificate, change the IP address or Hostname of nShield Monitor. You will need to open a new browser window to correct address. Attempting to reconnect.

6. After the system reconnects, log back on to the system.

The system is now ready to use.

# 5. Configuration Logged in as Administrator

## 5.1. Overview

After setting up nShield Monitor, Administrators can modify the system setup via the **Con**-**figuration** tab.



To see the options available to a Group Manager, see Configuration Logged in as Group Manager.

The Administrator is able to set date and time, events, create groups, update licenses, configure the network, reboot the system, set up security, perform upgrades, and set up users.

## 5.2. First-time setup

In order to begin using nShield Monitor, several steps must be taken. These include:

- HSM configuration verifying that the HSMs to be monitored are enabled for SNMP
- Installing the appropriate nShield Monitor License
- Creating groups and users in the nShield Monitor Virtual Appliance
- Enrolling devices to appropriate groups



Please note that a **device** can be assigned to **one group** or to **many separate groups**.

Open firewall port settings

## 5.2.1. Configuring the nShield/client host

In order to manage your HSM estate with nShield Monitor, you must perform the following on each device:

- Enable SNMP and add SNMPv3 users
- Enable the collection of utilization data
- · Set the period over which utilization statistics are to be collected to 60 seconds
- Enable the collection of health check counts

These tasks can be performed via the appropriate commands as follows:

UTILCFG	Sets the period over which utilization statistics are collected. Must be set for 60 seconds.
UTILENABLE	Enables the collection of utilization data.
HEALTHENABLE	Enables the collection of health check counts.
SNMP	Enable provisioning of utilization and health check data via SNMP.
SNMPADD	Adds an SNMP community or user.

## 5.2.2. Configuring the nShield HSM

For instructions, see the *SNMP monitoring agent* appendix in the *User Guide* for your HSM(s).

## 5.2.3. Step 1: Create groups

In order to begin monitoring, the first required item is to create groups that will contain the monitored devices.



You must be logged in as an Administrator.

- 1. Navigate to **Configuration** > **Groups**.
- 2. Select Add New Group.

#### The Group Setup page opens.



- 3. Enter the New Group Name along with an optional description.
- 4. Select Create Group.



It is a best practice to never create more groups than the number required to manage the number of devices that you have.



nShield Monitor can support up to 32 groups.

## 5.2.4. Step 2: Configure the Group Manager role

Once you have created your groups, you will need to configure one or more users with the Group Manager role.



This procedure also includes how to associate a Group Manager with a group.

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Users.

The Manage Users page opens.

2. Select Create User.

The Create a New User page opens.

3. Enter the new user data.



You select the Auto-Logout Duration by sliding the circle to the right to increase the length of time.

Auto-Logout Durc	ation :									
5 minutes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
5 minutes									60 n	ninutes

4. Complete the open fields appropriately and under **Assign Role(s) for this User**, select **Group Manager**.

The Assign User to Groups window opens.

- 5. Associate the user to groups by selecting the group name (for example, Group 1).
- 6. When clicking on a Group name in the Available groups list, the group name moves to the **Member of** list.
- 7. Select Create User.

The user is created and a reset link is sent to the email address associated with the user name. The link will prompt the user to change the password before accessing their account. The reset link expires after 60 minutes

=== Step 3: Group Manager enroll managed entities to groups

The Group Manager can add devices (that is, enroll entities) to be monitored into the

#### groups. See Configuration Logged in as Group Manager.

A Group Manager can be configured to access one group, a subset of all the groups or all of the groups in nShield Monitor.

Based on your current environment, the persons responsible for the day to day operations of the monitored devices are usually the appropriate persons to assign to this role.



It is possible to assign a user to both Administrator and Group Manager roles. In doing so, operations and functions of both user roles can be per formed. You should refer to your organization's policy on whether a user with multiple roles is allowed to exist within your security management system.

## 5.3. Edit Profile page

The **Edit Profile** page is accessed by selecting your User ID located in the top right corner of the page. For example:

admin	(System Administrator ), Jan 8, 2018 11:24:10 (GMT -10:00)	0
	Log C	Dut

From this page, you can perform the following actions:

- Add a description
- · Update the email address
- Change the password
- Set the Auto-Log duration
- · Select a custom date format

When you select a custom date format, the chosen format is associated with your user ID giving each user the option of selecting their preferred format. Once the format has been selected, it is consistently displayed in accordance with your selection.

The only date format that will not change is the date in the User ID line, as shown below:

admin ( System Administrator ),	Jan 8, 2018 11:24:10 (GMT -10:00)
	Log Out



You can select **Use Browser Timezone for Exporting Events**, based on your preference.



nShield Monitor keeps track of things such as table column sort order, which sections of a page are collapsed/expanded, chart settings, and so on, as part of your **GUI Persistence Profile**.

To restore **Custom Date/Time Format** settings to the default, select the **admin's GUI Persis tence Profile** tab, and then the **Reset to GUI Default** option.

# 5.3.1. Changing your password and email and set the auto-logout duration

1. Click on the <user name> on the upper right hand corner of main screen (for example, click on **admin**).



The Edit Profile window displays:

2. To change the password:

Enter the old password in the **Change Password** field. As you type, the system will prompt.

As prompted, enter the new password once, and then again, to confirm.

3. To change your email:

Enter the new email in the **Email** field.

4. The Auto-Logout Duration is set to 60 seconds by default.

Use the slide to adjust this setting.

5. Select Save User.

## 5.3.2. Formatting the admin date and time

1. Select the Custom Date/Time Format drop down arrow.

admin's Date/Time Formatting :
Custom Date/Time Format :           None (default)
yyyy-MM-ddTHH:mm:ss.sss'Z'
(Example: )
Use Browser Timezone for Exporting Events
Save Date Format setting

The drop down menu opens.

- 2. Select your preferred format.
- 3. Select **Use Browser Timezone for Exporting Events** to export logs/alarms using the same Date/Time format as that displayed on the web page.

Date/Time on all web pages display in the format configured in the User Profile.

By default, exported logs/alarms show Date/Time in GMT format.

4. Select Save Date Format setting.

## 5.3.3. Resetting the admin GUI persistence profile

nShield Monitor keeps track of things like table column sort order, which sections of a page are collapsed/expanded, and chart settings, and so on.

nShield Monitor also provides you with the means to reset Custom Date/Time Format settings for your profile.



Selecting the **Reset to Factory Default** option **does not** affect nShield Monitor Configuration settings, but it does reset **Custom Date/Time Format settings** in your profile.

To return to the default for the **Date/Time format**:

• Select Reset to GUI Default.

A confirmation message appears.

For more information, see Managed entities.

## 5.4. Configuration tab tasks

The nShield Monitor main menu page contains a **Configuration** tab. This tab provides quick links to individual pages. The following sections provide a brief discussion of actions available via the quick links.



For display purposes, the parameters displayed in this section are those found on the **Configuration** tab for the **Administrator user type**.

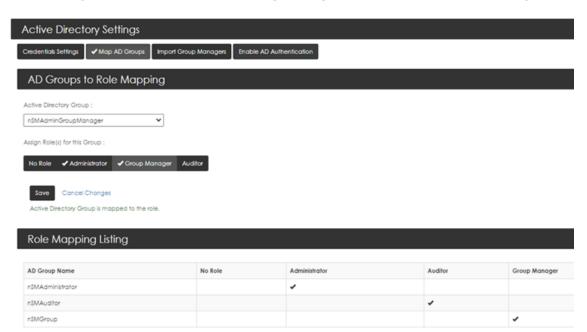
## 5.4.1. Active Directory authentication

Set up Active Directory authentication by mapping Active Directory groups to nShield Mon itor roles.

To map Active Directory groups:

- 1. Sign in to nShield Monitor as an administrator.
- 2. Navigate to Configuration > Active Directory > Map AD Groups.
- 3. Select the **Active Directory Group** from the drop-down list and assign the appropriate role to it. (See the following table.)
- 4. Save your changes.

The mappings appear in the Role Mapping Listing table at the bottom of the page.



Default Active Directory group to nShield Monitor role mappings:

AD group	nSM role
nSMAdministrator	Administrator
nSMGroup	Group Manager

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AD group	nSM role
nSMAuditor	Auditor

All nShield Monitor users are members of the nSMUsers group.

A typical nShield Monitor Active Directory user group structure:

## 🗅 nSMGroups

nSMAdministrator (Administrator)
 nSMGroup (Group manager)
 nSMAuditor (Auditor)
 nSMUsers (All users)

For example:

- Forest name: ldapnsm.com
- Organizational Unit:

An OU for each of the two parent folders, **nSMUsers** and **nSMGroups**.

- ° OU=NSMUsers,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com
- ° OU=NSMGroups,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com
- Security Group Global:

A Security Group for each of the three default nSM Active Directory groups.

- CN=NSMAuditor,OU=NSMGroups,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com
- CN=NSMAdministrator,OU=NSMGroups,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com
- ° CN=NSMGroup,OU=NSMGroups,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com
- Users:
  - CN=nsmauditoruser1,OU=NSMUsers,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com (This user should belong to nSMAuditor.)
  - CN=nsmadminuser,OU=NSMUsers,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com (This user should belong to nSMAdministrator.)
  - CN=nsmgroupmanager,OU=NSMUsers,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com (This user should belong to nSMGroup.)
  - CN=nsmcommonuser1,OU=NSMUsers,DC=ldapnsm,DC=com (This user should belong to nSMAdministrator and nSMGroup.)

Notes on Active Directory configuration:

- Autologout is set to five minutes for Active Directory users. You cannot modify this set ting.
- The content of the mail field of Active Directory user profiles must be populated. If this
  field is blank when a user is imported from Active Directory to nShield Monitor, the user
  will not be able to sign in to nShield Monitor with their Active Directory credentials.
  nShield Monitor does not use the field.
- If you create a new user in the nSMUsers hierarchy in Active Directory, the user must sign in to the Active Directory domain before they can use their Active Directory credentials in nShield Monitor.
- When Active Directory authentication is enabled in nShield Monitor, you must use Active Directory for all user management:
  - nShield Monitor-generated credentials (credentials not generated in Active Directory) cannot be used.
  - ° User creation and user editing is disabled in nShield Monitor.
  - Passwords cannot be updated from nShield Monitor. Passwords must be updated in Active Directory. The Forget password link is disabled in the nShield Monitor UI.

### 5.4.1.1. Configuring Credentials for Active Directory

To configure credentials for Active Directory:

- 1. Login as Administrator.
- 2. Navigate to: Configuration > Active Directory > Credentials Settings.
- 3. On the **Credentials settings** tab, enter the following details:

Host or IP	The hostname or IP address of the AD server.						
Port	The port on the AD server. Typically, port 389 is used for LDAP connections, and port 636 is used for secure LDAP.						
Base DN	The point from where a server will search for users. For exam ple: <i>dc=ivqq,dc=com</i> .						
Username	The AD Administrator Bind DN. This enables the LDAP con- nection to gain access into the Active Directory. For exam- ple: <i>nSMserv</i> .						
Password	The credentials to use with AD Administrator Bind DN.						
AD Domain Name	The name of the AD domain. For example: <i>ivqq.com</i> .						

4. If a secure LDAP connection is required:

- a. Select Use Secure LDAP.
- b. Ensure that a secure **Port** is selected. Typically, for secure LDAP connections, port 636 is used.
- c. Under **Choose certificate file**, click **Choose file** and select the required certificate file.

Alternatively, paste the certificate text (in PEM format) into the window below the button. A valid AD Server Certificate starts with -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- and ends with -----END CERTIFICATE-----.

d. Under Choose key file, click Choose file and select the required key file.

Alternatively, paste the key (in PEM format) into the window below the button. A valid AD Server Key starts with -----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY----- and ends with -----END PRIVATE KEY-----.

#### 5. Select Save.

A confirmation message appears.

#### 5.4.1.2. Enable Active Directory authentication

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Active Directory > Enable AD Authentication.
- 2. Select Use AD for Authentication, then select Save.
- 3. Confirm the change.

The nShield Monitor UI restarts and Active Directory credentials can now be used for authentication.

#### 5.4.1.3. Disable Active Directory authentication

To switch back to nShield Monitor's own authentication scheme:

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Active Directory > Enable AD Authentication.
- 2. Clear Use AD for Authentication, then select Save.
- 3. Confirm the change.

The nShield Monitor UI restarts and Active Directory credentials cannot be used for authentication. The nShield Monitor user management scheme is restored, including the ability to create, update, or delete users in nShield Monitor.

## 5.4.2. Date/Time

Navigate to: Configuration > Date/Time.

The Date/Time Settings window opens.

#### 5.4.2.1. Date/Time - NTP Disabled

Most operating systems, including Windows, OS X, Linux, have an option to automatically synchronize the system clock periodically using a network time protocol (NTP) server. With nShield Monitor, you can toggle this option between disabled (off) and enabled (on).

This allows either manual configuration or setting up an NTP server to adjust time as needed.

- 1. Select NTP Disabled.
- 2. Enter data appropriately and select your Time Zone from the drop down menu.



The default Time Zone on nShield Monitor is GMT. Change it appropriately to match your organization's Time Zone.

3. Select Save.

#### 5.4.2.2. Date/Time - NTP Enabled



Changing date, time, or NTP options will reboot nShield Monitor.

If NTP is enabled, you must indicate the NTP server that you want to use in the **NTP Server Address** field.

You can enter multiple servers, as long as you separate them using commas.

- 1. Select NTP Enabled.
- 2. Enter the NTP Server Addresses (separated by commas).
- 3. Select the Time Zone drop down arrow to open your selections.



When NTP is enabled, the time and date field are already populated. You are not able to change them.

The default setting is: GMT Greenwich Mean Time.

4. Select your time zone.

The system prompts for confirmation:



Changing date, time or NTP options will reboot nShield Monitor.

1. Select Save.

## 5.4.3. Events

nShield Monitor provides the capability for event notification via:

- Syslog
- SNMP and SNMP trap receiver
- Email
  - A

nShield Monitor can support up to 5 Syslog/SNMP servers at a time.

Navigate to: Configuration > Events.

The Event Management page opens.

Event Management									
✓Syslog SNMP Email									
Add Syslog Server Delete Server(s)									
Host or IP					Port				
Notification Policy: Ren	note	Syslog							
Policy Category	Info	Notification	Warning	Error	Critical	Alert	Emergency		
Monitor-Specific Security Events									
Device-Group Specific Events									
Monitor-Specific General Events									
Save Settings									

#### 5.4.3.1. Adding a syslog server

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > Syslog.
- 2. Click Add Syslog Server.
- 3. Enter the **Host or IP** of the syslog server.
- 4. Enter the **Port** number.
- 5. Click Save new Server.
- 6. Once the Syslog Server is configured, select the policy category and severity combina tion that you would like reported to the Syslog Server.

#### 7. Select Save Settings.

#### 5.4.3.2. Deleting a syslog server

1. Select the check box next to the HP or IP address of the Syslog server to be deleted.

The **Delete Server(s)** tab activates.

2. Select Delete Server(s).

A confirmation page opens.

3. Select Confirm Delete.

#### 5.4.3.3. Download MIBs

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > SNMP.
- 2. Select Download MIBs.

The system prompts with the option to **Open**, **Save**, or **Cancel**.

3. Select your preference.

#### 5.4.3.4. Support for nCSNMP traps

The nShield Monitor user interface provides event notifications for supported nCipher SNMP (nCSNMP) traps on the **Dashboard**, **Logs**, and **Alarms** pages.

- Policies can be set about the notification level, for example warning or emergency, for SNMP traps in general. These policies are managed by Administrators, Assign Notification Policies for SNMP.
- Group Managers can associate these notification policies with device groups and trap groups:
  - <sup>°</sup> Assign SNMP Notification Policies for Groups.
  - Assign SNMP Notification Policies for Trap Groups.

The following SNMP traps are supported:

Trap ID	Name	Severity	Trigger Event
hardserverAlert	Hard Server Failure	ERROR	The nShield host-side mod- ule control software failed

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Trap ID	Name	Severity	Trigger Event
hardserverUnAlert	Hard Server Restart	NOTIFICATION	The nShield host-side mod- ule control software restarted after a previous fail ure event.
moduleAlert	Module Failure	ERROR	The nShield hardware failed.
moduleUnAlert	Module Restart	NOTIFICATION	The nShield hardware restarted after a previous fail ure event.
psuAlert	PSU Failure	ERROR	The power supply to an nShield Connect failed.
psuUnAlert	PSU Restart	NOTIFICATION	The power supply to an nShield Connect is now oper ational, after a previous fail- ure event.
fanfailureAlert	Fan Failure	ERROR	The speed of an individual fan on the nShield Connect is zero.
fanfailureUnAlert	Fan Restart	NOTIFICATION	Fan speed is now non-zero, after a previous failure event.
memoryUsageHighAlert	Memory Usage High	ERROR	The HSM memory usage high threshold has been reached.
memoryUsageOkAlert	Memory Usage Normal	NOTIFICATION	The memory usage is below the HSM memory usage ok threshold.

#### 5.4.3.4.1. Assign Notification Policies for SNMP

- 1. Sign in as Administrator.
- 2. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > SNMP.
- 3. Select your preferences for the Policy Categories.

Policy Category	Info	Notification	Warning	Error	Critical	Alert	Emergency
Monitor- Specific Security Events							
Device-Group Specific Events							
Monitor- Specific General Events							

4. Select Save Settings.

## 5.4.3.4.2. Assign SNMP Trap Settings

Ð

The settings need to match the SNMP trap settings on the devices.

- 1. Log in as Administrator.
- 2. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > SNMP.
- 3. Select the SNMP TRAP Enabled box. The SNMP Trap Setting page opens.

SNMP TRAP Receiver v2/v3 Credentials Settings
SNMP TRAP Enabled: 🗹 Username :
Please enter a valid SNMP TRAP user name, Mininum 6 and maximum 32 characters, no special characters are allowed.
Authentication Algorithm :
Authentication Password :
Privacy Algorithm :
Privacy Password :
Save SNMP Trap Settings Delete SNMP Trap Settings

- 4. Populate the following data fields: Username, Authentication Password, and Privacy Password.
- 5. Select your Authentication Algorithm from the list.
- 6. Select your Privacy Algorithm from the list.



Client Hosts only support AES.

- By default, SNMP traps are supported only for SNMP v3. Therefore, option SNMPv2 Enabled is not enabled by default.
- 8. Select Save SNMP Trap Settings.

#### 5.4.3.4.3. Configure SNMPv3 traps on the SNMP daemon

trapsess [SNMPCMD\_ARGS] HOST defines the configuration for a trap. This is the only way to define SNMPv3traps. SNMPCMD\_ARGS are arguments that would be used for an equivalent snmptrap command. For example to send a SNMPv3trap as USM user user1 with authentica tion and encryption, use -v3 -u user1 -1 priv. For example:

trapsess -v3 -u user1 -l authpriv IP-address:port

To configure SNMPv3 traps on the SNMP daemon:

- 1. Navigate to the snmp folder:
  - a. Linux: /opt/nfast/etc/snmp
  - b. Windows: c:\program files\nCipher\nfast\etc\snmp
- 2. Stop the SNMP daemon:
  - a. Linux: run /opt/nfast/scripts/init.d/ncsnmpd stop
  - b. Windows: via Services, the name of the service is nCipher SNMP Agent
- 3. Add the trapsess to the snmpd.conf file. Replace <userRW>, <userRO>, <trapreceiverIP>, and port with your values.

```
trapsess -v3 -u <userRW> -l authpriv <trapreceiverIP>:<port>
trapsess -v3 -u <userRO> -l authNopriv <trapreceiverIP>:<port>
```

- 1. Restart the SNMP server:
  - a. Linux: /opt/nfast/scripts/init.d/ncsnmpd start
  - b. Windows: via Services, the name of the service is nCipher SNMP Agent

#### 5.4.3.4.4. Delete SNMP Trap Credentials Settings

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > SNMP > SNMP Trap Receiver v2/v3 Credentials Settings.
- 2. Select Delete SNMP Trap Credentials Settings.

The system response confirms the deletion.

#### 5.4.3.4.5. Add SNMP Trapsink

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > SNMP > Add SNMP Trapsink.

Two options are displayed, one for SNMP V2, and one for SNMP V3. By default, **SNMP V2** is selected, and the SNMP V2 settings are shown. To load the SNMP V3 settings, select **SNMP V3**.

2. Configure the Trapsink:

For **SNMP V2**: Enter the Host or IP address of the SNMP device, the port number (default: 162), and the community.

For SNMP V3: Enter all properties.

3. Select Save new Trapsink.

#### 5.4.3.4.6. Delete the SNMP trap

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > SNMP
- 2. Select Delete Trapsink(s).
- 3. Select the appropriate SNMP trap to delete.
- 4. Select Save Settings.

## 5.4.3.5. Request email notification

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Events > Email.
- 2. Select Email Notification Enabled.
- 3. Select the Policy Category and severity combination.
- 4. Select Save Settings.

## 5.4.4. Groups

Groups can be added, deleted, and sorted.

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Groups.

The Group Management page opens.

Gro	Group Management				
Add N	Add New Group Delete Group (s)				
م	Q Search: Add				
	Group Name	Description	Status		
	Group 1	Unit test Group 1	Managed by user. Devices enrolled.		
	Group 2	This is Group 2	Managed by user. Devices enrolled.		
	Group 3	This is Group 3	Managed by user. Devices enrolled.		
	Group 6		Managed by user. Devices enrolled.		

#### 5.4.4.1. Add a new group

1. Select Add New Group.

The Group Setup window opens.

- 2. Enter a New Group Name and optionally, a description.
- 3. Select Create Group.

## 5.4.4.2. Delete groups

You can only delete a group if its status is **empty**. That is:

- the group is not managed by another user
- the group does not contain any enrolled devices
- there are no scheduled reports associated with this group.

## 5.4.5. License

From the License tab, users can:

- · View general license data including license count
- Add licenses
- Install licenses
  - 1. Navigate to: Configuration > License.

#### The System License page opens.

System License				
Serial Number:		Tk iq 7y 1P n7 5Y 9x 8X-kc 9M LX O9 Zz yD Ly Fb		
Total Licensed Device Count:		8		
Used Licensed Device Count:		8 nShields		
Unused Licensed Device Count:		0		
Current License(s)				
License Type	Max No. of Devices		Remaining Days	
evaluation	luation 8		29	

## 5.4.5.1. Add a license

1. Select Choose File.

The file browser window opens.

- 2. Navigate to the file location and select the file.
- 3. Select Install License.

## 5.4.5.2. License warning banner

When the number of enrolled devices exceeds the maximum number of managed devices, a warning banner displays on the top of the web page.

The highlighted message instructs you to reduce the number of managed devices.

## 5.4.6. Mail host

From here you can configure your nShield Monitor's outgoing email address (that is, your "from" address) and you can send a test email.



A mail host may be required in order to enable email.

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Mail Host.

The Email and Messaging page opens.

- 2. Enter your Mail Host.
- 3. Enter your Email sender address.
- 4. Select **Save**.
- 5. Enter your Email ID for Sending Test Email.
- 6. Select Send Test e-mail.
- 7. Locate the test email in your email In-box.

## 5.4.7. Network

The base network configuration including IP address, subnet mask and default gateway can all be changed via the **Network Settings** page.



Changing any one of these settings requires that you close your browser and reconnect approximately 15 seconds **after you save** the new settings. If you change the IP address, you will have to redirect your web browser to the new IP address or host name.

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Network.

The Network Settings page opens.

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Network Settings	
✓DHCP Static	
IP Address :	Domain (optional) :
10.3.202.202	ncipher.com
Subnet Mask:	Primary DNS (optional) :
255.255.0.0	10.3.110.104
Gateway:	Secondary DNS (optional) :
10.3.30.254	
Hostname:	
nshield-only	
Save Cancel Changes	

- 2. Select your preference:
  - a. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IP addressing or
  - b. Static IP addressing
- 3. Select **Save**.

## 5.4.8. Reboot

Users with System Administrator privileges are able to reboot the nShield Monitor virtual appliance.

1. Navigate to: **Configuration** > **Reboot**.

The System Reboot page opens.

2. Select **Reboot Now**.

The system prompts for confirmation prior to initiating the reboot.

3. Select Yes, reboot now to continue the process.

## 5.4.9. Security

1. Navigate to: **Configuration** > **Security**.

The **Security** page opens.

Master key				
Master key is currently loaded.				
Destroy Master key				
SSL Certificate				
✓ View Certificate Generate Self-Signed	d Certificate Generate C	ertificate Request	Install Signed Certificate	
Issued By				
		-		
Country :				
State :				
City :				
Company/Organization :				
Department :				
Common Name :				
Email :				
Issued To				
Country :				
State :				
City :				
Company/Organization :				
Department :				
Common Name :				1
Email :				
Valid From :				
Valid To :				
User Interface SSL/TLS Opt	ions			
Denied Protocols:			Change	Pending Approval:
SSL V2			SSL v2	
SSL V3			SSL V3	
TLS ∨1     TLS ∨1.1			TLS V1.1	
TLS V1.2			TLS V1.1	
				_
Save Options			Cancel Ch	ange



For users whose credentials were imported from Active Directory, **Configuration > Security** shows their own credentials in and for nShield Monitor. Changes made to passwords in nShield Monitor are not ported back automatically to the Active Directory server.



Users who are Active Directory administrators have no access or visibility to the credentials of other Active Directory users through this dialog.

## 5.4.9.1. Master key

The master key consists of an AES256 wrapping key and an HMAC-SHA-512 hash key that is used as the root of protection.

The master key is derived by using the two passphrases using PBKDF2, that are input during

the wizard configuration after the first boot and after every reboot.

The master key is never stored in persistent storage.

Two passphrases are required for generation of the key. Enter be entering each passphrase twice.



Please note to record each passphrase in a secure location as they are required to be reentered when nShield Monitor is rebooted.

## To destroy a Master Key:



The Master Key can only be destroyed if all of the enrolled devices have been deleted.

- 1. Select Destroy Master Key.
- 2. Select Yes, destroy it.



Please note that destroying the master key stops all device monitoring and renders all device credentials invalid. The system must be reset after this operation.

To generate a new master key, enter the two passphrases as before.

## 5.4.9.2. View the SSL certificate

By viewing the current SSL certificate, the administrator can determine what type of certificate is currently installed in the system.

By default, the system installs a self-signed SSL certificate with fixed values for common name, country state, city, and so on.

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SSL Certificate					
✓View Certificate Generate Self	If-Signed Certificate Generate Certificate Request				
Install Signed Certificate	nstall Signed Certificate				
Issued By					
Country :	US				
State :	CA				
City :					
Company/Organization :					
Department :					
Common Name :					
Email :					
Issued To					
Country :	US				
State :	CA				
City :					
Company/Organization :					
Department :					
Common Name :					
Email :					
Valid From :					
Valid To :					



As a best practice, it is recommended that at least a new self-signed cer tificate be generated using the appropriate values. The default SSL certificate is valid for 30 days.

## 5.4.9.3. Generate a self-signed certificate

With a self-signed certificate, you can customize certificate information by entering information that applies to your nShield Monitor deployment.

- 1. Select Generate Self-Signed Certificate.
- 2. Enter the requested data to complete each field.



The default value for the field **Certificate Validity in Days** is 730 (2 years).

## 3. Select Generate Certificate.

This action requires the web services to restart so the new certificate can take effect.

4. Re-login into the WebUI.

The following message displays:

Self-Signed Certificate successfully created. System is restarting the web service, please log in again.

## 5.4.9.4. Generate SSL certificate request

When a certificate must be signed by an organization's own Certificate Authority (CA) or a third party trusted CA, you must generate a certificate signing request.



The only difference between the fields in a self-signed certificate and a certificate signing request are the number of days of validity which will be determined by the signing CA.

- 1. Select Generate Certificate Request.
- 2. Enter the requested data to complete each field.
- 3. Select Generate Certificate Request.

The system prompts you to save a file that you will provide to your PKI team or third party CA provider to sign and return.



Private keys are not exported as part of the signing request.

## 5.4.9.5. Install Signed SSL Certificate

Once your PKI team or third party CA provider returns your signed certificate, you will need to install it in one of two fashions.



It is recommended that you ensure that the returned signed certificate includes the full chain of signers (that is, nShield Monitor certificate, signing CA, root CA).

The chain should consist of at least two certificates: \* nShield Monitor certificate \* Signing CA certificate.

The chain can have as many as seven certificates, including: \* nShield Monitor certificate \* Signing intermediate CA \* Intermediate CAs between signing CA and the root CA.



If you receive the file via email be sure to save it to a location where you can find it.

- 1. Select Install Signed Certificate.
- 2. Select **Choose file** and browse to locate the file that contains the signed certificate and the associated signing chain.
- 3. Open the file and include the contents in the window.
- 4. Select Install Certificate. The signed certificate is installed.
- 5. Close your browser session (logout and close the tab) in order to connect using the new certificate.



You will be prompted to login again when you do so.

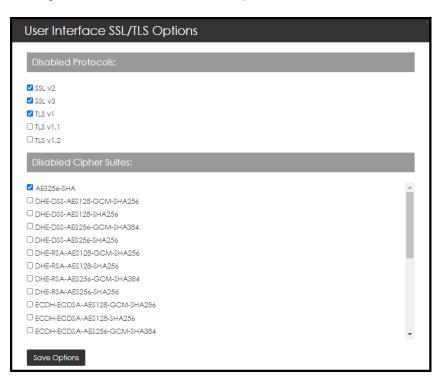
## 5.4.9.6. User interface SSL/TLS options

On this page, you can configure which protocols and cipher mechanisms nShield Monitor accepts.



This feature requires a quorum approval from a second administrator before changes made by the first administrator can be applied.

- By default, SSL v2 & v3, and TLS v1 protocols are disabled.
- By default, the AES256-SHA cipher suite is disabled.



To change which protocols and cipher mechanisms are allowed:

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Security.

- 2. Select the protocols that the GUI server should deny.
- 3. Select Save Options.

This generates a warning that lists the protocol option changes that require approval.



There are protections that make sure at least one option is left unchecked (which means unblocked).

- 4. When a quorum approval is pending, one of three actions can happen next:
  - a. The first administrator can cancel the quorum request by selecting **Cancel Change** and the system remains unchanged.
  - b. The second administrator can deny the change by selecting Reject Change. This generates a log message indicating that a change was denied.
  - c. The second administrator can approve the change by electing Approve Change. This generates a log message indicating that a change was approved, and the GUI server is restarted.
- 5. A restart is required for the new settings to take effect.



This is not a reboot, only a restart of the GUI server. However, any users that are logged on are sent back to the login page. They will need to log back in to the system.

## 5.4.9.7. Password settings

1. Navigate to: **Configuration** > **Security**.

You may need to scroll down.

- 2. Set the parameters based on your organization's security policy.
- 3. Select Save Password Settings.

## 5.4.10. Upgrade

nShield Monitor has the capability to be upgraded via a file provided by Entrust.



We recommend taking a backup before upgrading, see nShield Monitor Backup and Restore.

## 5.4.10.1. Upgrade from 1.1.X



The same firmware upgrade file works for all your nShield Monitor appli-

#### Chapter 5. Configuration Logged in as Administrator

ances. Additionally, the upgrade requires a password, or upgrade key.

The process to obtain an upgrade file for your virtual appliance follows.

1. Send an email to Entrust nShield Support, https://nshieldsupport.entrust.com, and request an upgrade.

Support forwards a firmware upgrade file (with a .cmf file extension) along with the upgrade key password.

- 2. Save the .cmf file to a convenient location. You are now ready to apply the upgrade.
- 3. Navigate to:

## **Configuration > Upgrade**

The Upgrade System page opens:

Upgrade System				
Choose file to upload : Select file for upload				
Upgrade Key :	Upgrade Key :			
Automatically reboot after upgrade : 🗆				
Upload and Perform Upgrade Start Over				
Version History				
This version of nShield Monitor is 2.5.4 (0029).				
From Version	To Version	Upgrade date/time		
2.5.4.0022	2.5.4.0029	Fri Dec 07 2018 09:46:41 GMT-0800 (PST)		

- 4. Click Select file for upload.
- 5. Navigate to the upgrade file.
- 6. Select, and open the upgrade file that you just saved.
- 7. Enter the password, provided by Support, under Upgrade Key.



At this point, you can choose to have the system automatically reboot when the upgrade is complete by selecting **Automatically reboot after upgrade**. Otherwise, you will need to manually trigger a reboot once the upgrade process has completed. Either way, the system must be rebooted to complete the upgrade process.

8. Select Automatically reboot after upgrade.



If **Automatically reboot after upgrade** is not selected, you will need to manually trigger a reboot once the upgrade process has completed.

9. Select Upload and Perform Upgrade.

The system displays progress meters to indicate the status.



Please do not navigate away from the **Upload** page during the upload process. Should you navigate away, the upgrade automatically cancels.

If the system does not automatically reboot, select **Reboot Now** button and then confirm the action with a second click.

When the process completes, the system will either reboot automatically or you will need to select **Reboot Now** button and then confirm the action with a second click.



After the system reboots, the new software version is displayed on the **Dashboard** page, in the nShield Monitor Status window.

## 5.4.11. Creating users



nShield Monitor can support up to 64 users.



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A user with no role is not allowed to login.

After three failed login attempts, the account is locked

To unlock an account, select **Forgot your Password** on the login page, enter your username, and then select **Request New Password**. An email containing a reset link will be sent to the email address associated with the username. The link will prompt the user to change the password before accessing their account.



The reset link expires after 15 minutes.

1. Navigate to: **Configuration** > **Users**.

The Manage Users page opens.

	nage l	JSE <b>rs</b> Delete User(s)				
۹	Search	ć				Add
	▲ Login ID	Full Name	Email	Password Expiration	Auto Logout	Assigned Roles
	admin	Default System Administrator	admi	Never	1 hours	System Administrator
	admin 1		admi	Never	5 minutes	System Administrator
	admin2		admi	Never	5 minutes	System Administrator
	auditor		a®a	30 days	30 minutes	System Auditor
	group		a®a	Never	1 hours	Group Manager

- 2. Select Create User.
- 3. Complete the open fields appropriately.



When creating a user with the Group Manager role, available groups must be assigned to the user.



At least **one group must be assigned** to all users assigned a Group Manager role.

4. After you have made your selections, select Create User.

This will send a reset link to the email address associated with the username. The link will prompt the user to change the password before accessing their account. The reset link expires after 60 minutes.

=== Editing users

5. Navigate to: Configuration > Users.

The Manage Users page opens.

6. Select the Login ID associated with the user to edit. The **Edit this user** page opens.

When you are updating a user with the Group Manager role, available groups must be assigned to the user.



At least **one group must be assigned** to all users assigned a Group Manager role.

7. Under **Assign Roles for this User**, select the role to associate with the user, then select **Save User**.

## 5.4.12. Deleting users

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Users.

The Manage Users page opens.



Only those users who have no role assigned can be deleted.

- 2. Select the Login ID associated with the user to be deleted. The **Edit this user** page opens.
- 3. Under Assign Roles for this User, select No Role.
- 4. Select Save User.

The Manage Users page opens.

- 5. Select the box associated with the user.
- 6. Select Delete User(s).

The system prompts requesting a confirmation of the deletion.

7. Confirm the deletion.

# 6. Configuration Logged in as Group Manager

## 6.1. Overview

The Group Manager role is responsible for:

- The configuration of devices that are to be monitored.
- The day to day monitoring of health and statistics down to an individual HSM device level.

Group Managers are able to enroll devices, set group alarm thresholds, and configure group event notifications via email.

# 6.2. Edit Profile page

Both the Administrator and the Group Manager are able to edit their own profiles.

The **Edit Profile** page is accessed by selecting your User ID located in the top right corner of the page.



From this page, you can perform the following actions:

- Add a description
- Update the email address
- Change the password
- Set the auto-log duration
- Select a custom date format.



When selecting a custom date format, you can also select: **Use Browser Timezone for Exporting Events**.

When you select a custom date format, the chosen format is associated with your user ID giving each user the option of selecting their preferred format. Once the format has been selected, it is consistently displayed in accordance with your selection.

The only date format that will not change is the date in the User ID line, as shown below:



• Reset the GUI Persistence Profile.

# 6.3. Managed entities

Logged on as a Group Manager, the **Configuration** tab displays the following:



## 6.3.1. Enrolling devices/entities



To enroll a device/entity, you must be logged on as a Group Manager. For enrolling a device you must configure SNMPV3 on the device with an authentication algorithm and a privacy algorithm, and use the same during device enrollment.

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Managed Entities.

The Manage Entity Settings page opens.

2. Select Enroll Managed Entities

The Entity Enrollment options are displayed.

You can choose to enroll an entity one at a time or you can use a Batch file. The default is set to enroll a Single Entity.

- 3. Select the required Managed Entity Type from the drop down menu.
- 4. Enter Device Details, SNMP Details, and Group Membership details.

Entity Enrollment	
✓Single Entity Batch	
Device Details :	SNMP Details :
Managed Entity Type :	Username :
Client Host V	
Hostname/IP Address :	Port :
	161
Name (optional) :	Authentication Algorithm :
	SHA 🗸
Description (optional) :	Authentication Password :
Location (optional) :	Privacy Algorithm : (Client hosts only support AES)
	AES 🗸
Stats Timeout :	Privacy Password :
60	
Admin Timeout :	
5	
Group Membership :	
Member of	Available Groups
Filter groups:	Filter groups:
	Managed Groups



Both the **Authentication Algorithm** and the **Privacy Algorithm** require a selection from a drop down.

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**Client hosts** only support AES Privacy Algorithms.

- 5. Click **Enroll Device** to complete the enrollment process:
- 6. Select **Yes, test connection** to test the connection.
  - ° If you would like to skip the test, select **No, skip Test**.
  - ° If you would like to cancel the data that you just entered, select **Cancel Changes**.
  - If you choose to test your connection and the test is successful are returned to the Managed Entities page.



If you test the connection and the test is not successful, you will receive an error message. Correct the error condition and re-enter the device information.

**ATTENTION:** Devices/entities can be assigned to multiple groups.

- A device/entity can be assigned to groups not associated with the current manager role; however, this is a one way function.
- In order to make changes or delete a device/entity in a group, the user must be a Group Manager for that group.
- A device/entity can be associated into multiple groups during enrollment.
- The same device/entity can be associated to more groups by editing the device.

**ATTENTION:** All HSMs being monitored must be configured to support SNMPv3 with nShield Monitor.

## 6.3.2. Option: Enrolling using a batch file

1. From the Entity Enrollment page, select Batch.

The Entity Enrollment page opens.



To see a sample batch file, select **Download Sample Batch Enroll File**.

- 2. Select either Choose File or Download Sample Batch Enroll File.
  - Enrolling multiple devices at one time requires a comma separated variable (CSV) file containing all the device information and SNMP information.
  - You can create a file without passwords, but you will need to still leave a space where the passwords would go in the file.

Devices can be assigned to multiple groups. A device can be assigned to groups not associated with the current manager role; however, this is a one way function. In order to make changes or delete a device in a group, the user must be the Group Manager. A device can be associated into multiple groups during enrollment. The same device can be associated to more groups by editing the device.

## **Device/Entity Batch Entry CSV Fields**

#### Chapter 6. Configuration Logged in as Group Manager

CSV File Field Name	Notes
Group Name	Required (string) [multiple groups in square brackets]
Device Host name	Optional if IP address present (string)
Device IP address	Optional if hostname present (IPv4 address - 123.45.67.89)
Device Name	Optional (string)
Description	Optional (string)
Location	Optional (string - cannot use commas to separate city from state)
SNMP User Name	Required (string)
SNMP Authentication Algorithm	Required (one of [MD5 SHA])
SNMP Authentication Password	Required (string)
SNMP Privacy Algorithm	Required (one of [DES AES 3DES AES-192 AES-256])
SNMP Privacy Password	Required (string)
SNMP Port	Optional (string) default is 161
Device type	Optional (string)
Admin Timeout	Optional (string)
Stats Timeout	Optional (string)

- Each entity must be listed in a single row and all fields must be separated by commas.
- For the optional fields, if you do not want to specify a value, leave the field blank.
   Both blank lines and comment lines are ignored.
- Example with all fields specified:

```
Group1, Device1, 192.168.18.101, Device 1, Device description 1,Location 1,User1,SHA,authpassword1,DES,privacypassword1
```

<sup>°</sup> Example with optional fields not specified - Note that those field are left empty:

Group2,,192.168.18.102,Device 2, , ,User2,SHA,authpassword2,DES,privacypassword2

° Example with optional fields not specified - Note that those field are left empty:

Group2,,192.168.18.102,Device 2, , ,User2,SHA,authpassword2,DES,privacypassword2

- 3. After loading the batch file, select Enroll Devices.
- 4. Select Yes, test connection to test the connection.
  - ° If you would like to skip the test, select No, skip Test.
  - ° If you would like to cancel the data that you just entered, select **Cancel Changes**.
  - If you choose to test your connection and the test is successful, you are returned to the **Device Listing** page.



If you test the connection and the test is not successful, you will receive an error message. Correct the error condition and re-enter the device information.

## 6.3.2.1. Deleting enrolled devices



You can only delete devices from groups that you have been assigned the manager role. When a device is associated with multiple groups, deleting a device from a group removes the association of the device **from that group only**. The device **does not get deleted from other groups** that it is associated with. A device gets deleted from nShield Monitor only when it does not have any association with any other group.

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Managed Entities.
- 2. Select the check box next to the device to be deleted.



Selecting the check box at the header level automatically selects all the devices in the Group.

3. Select **Delete <device>**.

#### 6.3.2.2. Editing enrolled devices

1. Single click on <device name> of the device to be edited.

#### The Edit Device Details page opens.



The **Group Membership** window displays two assignments: **Member of** and **Available Group**. You are able to toggle membership between the two.

- 2. Enter the changes/make your selections.
- 3. Select Save Changes.

## 6.3.2.3. Starting and stopping device monitoring

1. Navigate to: **Configuration > Managed Entities**.

The Managed Entity Setting page opens.

2. Select the box associated with the device to have monitoring started/stopped.

▲ Name	IP Address	Monitoring	Description	Location
Faisal SW2 CH1	192.168.18.32	ENABLED		
Faisal SW2 CH2	192.168.17.141	UNREACHABLE		

New action buttons appear:

Enroll Managed Entities	Stop Monitoring Client Hosts	Delete Client Hosts



The Start Monitoring <device> is a toggle with Stop Monitoring <device>. When the device is being monitored, the **Stop Monitor** option is available. When the device is not being monitored, the **Start Monitor** option is available.



All selected devices must be either **enrolled** or **unenrolled** for the button to be enabled.

3. Select <Stop><Start> Monitoring <device/entity>.

## 6.4. Group Alarm Thresholds

The Group Manager role can view and set alarm thresholds.



1. Navigate to: **Configuration > Group Alarm Thresholds**.

The Group Alarm Thresholds page opens:

#### Chapter 6. Configuration Logged in as Group Manager

Filter Gro	oups						
Group Name	nShield Warning Level	nShield Critical Level	nShield Peak Level	nShield Peak Duration	nShield Object Count Warning Level	nShield Object Count Critical Level	nShield High Object Count Duration
nShield	40	67	39	15 minutes	640	7500	15 minutes

- 2. Select the Group that you would like to set.
- 3. Use the slide bars to set the thresholds.
- 4. Set the values in the **nShield High Object Count** fields based on your preferences.
- 5. Select Save Thresholds.

Alarms must be enabled to receive alerts, and must be programmed for each group you wish to see alerts for.

Utilization overload thresholds have two levels:

- The first level is a Warning Threshold used to generate a Warning Severity Event.
- The second level is Critical Threshold used to detect a Critical Severity Event.

When the group utilization overload alarm is enabled, and both thresholds are configured:

- Every 10 minutes the alert detection will compute the previous 10-minute nShield utilization for each device in the group.
- If the utilization is over the Critical Threshold, a critical event is generated.
- If the utilization is less than the Critical Threshold, but over the Warning Threshold, a warning event is generated.
- Otherwise, there is no alert event.

The Utilization Peak Event provides a warning level threshold if the utilization peaked above a selected percentage during a pre-configured amount of time in minutes.

Both sets of alerts are disabled by default.

## 6.5. Group Event Notification

The group manager role has the capability to view and set group event notification via email.

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Group Event Notification.

Group Event Notification								
Filter Groups								
Group Name	Email Enabled	Info	Notification	Warning	Error	Critical	Alert	Emergency
Group 1								
Group 2								
Group 3								

2. Select the Group for notification.

The Notification Warning message displays.

Group Event No	Group Event Notification : Group 1						
Email Notification Enabled Warning: Email Notification is disabled.							
Policy Category	Info	Notification	Warning	Error	Critical	Alert	Emergency
Device-Group Specific Events							
Save Policy Cancel changes							

- 3. Select Email Notification Enabled.
- 4. Select the alert type.
- 5. Select Save Policy.



If a device is enrolled in multiple groups, the Group Manager receives event notification emails for all groups to which the device is enrolled and to which the manager has been assigned the Group Manager role.

## 6.5.1. Assign SNMP notification policies for groups

Group Managers manage which email addresses are sent notifications when a trap event occurs in the device group. For instructions on how to enable notifications by trap groups, see Assign SNMP Notification Policies for Trap Groups.

## To assign Notification Policies for device groups:

- 1. Navigate to: Configuration > Group Trap Settings.
- 2. In the **Group Name** column, select the hyperlink of the device group for which you want to configure email notifications.

Group Trap Event Notification					
Filter Groups					
Group Name	Email Enabled	Info	Notification	Warning	
Group 1			~		
Group 2		4	~		

3. Select your preferences for the **Group Trap Event** policy categories and configure the trap emails for the group.

Group Trap Event Notification : Group 1				
<ul> <li>Email Notification Enabled</li> <li>Warning: Email Notification is disabled.</li> </ul>				
Policy Category	Info	Notification	Warning	
Device-Group Specific Events				
Save Policy Cancel changes Add Trap Event Notification Emails	5			
Add emails				
Save Emails Cancel changes				

- a. To enable email notification, select the **Enable Email Notification Enabled** option.
- b. To specify for which trap events to send email notifications, select the relevant options.
- c. Select Save Policy.

The Group Trap Event Notification page is displayed.

- 4. Configure the email notifications.
  - a. In the **Group Name** column, select the link of the group for which you want to con figure email notifications.
  - b. Add the email addresses to which the notifications should be sent when a trap event occurs. There is no limit on the number of emails that you can add to the list.
  - c. Select Save Emails.

## 6.5.2. Assign SNMP Notification Policies for Trap Groups

Group Managers create, edit, and manage trap groups that contain traps and a list of email

addresses where notifications are sent when a trap event occurs.

For instructions on how to enable notifications by device groups, see Assign SNMP notification policies for groups.

## To assign notification policies for trap groups:

1. Navigate to: Configuration > Trap Settings.

The Trap Configuration page is displayed.

1	Traps Configuration				
	Add New Trap Group Delete Group(s)				
	Filter Groups		]		
		Group Name		Description (optional)	
		fan			
	0	psu			

2. Select Add New Trap Group.

The Group Details page is displayed.

Group Details			
Group Name :			
Description (optional) :			
Select the available traps to configure			
Click a group in either selection box to move it to the oth Any changes made will not be saved until you click the S	er one.	ttop	
Currently Selected	ave changes be	Available Traps for configuration	
Filter Traps:	1	Filter Traps:	
	1		
	$\leftrightarrow$	Fan Failure Fan Failed Error	
		Fan Restart Fan Restart Success	
		Hard Server Failure Hard Server Failed Error	
		Hard Server Restart Hard Server Restart Success	
		Memory Usage High High memory usage error	
		Memory Usage Normal Memory usage is less than threshold	
		Medule Sailure Madulo Sailad Error	
Add Trap Event Notification Emails			
Add emails			
Create Group Cancel Changes			

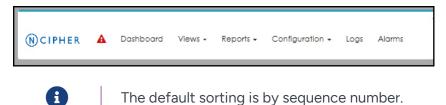
- 3. Enter a name for the new trap group.
- 4. Select traps from the list of **Available traps**. For traps supported in nShield Monitor, see Support for nCSNMP traps.

- 5. Add the email addresses to which the notifications should be sent when a trap event occurs. There is no limit on the number of emails that you can add to the list.
- 6. Select Create Group.

The Trap Configuration page is displayed.

# 7. Logs

The logging capability of nShield Monitor provides a view of all ongoing events that occur in the system. Organizations can track all activities pertaining to their estate of HSMs and clients, and pro-actively evaluate a preventative maintenance strategy.



# 7.1. Logs available to Group Managers

When logged in as a **Group Manager**, the logs tab provides the ability to view, sort device and filter group logs.

manager ( Group Manager ),	Feb 22, 2018 8:01:27 (GMT -08:00)	0
	Log O	ot

```
Logs
Device/Group Log
Q
       Search:
ID
      Date/Time
                          Severity
                                      Message
      2017-05-
                          INFO
                                      The connection status is now SNMP
4237
      23T19:47:14.744Z
                                      accessible for nShield module,
                                      SerialNumber: D2EC-D803-6D99 in
                                      group: Group 1
4236
      2017-05-
                          CRITICAL
                                     The connection status is now
      23T19:46:11.124Z
                                      unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 -
                                      192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
4235 2017-05-
                          CRITICAL
                                     The connection status is now
      23T19:46:11.123Z
                                      unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 -
                                      192.168.18.32 in group: Group 1
4234
      2017-05-
                          CRITICAL The connection status is now
      23T19:46:11.1077
                                      unreachable for nShield module.
                                      SerialNumber: D2EC-D803-6D99 in
                                      group: Group 1
4233 2017-05-
                                      The connection status is now SNMP
                          INFO
      23T19:46:11.084Z
                                      accessible for Faisal SW2 CH1 -
                                      192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
5 🗸 rows per page.
                  First Page (x 1 2 3 x) Last Page
                                       177 Total rows . Page 1
                                                                 of 36.
 Export Log (CSV)
```

Logs can be exported via CSV format for further analysis.

# 7.2. Logs available to Administrators

When logged in as an **Administrator**, the **Logs** tab on the main menu bar enables you to:

- View and sort system event logs
- View and sort security logs
- Export logs.





By default, the system sorts logs based on sequence. Clicking on the col ored text (such as ID or Date/Time) toggles the order that the data is dis played.

Log	Logs				
<b>√</b> Sy	✓System Event Log Security Log				
۹	Search:		Add		
▼ ID	Date/Time	Severity	Message		
4199	2017-05- 23T16:23:29.419Z	INFO	Administrator admin has rejected an SSL option change.		
4198	2017-05- 23T16:23:20.560Z	INFO	Administrator admin has requested quorum approval for an SSL option change.		
4197	2017-05- 23T16:22:08.796Z	INFO	Administrator admin has rejected an SSL option change.		
4196	2017-05- 23T16:21:02.384Z	INFO	Administrator admin has requested quorum approval for an SSL option change.		
5 🗸	5 v rows per page.				
Ехро	Export Log (CSV)				
Sur	Support Data/Debug Logs				
Expo	rt Support Data/Debu	g Logs			

# 7.3. Log sorting

nShield Monitor provides the ability to filter logs by ID, date/time, severity, and message.

1. Click on the sort condition. For example, Date/Time.

Log	Logs					
<b>√</b> D	✓ Device/Group Log					
۹	Search:		Add			
▲ID	Date/Time	Severity	Message			
58	2017-04- 26T13:37:04.957Z	INFO	Group: "Group 3", User kory has enrolled device: Faisal CH 1A			
59	2017-04-	INFO	Group: "Group 1", User kory has enrolled device: Faisal CH 2			

The sorting icon displays as the content is sorted.



# 7.4. Log functionality



You are logged in as **Administrator**.

1	admin ( System Administrator ),	Feb 22, 2018 8:04:26 (GMT -08:00)	0
		Log C	)ut

## 7.4.1. System event log

The system event log provides events that correspond to non-security related system events for nShield Monitor.

Logs							
System Event Log Security Log							
Q Search: Add							
▼ ID	Date/Time	Severity	Message				
4199	2017-05- 23T16:23:29.419Z	INFO	Administrator admin has rejected an SSL option change.				
4198	2017-05- 23T16:23:20.560Z	INFO	Administrator admin has requested quorum approval for an SSL option change.				
4197	2017-05- 23T16:22:08.796Z	INFO	Administrator admin has rejected an SSL option change.				
4196	2017-05- 23T16:21:02.384Z	INFO	Administrator admin has requested quorum approval for an SSL option change.				

## 7.4.2. Security log

The security log shows events that are related to system level security events. Events such as master key password entry, master key destruction, certificate changes, and changes to

other system level security information are noted.



The default for sorting is by sequence number.

Logs								
System Event Log Security Log								
٩	Q Search:							
▲ID	Date/Time	Severity	Message					
3	2017-04-26T13:20:55.657Z	INFO	User admin logged in.					
4	2017-04-26T13:21:02.027Z	INFO	User admin has changed password.					
5	2017-04-26T13:23:07.642Z	INFO	Master key generated by user: admin					
6	2017-04-26T13:23:07.725Z	INFO	User admin has created new user: admin1					
7	2017-04-26T13:23:08.361Z	INFO	Roles have changed for user: admin1					

## 7.4.3. Device/group log



You are logged on as Group Manager.



The device/group log lists events and alerts that relate to the groups for which a group man ager has management rights. Group event entries are displayed in sequential order from newest to oldest.

Logs					
✓D	evice/Group Log				
Q	Search:				
▼ ID	Date/Time	Severity	Message		
109	2018-02- 22T15:40:42.4042Z	WARNING	The monitoring status is now enable 192.168.18.101 in group, group1 by		
108	2018-02- 22T15:40:38.4038Z	WARNING	The monitoring status is now disable 192.168.18.101 in group, group1 by		
104	2018-02- 22T08:59:04.594Z	ERROR	Error log count increased to 864 for 192.168.18.101 in group: group1		
103	2018-02- 22T04:43:03.433Z	ERROR	Error log count increased to 863 for 192.168.18.101 in group: group1		
72	2018-02- 21T08:59:00.590Z	ERROR	Error log count increased to 862 for 192.168.18.101 in group: group1		

## 7.4.4. Exporting a log.csv file

1. Select Export Log (CSV).

The system prompts to open or save the **logs.csv** file.

2. Select **Open**. The log.csv file is imported into Microsoft Excel.

	1	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
1		Time	Severity	Message				
2		2017-01-0	INFO	The connection status is now SNMP accessible for K				
3		2017-01-0	INFO	The connection status is now SNMP accessible for K				
4		2017-01-0	INFO	The connection status is now SNMP accessible for <b>k</b>				
ŗ		2017-01-0	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for Kory				
6		2017-01-0	RITICAL	The conne	ction statu	s is now un	reachable f	or Kory

- Logs can be exported in their entirety or filtered. This includes both actions on or by a monitored system. They can also include changes in security of a given device as needed such as a tamper, changes to device SNMP credentials, or the addition of a new device. Changes in the device contact status are also displayed in the group event log and on the alarms screen.
- ° The default for sorting is by sequence number.
- By default, the Time format is Date/Time in GMT format. Refer to Formatting the Admin Date and Time for additional information regarding date formatting.

3. Save the Excel file, if needed.

## 7.4.5. Debug log export and upload

A debug log export may be required to be given to Support for investigating issues. This log will need to be exported which can take several minutes to generate and export. Once exported it will need to be sent to Support.

The file does not contain any security information but does contain information related to actions taken by nShield Monitor such as polling devices, system status events, and code execution information.

The debug logs are a system for assisting in troubleshooting issues that may arise with the virtual appliance during day-to-day operation. Logs are provided on a First in First out (FIFO) basis, so if requested, the logs need to be exported as soon as possible after an issue has occurred.

Only one user can export the debug log at a time, and only administrators and auditors have the ability to perform this function.



The debug logs are not readable by users, and are to be sent to Support for analysis. Exporting large debug files requires that the auto logout value be set to 60 minutes.

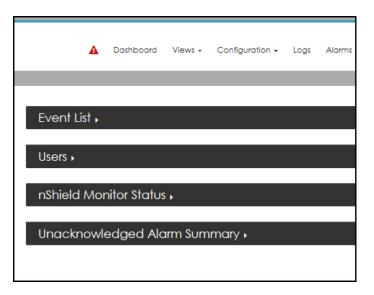
# 8. Dashboard

nShield Monitor provides a dashboard view when you first log on to the system.

This view provides a snapshot of what is occurring with your estate and provides invaluable information for the day-to-day management of all your organization's HSMs.

The contents of the dashboard depends upon logon type:

• Logged on as Administrator.



• Logged in as Group Manager.

A	Dashboard	Views +	Reports +	Configuration +
Event List ,				
nShield Perf	ormance	•		
nShield Mor	nitor Status	5 F		
Unacknowle	edged Alc	arm Sum	mary 🕨	

The following table summarizes the views based on log-on type:

Dashboard views based on logon type

#### Chapter 8. Dashboard

Dashboard Views	Administrator logon required	Group Manager logon required
Event List	Х	Х
nShield Performance		Х
Users		Х
nShield Monitor Status	Х	Х
Unacknowledged Alarm Summary	Х	Х



The sections that follow examine each of the Dashboard Views (as identified in the table above).

# 8.1. Event List

1. Select the **Event List** expansion arrow.

Eve	ent List <del>-</del>		
5 🗸	Most Recent Unack	mowledged V	•
4237	2017-05- 23T19:47:14.744Z	INFO	The connection status is now SNMP accessible for nShield module, SerialNumber: D2EC-D803-6D99 in group: Group 1
4236	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.124Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
4235	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.123Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 1
4234	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.107Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield module, SerialNumber: D2EC-D803-6D99 in group: Group 1
4233	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.084Z	INFO	The connection status is now SNMP accessible for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2

From this window, you can specify the number of events (default value is 5) displayed and filter according to:

- Most Recent Unacknowledged (default value)
- Most Recent Events
- ° Alarm level (That is, EMERGENCY ONLY, ALERT ONLY, and so on.)
- 2. Select the drop down arrow to expand your choices for number of events displayed.

Eve	ent List <del>-</del>		
5 10	CRITICAL only	```	·
15 20 5	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.124Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
4235	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.123Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 1
4234	2017-05-	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield

- 3. Select your preference.
- 4. Select the drop down arrow to expand your choices for event types.

Eve	Most Recent Unacknowledged Most Recent Events EMERGENCY only	
5 🗸	ALERT only CRITICAL only ERROR only WARNING only NOTIFICATION only	
4236	INFO only 23119.40.11.1242	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
4235	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.123Z	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 1

- 5. Select your preference (for example, **CRITICAL only**.)
- 6. Select the event by clicking on the event type. For example:

Eve	ent List <del>-</del>		
5 🗸	CRITICAL only	v	,
4236	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.124Z		The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
4235	2017-05- 23T19:46:11.123Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 1
4234	2017-05-	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield

The Acknowledge Alarm page opens:

#### Chapter 8. Dashboard

criticat Acknowledge Alarm
Alarm Date/Time:
2017-05-23T19:46:11.124Z
Alarm ID:
AVw3tCJqCRvZxkMAtuAU
Alarm Message:
The connection status is now unreachable for Faisal SW2 CH1 - 192.168.18.32 in group: Group 2
Acknowledgement Comments ( Optional ):

- 7. Enter Acknowledgment Comments, if needed.
- 8. Select Acknowledge Alarm.

6

Selecting **Cancel** returns you to the Dashboard.

# 8.2. nShield Performance



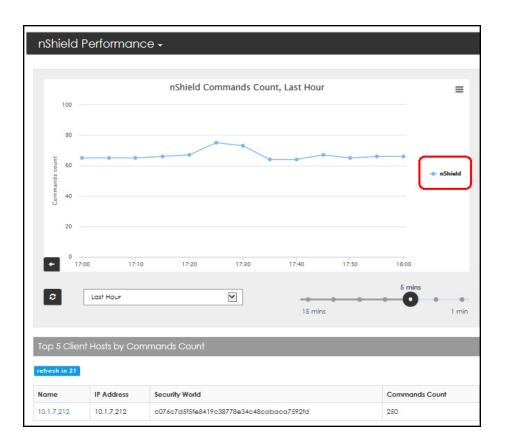
You are logged in as a Group Manager.

manager ( Group Manager ),	Feb 22, 2018 8:01:27 (GMT -08:00)	0
	Log O	out

1. Select the **nShield Performance** expansion arrow.

Two windows open:

- nShield Performance
- Top 5 Client Hosts by Command Count



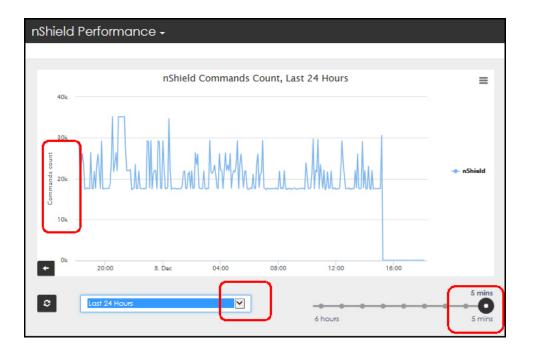
## 8.2.1. nShield performance window

The performance window provides a customizable graph.

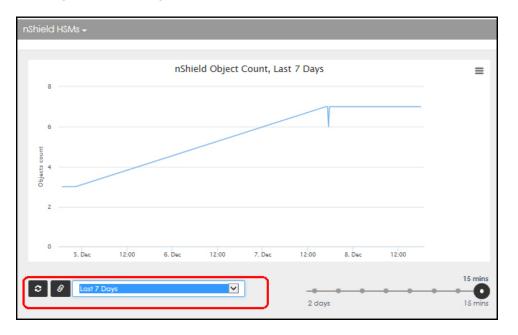
This section provides a basic overview on how to use the customization options. Refer to Client Host Detail Page for greater detail.

### 8.2.1.1. Navigate to a group's Detail page

At any time, you can open a specific group's **Detail** page. A color key on the right side of the graph contains Group color line assignments. For example, the "nShield" group, circled in red above.



Clicking on Group 1's graph contents opens the Group Detail For: Group 1 page.



Refer to Group Details for a full description of the Group Details page.

# 8.2.2. Top 5 Client Hosts by Commands Count

This window also contains a live count down until the next refresh. In the example below, the data will refresh in 24 seconds.

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		mmands Count	
refresh in 40			
Name	IP Address	Security World	Commands Count

1. Select an entry in the name list to navigate to additional windows of data.

The **Client Host Detail** page opens.

2. Select the **Performance** expansion arrow.



The **Start Date** and **End Date** selection boxes appear when the custom date option is selected.

3. Scroll down and click on the **Health** expansion arrow.

Client Host Detail for : 10.1.7.212	
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.212"	
Performance >	
Health <del>-</del>	
Monitoring:	ENABLED
Status:	AVAIL_SNMP
Hardserver Status:	RUNNING
Number Of HSMs:	6
Applications With Active Connection To Hardserver:	11
Modules Failed:	TRUE
Hardserver Version:	12.40.0
Hardserver Port:	9004

4. Scroll down and click on the **Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver** expansion arrow.

pplications v	with Active Connection	n to Hardserve	er <del>-</del>				
Q Searc	oh:						Add
Connection Number	Uptime	Command Count	Reply Count	Remote IP Address	Process ID	Process Name	Total Obj Count
9	98 Days : 23 Hours : 21 Minutes : 14 Seconds	0	6176098	0.0.0	0		0
11	98 Days : 23 Hours : 21 Minutes : 02 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0	0	[legacy]	0
12	98 Days : 23 Hours : 21 Minutes : 02 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0	0	[legacy]	0
13	98 Days : 23 Hours : 21 Minutes : 02 Seconds	0	٥	0.0.0	0	[legacy]	٥
15	98 Days : 23 Hours : 21 Minutes : 02 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0	0	[legacy]	0

5. Scroll down and click on the **Security World** Info expansion arrow.

Security World Info 🗸		
Security World Name:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	
Security World State:	OPERATIONAL	
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	
hashKM:	111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128	

6. Scroll down and click on the **nShield HSMs** expansion arrow.

Q Search:			
Serial No.	Туре	Mode	Commands Last H
0305-02E0-D947	CONNECT XC	FAILED	٥
2805-02E0-D947	CONNECT XC	FAILED	٥
6699-7484-30FF	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	3936
6F99-74BF-429B	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	3953
856A-81C9-73F2	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	3948

7. Scroll down and click on the **nShield Card Sets** expansion arrow.

hield Card Sets	;≠	
Q Search:		
Set Name	Client Host Count	Generation Time
Set Name	Client Host Count	Generation Time 2016-09-16T23:49:30.4930Z
	Client Host Count	

8. Scroll down and click on the **nShield Keys** expansion arrow.

Shield Keys <del>-</del>			
Q Search:			Add
Key Identifier/Name	Key Hash	Key Application Name	Client Hosts
2a4c35143e8a5ab13782d71e909e7ab57fd8b15b	0e8db787df4de74b45e16d9c016c14e12e231505	embed	1
6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d2515eafe53c964efd- coocccc	1f3c2f6231f8fe07b3b31ecd1456651b88eca2d2	embed	1
8fd31935920b3b47abe145e7ecdbed87dba7fe55	429ce182a09a5b7cb088e64f9551ed61f181e317	embed	1
ff1	7386cc17bca937d59df56ff74f88207c1bd8edff	simple	1
ff2	bdbfdfa419715482c298d8238456b00749a8ddee	simple	1



At any time, you can select **Back to Previous Page**.

# 8.3. Users



You are logged in as an **Administrator**.



- 1. Click the Users expansion arrow.
- 2. Select the drop down arrow to open the filtering options.

Users -			
System Ad	ministrate rs 🗸		
Online	admin	System Administrator	2018-12-08715:46:57.46572
Offline	super	System Administrator, Group Manager	2018-12-07114:55:48.5548
Offline	ad1	System Administrator	
	ad3	System Administrator	

- 3. Select your preferred view. Filters include:
  - ° System Administrators
  - ° Group Managers
  - ° System Auditors
  - ° Last 5 login
  - ° Locked Out

The display reflects your selected filter option.

# 8.4. nShield Monitor Status



You are logged in as an Administrator.

1. Select the **nShield Monitor Status** expansion arrow.

The status data is displayed.

# 8.5. Unacknowledged Alarm Summary



You are logged in as an Administrator.

1. Select the nUnacknowledged Alarm Summary expansion arrow.

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Unacknowledged Alarm Summary -		
EMERGENCY :	0	
ALERT :	0	
CRITICAL :	2	
ERROR :	0	
WARNING :	0	
NOTIFICATION :	2	
INFO :	0	

2. Select the alarm type. For example, click on **CRITICAL**. The **Current Unacknowledged Alarms** detail page opens.

С	urrent Unacknov	ledged	Alarms
٩	Severity: CRITICAL ()	Search:	Add
	Date/Time	Severity	Message
	2018-12- 07T12:47:48.4748Z	CRITICAL	Master key has been generated but not loaded. You must load master key for monitoring operations
	2018-12- 04T13:30:26.3026Z	CRITICAL	Master key has been generated but not loaded. You must load master key for monitoring aperations

- 3. Select the alarm for acknowledgment.
- 4. Enter Acknowledgment Comments, if required.
- 5. Select Acknowledge Alarm.



From the **Current Unacknowledged Alarms** window, you can also click on the severity type (for example, click on **CRITICAL**), to open the **Acknowledge Alarm** window.

criment Acknowledge Alarm
Alarm Date/Time:
2018-12-07T12:47:48.4748Z
Alarm ID:
AWeJyF_Lz3MLgexojD
Alarm Message:
Master key has been generated but not loaded. You must load master key for monitoring operations
Acknowledgement Comments ( Optional ):
Acknowledge Alarm Cancel

# 9. Views

User login type determines which options are displayed.

# 9.1. Logged in as Administrator

1. Navigate to Views > Groups > Group List

The Group Summary page opens.

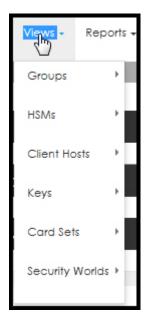
Group Sumn	nary				
Search:					Ad
Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
	DISABLED	3 1 4 5	0	0	
0	DISABLED	11	0	1	
D	DISABLED		0	1	

On this page, you can **sort the display** order of the **Group Name** column and the **Description** column.

Refer to View > Group > Group List for additional information on Administrator options under Group List.

# 9.2. Logged in as Group Manager

Logged on as Group Manager provides the following navigational options:



## 9.2.1. View > Groups

View **Groups** drop down has three destinations:

- Group List. Refer to View > Group > Group List, for additional information on Group Manager options under Group List.
- HSMs By Group
- Client Hosts By Group

<u>View &gt; Groups &gt;</u> Group List
Group Summary page
Navigational links:
Group Name > Group Detail page
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page
nShield > HSMs By Group page
Client Hosts > HSMs By Group page
<u>View &gt; Group &gt;</u> HSMs By Group
Group <n> There are <n> nShields in this group page</n></n>
Expand the pane:
nShield HSMs
Navigational links:
Serial No. > HSM Detail page
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page
Security World > Security World Detail page
Client Host Count > Client Hosts By HSM page
<u>View &gt; Group &gt;</u> Client Hosts By Group
Group <n> There are <n> client host(s) in this group page</n></n>
Expand the pane:
Navigational links:
Name > Client Host Detail page
HSM count > HSMs By Client Host page
Alarm count > Unacknowledged Alarms page
Security World > Security World Detail page

## 9.2.2. View > HSMs

View **HSMs** drop down has two destinations:

- HSM List
- Client Hosts By HSM

<u>View &gt; HSMs &gt;</u> H	ISM List
HSM Su	mmary page
	nShield HSMs
	Navigational links:
	Serial No. > HSM Detail page
	Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page
	Security World > Security World Detail page
	Client Host(s) count > Client Hosts By HSM page
<u>View &gt; HSMs &gt; (</u>	Client Hosts By HSMs
There ar	e <n> client host(s) in this nShield page</n>
Expand t	he pane:
	Navigational links:
	Name > Client Host Detail page
	HSMs count > HSMs By Client Host page
	Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page
	Security World > Security World Detail page

## 9.2.3. View > Client Hosts

View **Client Hosts** has two destinations:

- Client Host List
- HSMs By Client Hosts

<u>View &gt; Client Hosts &gt;</u> Client Hosts List		
Client Host Summary page		
Navigational links:		
Name > Client Host Detail page		
HSMs count > HSMs By Client Host page		
Alarm count > Unacknowledged Alarms page		
Security World > Security World Detail page		
<u>View &gt; Client Hosts &gt;</u> HSMs By Client Hosts		
There are <n> nShield(s) in this client host page</n>		
Expand the pane:		
Navigational links:		
Serial No. > HSM Detail page		
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarm page		
Security World > Security World Detail page		
Client Host(s) count > Client Hosts By HSM page		

## 9.2.4. View > Keys

View Keys has two destinations:

- Key List
- Client Hosts By Key

View > Keys > Key List			
Key Summary page			
Navigational links:			
Key Name/Identifier > Key Detail page			
Client Hosts > Client Hosts By Key page			
<u>View &gt; Keys &gt;</u> Client Hosts By Key			
Key Summary page			
There are <n> client host(s) with this key page</n>			
Expand the pane:			
Navigational links:			
Name > Client Host Detail page			
HSMs > HSMs by Client Host page			
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page			
Security World > Security World Detail page			
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page			

## 9.2.5. View > Card Sets

View Card Sets has two destinations:

- Card Set List
- Client Hosts By Card Set

<u>View &gt; Card Sets &gt;</u> Card Set List
Card Set Summary page
Navigational links:
Set Name > Card Set Detail page
Client Host count > Client Hosts By Card Set page
<u>View &gt; Card Sets &gt;</u> Client Hosts By Card Set
There are <n> client host(s) with this cardset page</n>
Expand the pane:
Navigational links:
Name > Client Host Detail page
HSMs > HSMs By Client Host page
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page
Security World > Security World Detail page

## 9.2.6. View > Security Worlds

View Security Worlds has five destinations:

- Security World List
- HSMs By Security World
- Client Hosts By Security World
- Keys By Security World
- Card Sets By Security World

View > Security Worlds > Security World List
Security World Summary page
Navigational links:
Name > Security World Detail page
HashKNSO > Security World Detail page
Client Hosts count > Client Hosts By Security World page
nShield count > HSMs By Security World page
<u>View &gt; Security Worlds &gt;</u> HSMs By Security World
There are <n> nShields in this security world page</n>
Expand the pane:
Navigational links:
Serial No. > HSM Detail page
Alarm count > Current Unacknowledged Alarms page
Client Host(s) count > Client Hosts By HSM page
View > Security Worlds > Client Hosts By Security World
There are <n> client host(s) in this security world page</n>
Expand the pane:
Navigational links:
Name > Client Host Detail page
HSMs count > HSMs By Client Host page
Alarm count > Unacknowledged Alarms page
<u>View &gt; Security Worlds &gt;</u> Keys By Security World
There are <n> keys(s) in this security world page</n>
Expand the pane:
Navigational links:
Key Name/Identifier > Key Detail page
Client Hosts count > Client Hosts By Key page
<u>View &gt; Security Worlds &gt;</u> Card Sets By Security World
There are <n> card set(s) in this security world page</n>
Expand the pane:
Navigational links:
Set Name > Card Set Detail page
Client Hosts count > Client Hosts By Card Set page

# 9.3. View > Group > Group List

From the **View** tab, whether logged in as an Administrator or as a Group Manager (or Auditor), you are able to navigate to the **Group List** page.

The Group List page provides:

- A group summary listing of groups configured in the virtual appliance
- Utilization information
- Host command information
- Overload information
- Alarm information
- Descriptive information.



When logged on as a Group Manager, you can navigate through the View menu to **acknowledge alarms**.

The options provided in the View drop down menu is directly tied to your logon.

- Administrator
- Group Manager
- Auditor

The Auditor has the same views (that is, menu drop downs) as the Group Manager. However, the auditor has no ability to perform any actions. For example, an Auditor can not acknowledge alarms or enter comments, and so on.

# 9.3.1. Group List > Group Summary - Administrator

The **Group Summary** page provides an easy to use view that updates every 60 seconds as information is polled.

1. Navigate to:

### Views > Groups > Group List

The Group Summary page opens.



When logged in as an Administrator, you can only **view** all groups. You **cannot perform** any other actions on these groups.

Group Summary									
Search:					Ad				
▲ Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description				
1	DISABLED	3 1 4 5	0	0					
10	DISABLED	1	0	1					
2	DISABLED	1 2 2	0	0					
3	DISABLED	111	0	0					
4	DISABLED		0	0					



As an **Administrator**, you are able to sort the data displayed.

Blue column headers indicate that the contents of the column can be sorted. Black column headers indicate that the contents of the column **cannot** be sorted.

Search:					Ad
	<b>`</b>				
Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
est Vp	DISABLED		0	0	
Shield	0%	45 9 2 30	6	1	
ŧ	DISABLED		0	0	
3	DISABLED	111	0	0	
	DISABLED	1 2 2	0	0	

- 2. Toggle the sort, if needed.
- 3. Hover over an alarm total in the **Alarm** column to view the **severity pop-up**.

Group Sumn	nary				
Q Search:					Ado
▼ Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
		Alum			Description
Test VpS	DISABLED		0	0	
nShield	0%	45 9 2 30 5 m	6	1	
4	DISABLED	ch.	0	0	
3	DISABLED		0	0	
2	DISABLED	122	0	0	

## 9.3.2. Group List > Group Summary - Group Manager

When logged in as Group Manager, all groups assigned to you are listed.

1. Navigate to:

```
Views > Groups > Group List
```

The Group Summary page opens.

Group Sumn	nary				
Search:					Add
▼ Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
Test VpS	DISABLED		0	0	
nShield	0%	45 9 2 30	6	1	
4	DISABLED		0	0	
3	DISABLED	101	0	0	
2	DISABLED	122	0	0	

## 9.3.3. Group Summary page - Navigation options

The Group Summary contains three navigation points.

Selecting any one of the following opens a new page:

• A specific Group Name

▼ Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
Test VpS	DISABLED		0	0	
nShiel	0%	45 9 2 30	6	1	
4	DISABLED		0	0	

The Group Detail page opens.

	Back to Previous Page
Group Detail For : Test VpS	
	✓Group Average Top 10 Custom
Client Hosts ▶	
nShield HSMs •	

• A specific **Alarm** 

Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
Test VpS	DISABLED		0	0	
nShield	0%	45 9 2 30	6	1	
4	DISABLED	Critica	0	0	
3	DISABLED		0	0	

The Current Unacknowledged Alarms page opens.

Current Unacknowledged Alarms									
q	Severity: CRITICAL (8)	Search:	Ada						
	Date/Time	Severity	Message						
Ø	2018-12-08T10:09:16.916Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield module, 10.1.3.78 in group: nShield						
P	2018-12-08T10:09:16.916Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield module, 10.1.3.72 in group: nShield						
	2018-12-08T10:09:16.916Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for 10.1.7.212 - 10.1.7.212 in group: nShield						
	2018-12-08T10:09:16.916Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield module, 10.1.3.77 in group: nShield						
	2018-12-08T10:09:16.916Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for nShield module, 10.1.3.71 in group: nShield						
5 Ackno	rows per page.		st Page (4 1 2 3 » Last Page 45 Total rows . Page 1 of 9.						
Ack	Acknowledge Alarm Cancel								

You can acknowledge the alarm by checking the box to open the **Acknowledge Alarm** page.

• A specific entity

Group Summ	nary				
Search:					Ad
Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
	DISABLED	3 1 4 5	0		
	DISABLED	1	0	1	
	DISABLED	1 2 2	0	sh)	
	DISABLED	111	0	0	
	DISABLED		0	0	

The Client Hosts By Group page opens.

Client H	osts By Grou	νp							
Q Nome: 10 Search: Add									
	ere are 1 cli	ent host(s	) in this gro	oup.					Add
Name	Monitoring	Hardserver	Commands	HSMs	Alarm	▲ Last		Security	HSMs
testdevice1	UNREACHABLE	Status UNKNOWN	Last Hr.		3 2 3	Update	Location	World	Failed

#### 9.3.3.1. Alarms Acknowledgment Views

1. Navigate to:

View > Groups > Group List

The Group Summary page opens.

Group Summ	nary				
Search:					Ad
▲ Group Name	nShield Overload	Alarm	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
1	DISABLED	3 1 4 5	0	0	
10	DISABLED		0	1	
2	DISABLED	1 2 2	0	0	
3	DISABLED	111	0	0	
	DISABLED		0	0	

- 2. Select any number in the **Alarm** column.
- 3. After **Current Unacknowledged Alarms** page opens, optionally enter a comment and then select **Acknowledge Alarm**.

C	Current Unacknowledged Alarms							
٩	Severity: CRITICAL 🛞	Search:	Add					
	Date/Time	Severity	Message					
	2018-12-06T16:09:10.910Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for testestdevice2 - 192.168.114.113 in group: 1					
	2018-12-06T16:07:50.750Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for testdevice1 - 192.168.122.121 in group: 1					
	2018-12-05T14:34:28.3428Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable for 192.168.17.188 - 192.168.17.188 in group: 1					
5 v     rows per page.     First Page (if 1) is Last Page     3 Total rows. Page 1 of 1.       Acknowledgement Comments ( Optional ):								
Aci	knowledge Alarm Cance	I						



Selecting multiple boxes allows you to simultaneously acknowledge multiple alarms.



If you click directly on the Alarm Severity (for example, click directly on **CRITICAL**), the **Acknowledge Alarm** page opens.

CRITICAL Acknowledge Alarm
Alarm Date/Time:
2017-05-24T15:08:37.461Z
Alarm ID:
AVw73GDxCRvZxkMAtz8H
Alarm Message:
The connection status is now unreachable for nShield mode
Acknowledgement Comments ( Optional ):
Acknowledge Alarm Cancel

4. Enter comments (optionally) and then select Acknowledge Alarm.

### 9.3.3.2. Navigating to the Group Detail page

1. To get to the Group Detail page, navigate to:

### View > Groups > Group List

The Group Summary page opens.

					Group List	HSMs By	Group	Client H	osts By Group
Grou	up Summa	Iry							
٩	Search:								Add
▲ Group Name	payShield Utilization	payshield Host Command	payShield Overload	nshield Overload	Alarm	payShield	nShield	Client Hosts	Description
Group 1	0%	O TPS	0%	0%	20 13 6 42	3	4	2	Unit test Group 1
Group 2	0%	O TPS	0%	0%	15 15 5 36	1	3	1	This is Group 2
Group 3	0%	0 TPS	0%	0%	6 6 12	3	0	1	This is Group 3

2. From the **Group Name** column, select a group. The **Group Detail** page for the selected group appears. For example:

Group Detail For : 1	
Client Hosts 🖌	
nShield HSMs 🕨	

### 9.3.3.3. Filtering Group Detail - Group Average, Top 10, or Custom

Each window on the **Group Detail** page can be filtered based on Group Average, Top 10, or based on a Custom list of devices. For example:

	✓Group Average Top 10 Custom	
Client Hosts 🕨		
nShield HSMs 🕨		

Each of these views shows the average of the data collected for the interval period selected (5 minutes, 15 minutes, and so on).



Line colors in the chart are used to designate a specific device. Click on the items in the color index, (for example, specifically on **"MAX"**, and/or on **"Group 1"**) to toggle the display options.



nShield Monitor can provide the maximum data point that occurred in a selected interval period. The utilization chart provides a red line to show a maximum data point as well as a time stamp to show when that maximum utilization occurred.

• Select the drop down arrow on the time period bar to modify the time period being

viewed.

6

The Custom Range selections are in the UTC time zone.

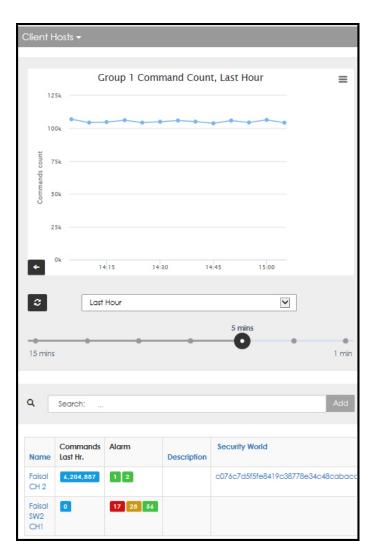
• Use the sliding mechanism to change the intervals.



#### Example of **Custom**:

Croup Average       Tap 10       Custom         Customize the Device list         Click a device in either selection box to move it to the other one. Any changes made will not take effect until you click the Apply button.         Selected devices         Kestdevice1	Group Detail For : 10	
Click a device in either selection box to mave it to the other one. Any changes made will not take effect until you click the Apply button. Selected devices	Group Averag	ge Top 10 🗸 Custom
Any changes made will not take effect untiliyou click the Apply button. Selected devices           Selected devices         Available devices           testdevice1         Itestdevice1	Custo	tomize the Device list
testdevice1		
	Selected devices	
		testdevice1
		$\leftrightarrow$
Apply Close		
Client Hosts →	Client Hosts -	
10 nShield Commands Count, Last Hour 🛛 🚍	10 nShield Con	mmands Count, Last Hour 🛛 🚍

- Select in the selection box to move it from one box to the other.
- Select **Apply** to confirm the change.
- Select Close to return the to Group Detail page.
- Select the expansion arrow to open a Group Detail page, as needed.



A

Each graph can be printed or exported in CSV.



## 9.3.3.4. Group Detail page - Client Hosts

The **Client Hosts** window displays:

• Graphed command count based on command count per time block:

Group Detail For : 10								
Group Average	Top 10 🗸 C	ustom ^						
Customize the Device list								
Click a device in either selection bax to move it to the other one. Any changes made will not take effect until you click the Apply button.								
Selected devices		Available dev	ices					
Client Hosts +	Apply Close	festdevice	1					
10 nShield Comma	ands Count, Las	t 24 Hours	=					
C Lost 24 Hours	9	ó hours	5 mins 5 mins					
Q Search:			Add					
Name Commands Last Hr.	Alarm	▲ Description	Security World					
testdevice1 👞 💿	3 2 3	descirption						

• Clicking on the device name opens the **Client Host Detail** page for that device.

## 9.3.3.5. Client Host Detail page - Overview

Select the expansion arrow to open the windows.

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 2
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.212"
Performance >
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver $\blacktriangleright$
Security World Info ▶
nShield HSMs >
nShield Card Sets 🕨
nShield Keys 🕨

### 9.3.3.6. Client Host - Performance window



9.3.3.7. Client Host - Health window

Health <del>-</del>							
Monitoring:	ENABLED						
status:	AVAIL_SNMP						
Hardserver Status:	RUNNING						
Number Of HSMs:	з						
Applications With Active Connection To Hardserver:	7						
Modules Failed:	TRUE						
Hardserver Version:	2.92.1						
Hardserver Port:	9004						
Hardserver Uptime:	46 Days : 13 Hours : 36 Minutes : 06 Seconds						

### 9.3.3.8. Client Host - Applications with Active Connection window

Applications	with Active C	Connection to	Hardserver	•			
Q Searc	h:						Add
Connection Number	Uptime	Command Count	Reply Count	Remote IP Address	Process ID	Process Name	Total Object Count
3	46 Days : 13 Hours : 36 Minutes : 06 Seconds	0	167495531	0.0.0.0	0		
4	46 Days : 13 Hours : 36 Minutes : 06 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	[legacy]	
5	46 Days : 13 Hours : 36 Minutes : 06 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	[legacy]	

- Click on the blue columns to reverse the sort order, based on preference.
- Select a specific Connection Number to open a the connection's Application Details page.

Application Det	ails for :			
Application Conne	ction Number : "	3"		
Health <del>-</del>				
Co	nnection Number:	0 Days : 00 Hours : 0	00 Minutes : 03 Secon	ds
Up	time:	4024447		
Co	mmand Count:	0		
Re	ply Count:	167524721		
Re	mote IP Address:	0.0.0.0		
Pro	ocess ID:	0		
Pro	ocess Name:			
Tot	al Object Count:			
nShields <del>-</del>				
Q Search:				
Serial	Туре	Mode	Monitoring	Module Object Count
6699-7484-30FF	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	0
6F99-748F-4298	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	0

• Select a specific Serial number to open the **HSM Detail** page.

HSM Detail for : 6699-74B4-30FF	
Managed By Group(s) : "Group 1, Group 2"	IP Address : "10.1.3.71"
Performance ▶	
Configuration >	
Health <b>&gt;</b>	
Security World Info 🕨	
Client Hosts 🕨	
Applications with Active Connection to Hardsen	/er ⊧

## 9.3.3.9. Client Host - Security World Info window

Security World Info <del>-</del>	
Security World Name:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
Security World State:	OPERATIONAL
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
hashKM:	111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128

• Select the Security World identifier to open the Security World Detail page.

Security World Detail For : c076c7d5
Edit Security World Name
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Security World Quorum 🕨
Client Hosts 🕨
nShield HSMs 🕨
Keys 🕨
Card Sets >

### 9.3.3.10. Client Host - nShield HSMs window

Shield HSMs	<b>-</b>			
Q Search	e			Add
Serial No.	Туре	Mode	Commands Last Hr.	
<b>Serial No.</b> 6699-7484-30FF	Type	Mode OPERATIONAL	Commands Last Hr.	

• Select a specific Serial Number to open the **HSM Detail** page.



9.3.3.11. Client Host - nShield Card Sets window

nShield Card Se	ets <del>+</del>		
Q Search:			Add
Set Name	Client Host Count	Generation Time	
cmoc01	2	2016-09-16T23:49:30.4930Z	
oc1	3	2016-03-15T18:17:12.1712Z	

• Select a specific Set Name to open the Card Set Detail page.

Card Set Detail for : ffoc1				
Quorum Count (k):	1			
Total Number Of Cards(N):	2			
Timeout :	0			
Generation Time :	2016-08-24T19:08:11.811Z			
Security World Info <b>&gt;</b>				
nShield Keys Protected By This Card Set $lacksquare$				
Client Hosts 🕨				

## 9.3.3.12. Client Host - nShield Keys window

Shield Keys <del>-</del>			
Q Search:			Ad
Key Identifier/Name	Key Hash	Key Application Name	Client Hosts
6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d2515eafe53c964efd	1f3c2f6231f8fe07b3b31ecd1456651b88ecd2d2	embed	3
8fd31935920b3b47abe145e7ecdbed87dba7fe55	429ce182a09a5b7cb088e64f9551ed61f181e317	embed	3
ff1	7386cc17bca937d59df56ff74f88207c1bd8edff	simple	3
ff2	bdbfdfa419715482c298d8238456b00749a8ddee	simple	3

• Select a specific Key Identifier/Name to open the Key Detail page.

Key Detail for : 6ffc2755601f	7472c8b4a3d2515eafe
Edit Key Name	
Key Application Name :	embed
Key Identifier/Name :	6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d
Key Hash :	1f3c2f6231f8fe07b3b31ec
Key Protection :	MODULE
Key Recovery :	ENABLED
Time Limit :	0
Pre-authentication Use Time Limit :	0
Generating Module ESN :	Not available
Protecting Cardset Hash :	
Security World Info ▶	
Client Hosts ▶	

9.4. Additional Views available to the Group Manager

The View drop down menu provides several additional options that are not offered to the Administrator:

- Groups
- HSMs
- Client Hosts
- Keys
- Card Sets
- Security Worlds

## 9.4.1. Groups

- 1. Navigate to View > Groups > Client Hosts By Group
- 2. Select Client Hosts By Groups.

The **Client Hosts By Groups** page opens.

s	earch:							
Gro	up 1 - There	e are 3 clier	nt host(s)	in th	is gro	up.		
۹	Search:							
▲ Name	Monitoring	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.	HSMs	Alarm	Last Update	Location	Security Wor
Faisal CH 2	ENABLED	RUNNING	13377	3		Current		c076c7d5f5fe
	ENABLED	RUNNING	٥	2	46	Current		c076c7d5f5f
Faisal SW2 CH1								
SW2	UNREACHABLE	NOT_RUNNING	0		2 2			
SW2 CH1 Faisal SW2	UNREACHABLE	NOT_RUNNING	0		22			

The **Client Hosts By Group** page contains three navigation points. Selecting any one of the following opens a new page:

• A specific device name.

The **Client Host Detail** page opens.

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 2
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.212"
Performance <b>)</b>
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver $lacksquare$
Security World Info ▶
nShield HSMs ▶
nShield Card Sets >
nShield Keys 🕨

• A specific Alarm



The Current Unacknowledged Alarms page opens.

Cu	urrent Unacknow	ledged ,	Alarms
q		Search:	
	Date/Time	Severity	Message
	2017-01-31T01:23:34.497Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable f
	2017-01-10T21:13:13.559Z	CRITICAL	The connection status is now unreachable f

• A specific Security World



The Security World Detail page opens.

Security World Detail For : c076c7d5f5fe841
Edit Security World Name
Health >
Security World Quorum 🕨
Client Hosts 🕨
nShield HSMs ▶
Keys ▶
Card Sets >

## 9.4.2. View > HSMs > HSM List

- 1. Navigate to Views > HSMs > HSM List.
- 2. Select HSM List.

The **HSMs Summary** page opens.

With the HSM Summary page open, you can toggle between views by selecting **Client Hosts by HSM**. See the upper right hand corner of the screen.

							н	M List 🖌 Cliv	ent Hosts By HSI
HSM Sumr	mary								nShields
Q Search:									Add
nShield HSMs									
▲ Serial No.	Туре	Mode	Monitoring	Objects	Commands Last Hr.	Alarms	Security World	Client Host (s)	Last Update
0305-02E0-D947	CONNECT XC	FAILED	ENABLED	0	0	1	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	1	Current
2805-02E0-D947	CONNECT XC	FAILED	ENABLED	0	0	1 1	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca/992fd	J	Current
6699-7484-30FF	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	14	3811	21 4 6	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	1	Current
6F99-748F-4298	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	14	3817	726	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	1	Current
856A-81C9- 73F2	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	6	3797	1	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	1	Current

On this screen:

- A colored column heading indicates that filtering is available.
- A blue icon or blue text indicates that an action is available.
- You can select individual devices to open new windows.

For example, select a security world to display the **Security World Detail** page.

Security World Detail For : c076c7d
Edit Security World Name
Health >
Security World Quorum 🕨
Client Hosts ▶
nShield HSMs 🕨
Keys <b>&gt;</b>
Card Sets 🖌

## 9.4.3. View > HSMs > Client Hosts by HSM

1. Navigate to Views > HSMs > Client Hosts by HSM.

The **Client Host by HSM** page opens.

2. When hovering over the text turns the text blue, click to expand.

6F99-74BF-429B . There are 2 client host(s) with this nShield.

A details window opens:

								HSM List Clie	ent Hosts By HS
lient Ho	osts By HSM								
Search	в								Ad
9FC6-30	000-0001 <del>~</del> Tr	nere are 1 c	client hosts(s)	with	this nShield	l.			
a Sear	ch:								Add
ک Sear	ch:								Add
Sear	ch: Monitoring	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.	HSMs	Alarm	Last Update	Location	Security World	Add HSMs Failed

This detail window has **4 navigation links** as summarized in the following table.

### Links on the Details window

Clicking	Opens this page	Notes
Name	See Client Host Detail page	

HSMs count	nShield HSMs page. This page lists all the <b>HSMs by Ser</b> - <b>ial Number</b>	The nShield HSMs page also con- tains a link under the Security World column. Clicking on the Security World identifier opens the <b>Security</b> <b>World Detail</b> page.
Alarm (hover over the colored alarm total box in the Alarm column, then click.)	Current Unacknowledged Alarm	Select the box associated with the alarm to open the <b>Acknowledge Alarm</b> window.
Security World (name or HashKNSO)	Security World Detail page.	

## 9.4.3.1. Client Host Detail page

Select the expansion arrows to open additional windows.

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 2
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.212"
Performance >
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver >
Security World Info 🕨
nShield HSMs ▶
nShield Card Sets 🕨
nShield Keys ►

Performance window:



Health window:

Monitoring:	ENABLED
status:	AVAIL_SNMP
Hardserver Status:	RUNNING
Number Of HSMs:	3
Applications With Active Connection To Hardserver:	7
Modules Failed:	TRUE
Hardserver Version:	2.92.1

Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver window:

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Q Sec	arch:						Add
-							7.00
▲ Connection Number	Upfime	Command Count	Reply Count	Remote IP Address	Process ID	Process Name	Total Object Count
3	48 Days : 17 Hours : 49 Minutes : 57 Seconds	0	173857643	0.0.0.0	0		Not available
4	48 Days : 17 Hours : 49 Minutes : 57 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	[legacy]	Not available
5	48 Days : 17 Hours : 49 Minutes : 57 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	[legacy]	Not available
6	48 Days : 17 Hours : 49 Minutes : 57 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	[legacy]	Not available
72561	36 Days : 23 Hours : 27 Minutes : 57 Seconds	20478472	20478471	0.0.0.0	0		Not available

### Security World Info window:

Security World Info +	
Security World Name:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
Security World State:	OPERATIONAL
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
hashKM:	1111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128



Clicking on the Security World identifier (for example, c076cd....), opens the **Security World Detail** page.

### nShield HSMs window:

nShield HSN	∕ls <del>~</del>			
Q Se	earch:			
Serial No.		Туре	Mode	Commands Last Hr.
6699-7484-30	DFF	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	6693
6F99-748F-42	9B	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	6664
F48C-82C8-3	ED9	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	6195

nShield Card Sets window:

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r	Shield	Card Sets 🗸		
	٩	Search:		
	Set Nan	ne	Client Host Count	Generation Time
	cmoc01		2	2016-09-16T23:49:30.4930Z
	001		3	2016-03-15T18:17:12.1712Z
	002		3	2016-03-15T23:07:15.715Z



Selecting a set name, opens the Card Set Detail page.

### Card Set Detail page:

Select the expansion arrows to open additional windows.

### nShield Keys window:

nShield Keys <del>-</del>			
Q Search:			Ad
Key Identifier/Name	Key Hash	Key Application Name	Client Hosts
6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d2515eafe53c964efd	1f3c2f6231f8fe07b3b31ecd1456651b88eca2d2	embed	(3)
8fd31935920b3b47abe145e7ecdbed87dba7fe55	429ce182a09a5b7cb088e64f9551ed61f181e317	embed	3
ff1	7386cc17bca937d59df56ff74f88207c1bd8edff	simple	3
ff2	bdbfdfa419715482c298d8238456b00749a8ddee	simple	3
ff3	16d84dab6309081da9aa374c0544b832cb19c8a8	simple	3

This window has two navigational links.

Selecting the Key Identifier opens the Key Detail page:

Key Detail for : 6ffc2755601f7472c8k
Edit Key Name
Health ▶
Security World Info 🖌
Client Hosts 🕨

Selecting the Client Hosts number opens the **Client Hosts By Key** page.

	t Hosts B	у Кеу						
	ame: 6ffc2755	601f7472c8b4	a3d2515eafe5	3c764e	id (8) Search	c		Ac
								_
Affor	2755401	f747208k	103025	1500	1653096/	lofd 1	[horo c	re 3 client host(s
	this key		9403023	TSec	11000704	ieiu -	inere c	ire 5 cilent nosi (s
Q	Search:							Add
<b>▲</b> Name	Monitoring	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.	HSMs	Alarm	Last Update	Location	Security World
Name Faisal CH 1	Monitoring			HSMs 2	Alarm 2		Location	Security World
Faisal		Status	Last Hr.			Update	Location	

### 9.4.3.2. Navigating to the Security World Detail page

1. Select a **Security World** name.

Security World Detail page opens.

Security World Detail For : c076c7d5f5fe
Edit Security World Name
Health ▶
Security World Quorum 🕨
Client Hosts >
nShield HSMs ▶
Keys ▶
Card Sets »

2. Select the **Health** expansion arrow.

lealth <del>-</del>	
Generation Time:	2016-01-29T00:00:00.00Z
Generating Module ESN:	856A-81C9-73F2
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
hashKM:	111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128

3. Select the Security World Quorum expansion arrow.

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KNSO Quorum	1
Total Number Of Admin Cards	3
Module Reprogramming (KM) Quorum	1
Recovery (KR) Quorum	1
Passphrase Recovery (KP) Quorum	1
NVRAM Authorization (KNV) Quorum	1
RTC Authorization (KRTC) Quorum	1
SEE Debugging Authorization (KDSEE) Quorum	1

### 4. Select Client Hosts.

Q Search:		
Name	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr
	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.
Name Faisal CH 1	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.  8741

The **Client Hosts** window has one navigational link.

5. Select a name from the Name column (for example, click on Faisal CH 1)

The **Client Host Detail** page opens:

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 1
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.154"
Performance >
Health >
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver >
Security World Info 🕨
nShield HSMs ▶
nShield Card Sets >
nShield Keys 🖌

# 9.4.4. View > Keys

# 9.4.4.1. Key > Key List

- 1. Navigate to Views > Keys.
- 2. Select Key List.

#### The Key Summary page opens.

Key Summary			
Q Search:			Ad
Key Name/Identifier	▼ Key Hash	Key Application Name	Client Host
mycInt1key1	fb008ee80db38ba3c6f998a5deccc229bd4bdb10	simple	3
training	fa0236587eec411e4c04f6f6a02b859217746e6e	simple	3
nirav	e37802af9d2e95ceef5dfabb1ded1f0533c9ff5a	simple	3
ffsimpleffoc5	e3560ba57b1a1d61dc3070dd993968f9d9ba7a5e	simple	1
ffkeysimpleaug242016	cc13803c17b133fc5bcf83a1992399ae2619ed86	simple	1

The Key Summary page has two navigation links:

- ° Key Name/Identifier
- ° Client Hosts
- 3. Select a Key Name to open the Key Detail for page.

Key Detail for : mycInt1key1
Edit Key Name
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Security World Info ▶
Client Hosts 🕨



Should you need to Edit the Key Name, Select **Edit Key Name**, rename the key and then select **Save**.

4. Select the expansion arrows to open the windows.



Blue font indicates that the text is a link. Click on the blue text to drill deeper. For example, click on Faisal CH 1 to open the **Client Host Detail** page.

Health:

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lealth <del>v</del>				
Key Application Name :	simple			
Key Identifier :	mycln11key1			
Key Hash :	fb008ee80db38ba3c6f998a5deccc229bd4bdb10			
Key Protection :	MODULE			
Key Recovery :	ENABLED			
Time Limit :	0			
Pre-authentication Use Time Limit :	0			
Generating Module ESN :	Not available			
Protecting Cardset Hash :				

### Security World Info:

Security World Info 🗸	
Security World Name:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
Security World State:	OPERATIONAL
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
hashKM:	111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128

### **Client Hosts**:

Client Hosts 🗸	Client Hosts 🗸					
Q Search:						
Name	Hardserver Status	Command Last Hr.				
Faisal CH 1	RUNNING	8448				
Faisal CH 2	RUNNING	4248015				
Faisal SW2 CH1	RUNNING	1305886				

# 9.4.4.2. Keys > Client Hosts By Key

1. Select Client Hosts By Key.

The Client Hosts By Key page opens.

								Key List	Client Hosts By Key
Client	t Hosts B	у Кеу							
S	earch:								Add
		F7 170-0K				-961of			lient host(s)
			5405025		nesse	.70401	u • me		
	this key		J403023	IJEC	ile300	"	u • me		
			J4U3UZ3	i Jec		") "			
with	this key		J4Q3QZ3	IJEC		) )	u • me		Add
with a	Search:					<u>.</u>			
with	this key		Commands Last Hr.	HSMs	Alarm	Last Update	Location	Security World	
with	Search:	- Hardserver	Commands			Last		Security World	

- 2. When hovering over the text turns the text blue, click to expand.
- 3. Select a device.

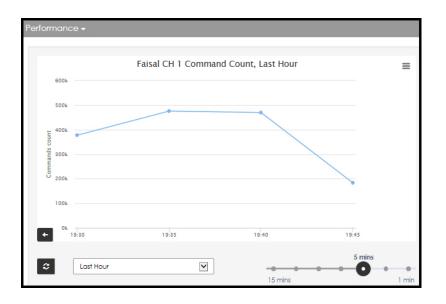
▲ Name	Monitoring	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.	HSMs	Alarm	Last Update	Location	Security World
Faisal CH 1	ENABLED	RUNNING	8287	2		Current		c076c7d5f5fe8419
Faisal CH 2	ENABLED	RUNNING	4176863	3	1 2	Current		c076c7d5f5fe8419
Faisal SW2 CH1	ENABLED	RUNNING	1284446	2	68	Current		c076c7d5f5fe841

The **Client Host Detail** page opens.

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 1
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.154"
Performance >
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver $lacksquare$
Security World Info »
nShield HSMs 🕨
nShield Card Sets >
nShield Keys 🕨

4. Select the expansion arrows to open the windows.

### Performance:



### Health:

Health <del>-</del>	
Monitoring:	ENABLED
Status:	AVAIL_SNMP
Hardserver Status:	RUNNING
Number Of HSMs:	2
Applications With Active Connection To Hardserver:	5
Modules Failed:	TRUE
Hardserver Version:	2.92.1
Hardserver Port:	9004
Hardserver Uptime:	45 Days : 20 Hours : 49 Minutes : 18 Seconds

Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver:

Q Search: Add							
Connection	Uptime	Command Count	Reply Count	Remote IP Address	Process ID	Process Name	Total Object Count
1	45 Days : 20 Hours : 49 Minutes : 18 Seconds	0	133087929	0.0.0.0	0		Not availabl
5	45 Days : 20 Hours : 48 Minutes : 46 Seconds	0	0	0.0.0.0	0	[legacy]	Not availabl
29754	41 Days : 01 Hours : 03 Minutes : 14	12138154	12138153	0.0.0.0	0		Not available

Security World Info:

curity World Info <del>-</del>	
Security World Name:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
Security World State:	OPERATIONAL
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
hashKM:	111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128

### nShield HSMs

nShield HSMs 🗸			
Q Search:			Add
Serial No.	Туре	Mode	Commands Last Hr.
9FC6-3000-53C9	SOLO	OPERATIONAL	4378
F48C-82C8-3ED9	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	1418772

# nShield Card Sets:

nShield Card Set	ts 🗸	
Q Search:		
Set Name	Client Host Count	Generation Time
ffoc1	1	2016-08-24T19:08:11.811Z
oc1	3	2016-03-15T18:17:12.1712Z
oc2	3	2016-03-15T23:07:15.715Z

### nShield Keys:

Shield Keys 🗸			
Q Search:			Add
Key Identifier/Name	Key Hash	Key Application Name	Client Hosts
6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d2515eafe53c964efd	1f3c2f6231f8fe07b3b31ecd1456651b88eca2d2	embed	3
8fd31935920b3b47abe145e7ecdbed87dba7fe55	429ce182a09a5b7cb088e64f9551ed61f181e317	embed	3
ff1	7386cc17bca937d59df56ff74f88207c1bd8edff	simple	3
ff2	bdbfdfa419715482c298d8238456b00749a8ddee	simple	3
ff3	16d84dab6309081da9aa374c0544b832cb19c8a8	simple	3

# 9.4.5. Card Sets

1. Navigate to Views > Card Sets.

### 9.4.5.1. View > Card Set > List

1. Navigate to Views > Card Sets > Card Set List.

The Card Set Summary page opens.

	Card Set List	Client Hosts By Card Set
Card Set Summary		
Q Search:		Add
▼ Set Name	Client Host Count	
oc2	3	
oc1	3	
ffoc1	1	
cmoc01	2	

2. Select a Set Name to open a specific Card Set Detail page.



3. Select the expansion arrow to open the windows.

### Health:

Health <del>-</del>					
hashKLTU:	51aa06c4a79c0b696c2c3df48dc641f8c24f804a				
Quorum Count (k):	1				
Total Number Of Cards(N):	1				
Timeout :	0				
Generation Time :	2016-03-15T23:07:15.715Z				

### Security World Info:

#### Chapter 9. Views

Security World Info 🗸	
Security World Name:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
Security World State:	OPERATIONAL
hashKNSO:	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd
hashKM:	111d3dbf3fc3412e2d637e97e19614baa1362128

nShield Keys Protected By This Card Set:

nShield Keys Pro	tected By This Card Set <del>+</del>
<b>9</b> There of	are no keys to display.
A	When there are no ke

When there are no keys to display, the system indicates such.

### **Client Hosts**:

Client Hosts 🗸		
Q Search:	***	Add
Name	Hardserver Status	Command Last Hr.
Faisal CH 1	RUNNING	8376
Faisal CH 2	CH2 RUNNING 4243090	
Faisal SW2 CH1	RUNNING	1306549

### 9.4.5.2. View > Card Sets > Client Hosts By Card Set

1. Navigate to Views > Card Sets > Client Hosts By Card Set.

The **Client Hosts By Card Set** page opens.

Clie	ent Hosts By Card Set	
		_
۹	Search:	Add
C	moc01 . There are 2 client host(s) with this cards	set.
ffe	bc1 There are 1 client host(s) with this cardset.	
1000		
00	c1 • There are 3 client host(s) with this cardset.	
0(	c2 , There are 3 client host(s) with this cardset.	
-00		

2. When hovering over the text turns the text blue, click to expand.

			4	3					
				-					
	untere de des	tette tracto	c. 55						
Clien	t Hosts B	y Card S	et						
S	earch:								A
cmc	rc01 - Tr	ere are	2 client h	nosti	s) with	this c	ardset		
cmo	001 <del>-</del> Th	nere are	2 client h	nost(s	s) with	n this c	ardset		
	Cassala		2 client h	nost(s	s) with	n this c	ardset		1.11
cma	Search:		2 client ł	nost(s	s) with	n this c	ardset		Add
	Cassala		2 client ł	nost(s	s) with	n this c	ardset		Add
	Cassala		2 client h	HSMs	6) with	Last Update	cardset	Security World	Add HSM Faile
۹ [	Search:	Hardserver	Commands			Lost			HSM Faile

3. Continue to click on the blue text to drill deeper.

For example, clicking on the Security World identifier opens the **Security World Detail** page:

Security World Detail For : c076c7d5f5fe841
Edit Security World Name
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Security World Quorum >
Client Hosts >
nShield HSMs ▶
Keys 🕨
Card Sets >

# 9.4.6. Security Worlds

### 9.4.6.1. Views > Security Worlds > Security World List

1. Navigate to Views > Security Worlds > Security World List.

The Security World Summary page opens.

Q Search:					A
▲ Name	HashKNSO	Client Hosts	nShield	Generation Time	Generating Module ESM

2. Click on the blue text to drill deeper.

▼ Name	HashKNSO
c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd

For example, clicking on the Security World HashKNSO opens the **Security World Detail** page.

Security World Detail For : c076c7d5f5fe
Edit Security World Name
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Security World Quorum 🕨
Client Hosts »
nShield HSMs ▶
ćeys ▶
Card Sets >

3. Click on the expansion arrows to open additional windows.

### 9.4.6.2. Security Worlds > HSMs By Security World

1. Navigate to **Security Worlds > HSMs By Security World**.

The HSMs By Security World page opens.

HSMs B	y Securi	ty World						
Q Sea	rch:							A
		8419c3877 nis security		Bcaba	ica7592f	d <del>-</del> The	ere a	re 4
٩	Search:							Add
nShiel	d HSMs	_						
	Туре	Mode	Monitoring		Commands	Alarms	Client	Last
Serial No.	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		licitionity	Objects	Last Hr.		Host (s)	Update
6699- 74B4- 30FF	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	10	2069927	11	2	Current
6F99- 74BF- 429B	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	10	2069657	11	2	Current

2. When hovering over the text turns the text blue, click to expand.

nShield HSMs								
▲ Serial No.	Туре	Mode	Monitoring	Objects	Commands Last Hr.	Alarms	Client Host (s)	Last Update
6699- 7484- 3€	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	10	2069927	11	2	Current
6F99- 74BF- 429B	CONNECT	OPERATIONAL	ENABLED	10	2069657	11	2	Current

3. Select a Serial Number to open the HSM Detail page.

HSM Detail for : 6699-74B4-30FF	
Managed By Group(s) : "Group 1, Group 2"	IP Address
Performance >	
Configuration >	
Health <b>&gt;</b>	
Security World Info 🕨	
Client Hosts 🕨	
Applications with Active Connection to Hardser	ver <b>&gt;</b>

4. Select the expansion arrows to open additional windows.

### 9.4.6.3. Security Worlds > Client Hosts By Security World

1. Navigate to Security Worlds > Client Hosts By Security World.

The Client Hosts By Security World page opens.

2. When hovering over the text, the font turns blue, click to expand.



The page expands:

Client H Q Sear		Security V	Vorld					Adc
client			78e34c48d urity world.		ca759	2fd <del>-</del> Ti	here ar	e 3 Add
Name	Monitoring	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.	HSMs	Alarm	Last Update	Location	A HSMs Failed
Faisal CH 2	ENABLED	RUNNING	4248634	3	12	Current		False
Faisal SW2 CH1	ENABLED	RUNNING	1310283	2	68	Current		False
Faisal CH 1	ENABLED	RUNNING	8419	2	1	Current		True

The blue font indicates that there are two links on this page. That is, data in the name column, and count total in the HSMs column.

3. Select a specific Name. For example, click on Faisal CH 2.

The **Client Host Detail for: Faisal CH 2** page opens.

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 1
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.154"
Performance )
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver •
Security World Info 🕨
nShield HSMs ▶
nShield Card Sets ►
nShield Keys 🕨

- 4. Select the expansion arrows to open additional windows.
- 5. Continue to click on the blue text to drill deeper.

### 9.4.6.4. Security Worlds > Keys By Security World

1. Navigate to Security Worlds > Keys By Security World.

The Keys By Security World page opens.

Keys By Security World			
Q Search:			
c074c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34	c48cabaca7592fd + There are	15  key(s) in the	ais
security world.	C46Cubucu/372iu → mere ure		115
Q Search:			
Key Name/Identifier	Key Hash	Key Application Name	Client Hosts
6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d2515eafe53c964efd	1f3c2f6231f8fe07b3b31ecd1456651b88eca2d2	embed	3
8fd31935920b3b47abe145e7ecdbed87dba7fe55	429ce182a09a5b7cb088e64f9551ed61f181e317	embed	3
ff1	7386cc17bca937d59df56ff74f88207c1bd8edff	simple	3
ff2	bdbfdfa419715482c298d8238456b00749a8ddee	simple	



Both the Key Name/Identifier and the Client Host columns contain blue font. Blue font indicates an active link. For example purposes, the following step selects the Key Name/Identifier.

2. Select the Key Name/Identifier.

Key Name/Identifier	K
6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d2515eafe53c964efd	1f
8fd319359zdb3b47abe145e7ecdbed87dba7fe55	42

The Key Detail page opens.

Key Detail for : 6ffc2755601f7472c8b4a3d
Edit Key Name
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Security World Info 🕨
Client Hosts >

- 3. Select the expansion arrows to open additional windows.
- 4. Continue to click on the blue text to drill deeper.

### 9.4.6.5. Security Worlds > Card Sets By Security World

1. Navigate to View > Security Worlds > Card Sets By Security World.

The Card Sets By Security World page opens.

Card Sets By Security World						
Q Search:		Add				
	419c38778e34c48cab ard set(s) in this securi					
▲ Set Name	Client Host Count					
cmoc01	2					
ffoc1	1					
oc1	3					
oc2	3					

2. Select a Set Name to open the Card Set Detail page.



3. Select the expansion arrows to open the windows.

Card Set Detail for : cmoc01					
Health <del>-</del>					
hashKLTU:		1417ef9958bbb2e1b3	30045fcddf1df6292b24644		
Quorum Count (k):		1			
Total Number Of Cards(N):		2			
Timeout :		0			
Generation Time :	Generation Time :		2016-09-16T23:49:30.4930Z		
Security World Info <del>-</del>					
Security World Name:	c	76c7d5f5fe8419c38778	3e34c48cabaca7592fd		
Security World State: OPERATIONAL					
hashKNSO: c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd					
hashKM:	11	1d3dbf3fc3412e2d637	e97e19614baa1362128		
nShield Keys Protecte	ed l	By This Card Set <del>-</del>			
• There are no keys to display.					
Client Hosts 🗸					
Q Search:			Add		
Name	Har	dserver Status	Command Last Hr.		
Faisal CH 2	RUN	INING	13032		
Faisal SW2 CH1	RUN	INING	3927122		

4. Select the Client Host Count (from the Card Sets By Security World page).

Card Sets By Sec	urity World	
Q Search:		Add
	19c38778e34c48 Ird set(s) in this se	
Q Search:		Add
▲ Set Name	Client Host Count	
cmoc01	2 	
ffoc1		
oc1	3	
oc2	3	

The Client Hosts By Card Set page opens.

		y Card S							
N	ame: cmoc01	Search	:						Ad
cma	oc01 → Th Search:		2 client I	host(	s) with	n this c	ardset		Add
			- · ·	HSMs	Alorm	last		Security World	_
<b>▲</b> Name	Monitoring	Hardserver Status	Commands Last Hr.		Auann	Update	Location	Second World	HSM Faile
Name Faisal CH 2	Monitoring ENABLED		e e i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	3	1 2		Location	c076c7d5f5fe8419c38778e34c48cabaca7592fd	

5. Select Name to open the Client Host Detail page.

Client Host Detail for : Faisal CH 2
IP Address/Host Name : "10.1.7.212"
Performance >
Health <b>&gt;</b>
Applications with Active Connection to Hardserver $\mbox{\textbf{F}}$
Security World Info 🕨
nShield HSMs >
nShield Card Sets >
nShield Keys >

6. Select the expansion arrows to open the windows.

# 10. Reports

With nShield Monitor, you can create pre-generated reports and send them to a PDF file or export them to a CSV file. These reports can provide valuable information pertaining to a specific HSM or group in near real time. You can also schedule a report to periodically track a group or a specific HSM over time.

With the Reports feature you can track device utilization and loading trends, as well as cross HSM (details per HSM as selected).

# 10.1. Generate Reports

1. Navigate to: Reports > Generate Reports

The Generate Report page opens.

2. Select the Groups and Devices drop down arrow.

The down menu opens.

3. Select a Group. (In the example above, the Group is titled "nShield".)

The Group Report and Device Report options display.



Follow this link to see the Device Report menus/options: Device Report.

# 10.1.1. Group Report

1. Select Group Report

The Generate Report page opens.

2. Optionally, select **Show Top 10 Devices** to limit the report to the top 10 devices.



You may need to scroll down the screen to access the expansion arrows.

3. Select the **Report Configuration** expansion arrows.

The Report Configuration window opens.

- 4. Enter a report name.
- 5. Expand the drop down arrows and use the radio button to set your report's specifica-

#### Chapter 10. Reports

tions.

- 6. Scroll to the Utilization and Loading Trends Options window.
- 7. Expand the drop down arrow.
- 8. Modify the default settings, based on preference.
- 9. Select Generate Report.

# 10.1.2. Device Report

- 1. Select **Device Report**.
- 2. Select a device type.



To see the flow for device type **Client Hosts**, go to: Device report for Client Hosts.

The device selection window opens.

3. Select, by single clicking, the devices from the **Available Devices** window for inclusion in your report.



The click will toggle the device between the **Selected Devices** window and the **Available Devices** window.

The selected device moves to the **Selected Devices** window.



You may need to scroll down to access the expansion arrows for additional views.

- 4. Select the expansion arrow to open the **Report Configuration** window.
- 5. Enter the report name and select the drop down arrows to display additional selections.
- 6. Select your preferences.
- 7. Select the expansion arrow to open the **Utilization and Loading Trends Options** window.
- 8. Set your preferences.
- 9. Select Generate Report.

# 10.1.3. Device report for client hosts

1. Navigate to: Generate Report > Groups and Devices > Device Report > Client Hosts

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The Client Host Cross-HSM device report supports 2,500 nShield keys. That is, the report limits the number of keys to 2,500 even if there are more keys on the client host.

2. Select, by single clicking, the devices in the **Available Devices** window to move the device into the **Selected Devices** window.



The click will toggle the device between the **Selected Devices** window and the **Available Devices** window.



You may need to scroll down to access the expansion arrows for additional views.

- 3. Select the expansion arrows to open the Report Configuration window.
- 4. Enter a report name and select the drop down arrows to display additional selections.
- 5. Select your preferences.
- 6. Select the expansion arrow to open the Loading Trends Options window.
- 7. Set your thresholds.
- 8. Select Generate Report.

# 10.2. Scheduled Reports

1. Navigate to: Reports > Scheduled Reports

The Scheduled Reports page opens.

2. Select the report name.

Sch	eduled	l Repo	orts					
Delete	e Job(s)							
۹	Search	:						Add
	Enabled	<b>▲</b> Name	Group	Last Run	Next Run	Frequency	File Type	
	☑ (	CH-R	nShield	2018-12- 11T18:00:00.00Z	2018-12- 11T19:00:00.00Z	HOURLY	PDF	
		ch-uit	nShield	2018-12- 11T18:00:00.00Z	2018-12- 11T19:00:00.00Z	HOURLY	PDF	
	✓	devl	nShield	2018-12- 11T18:00:00.00Z	2018-12- 11T19:00:00.00Z	HOURLY	PDF	
		grp1	nShield	2018-12- 11T18:00:00.00Z	2018-12- 11T19:00:00.00Z	HOURLY	PDF	

The report page opens.

# 10.2.1. Downloading individual reports

The report page also provides download links.

1. Select **Download Report**.

You can open the downloaded report or save the report in a specific folder.

# 10.2.2. Downloading reports in bulk

Selecting Bulk Download uses a toggle:

1. Select the check box of the first report to download.

The **Bulk Download** and **Delete Report** tabs activate as soon as you have selected a report.



To activate the Select All feature, select the box at the header. This check box can also be used to clear you selections.



Conversely, you can click specific check boxes to customize the download. The check box selection can be toggled.

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2. Select **Bulk Download** to initiate the download.

You can open the zip file containing the selected reports or save the zip file in a specific folder.

# 10.2.3. Delete Reports

1. Select the report(s) to be deleted.

Once the check box is selected the **Delete Report(s)** option activates.

2. Select Delete Report(s).

The system prompts for confirmation.

3. Select Confirm Delete.

# 11. Alarms

# 11.1. General description

Alarms events must be acknowledged before they can be cleared. Until an alarm is acknowl edged it remains reported in the alarm totals.

For example:

Alarm	
7 1 14	
9 1 14	
9 1 14	

Alarms can be monitored actively and historically.

Active alarms (unacknowledged alarms) appear on the main menu by clicking on the icon that looks like an exclamation.

When there are any active alarms, this icon changes color to indicate the highest alarm active.

Select the Alarms tab, in the main menu, to view Alarm History.

Alarms can always be exported, by selecting Export Alarm History (CSV) from the Alarm His tory page.

# 11.2. Acknowledging alarms in bulk

1. From any Alarm count column, select the alarm total.

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Alarm	
Warning	
3	

The Current Unacknowledged Alarms page opens.

2. Select all the alarms that you want to acknowledge.

Curre	Current Unacknowledged Alarms				
Q Se	Q Severity: WARNING Search:				
	Date/Time	Severity			
	2017-01-23T20:41:11.718Z	WARNING			
	2017-01-23T20:41:11.715Z	WARNING			
	2017-01-23T20:41:11.711Z	WARNING			
	2017-01-23T20:38:18.489Z	WARNING			
	2017-01-23T20:38:18.488Z	WARNING			
15					

3. Select Acknowledge Alarm.



# 11.3. Acknowledging an individual alarm

1. Navigate to: Alarms > Alarm History

The Alarm History page opens.

2. Select (that is, single click) on the alarms severity level.

The Acknowledgment Alarm page opens.

INFO Acknowledge Alarm	
Alarm Date/Time:	
2017-03-15T15:05:35.535Z	
Alarm ID:	
AVrSgLbgxH-kyRY2QB6g	
Alarm Message:	
The connection status is now SNMP accessible for Enhance	ed payShie
Acknowledgement Comments ( Optional ):	
Acknowledge Alarm Cancel	

- 3. Enter any Acknowledgment Comments in, if needed.
- 4. Select Acknowledge Alarm.

The Alarm History page opens.

5. Select Export Alarm History (CSV). The file can now be saved or opened.

The system prompts asking if you would prefer to Open or Save the .csv file.

6. Select your preference.



# 12. nShield CLI Commands

# 12.1. GUI initialization

Upon the startup of the nShield Monitor Virtual Appliance, the CLI will wait for the GUI to finish initializing (at the first boot and every reboot). This operation can take up to 60 seconds. If GUI initialization is not completed by then, the user is logged out and asked to log back in later.

# 12.2. Setting a password

If you are using the One Time Password (OTP), you will be asked to change it after logging in and before accessing any of the CLI operations.

You are prompted with the following password requirements:

- Length should be between eight and sixteen characters
- · Should contain at least two capital letters
- · Should contain at least two lower case letter,
- · Should contain at least two digits
- · Should contain at least two special characters
- 1. Enter the old password.
- 2. Enter the new password.



The new password is checked for the requirements above and com pared with the old password. If it fails to comply with the requirements or if the new password is the same as the old one, the user is prompted with the associated error and/or the requirements and is directed back to step 2.

3. Enter the password confirmation.

The only check that is performed is whether the two passwords match.

If it fails, it will prompt the error and start from step 2 above.

If it is successful, you will proceed to the CLI commands of the wizard.

# 12.3. Master key status

After the setup wizard has run and the mandated passwords have been entered, a status message for the master key may be prompted. This occurs if the master key needs to be reloaded, or generated and loaded.

# 12.4. CLI setup wizard

# 12.4.1. Log in

- 1. Connect to the IP address.
- 2. Login as administrator.

The CLI Setup Wizard initializes at the first boot. It will only initialize if the entire wizard setup has not yet run, or if the following steps of the wizard failed: **Set User Email**, or **Create Administrators**.

The wizard prompts you to perform the following operations:

- Set the user's email
- Create two administrators
- Configure the network
- Configure the date and time
- Set two passwords for system key

Once the user logs in, the CLI verifies if the Virtual Machine (VM) has an IP address. If it does, it will prompt the user with the IP address and the URL to launch the wizard from a web browser.



If the Virtual Machine (VM) does not have an IP address, the CLI will prompt the user to set the static network configuration before running the Wizard. Until the IP address is set, the user will not be able to run the Wizard.

# 12.5. Welcome

1. Select **y** to start the CLI Setup Wizard.



Select **n** if you need to exit and logout.

# 12.6. EULA

The EULA is displayed one page at a time.

1. Navigate the EULA:

A

- 2. Scroll up and down the page using up and down arrows
- 3. Select Enter to scroll down the page
- 4. Enter **q** to quit EULA at any time
- 5. Scroll to the bottom of the page, which will automatically close the EULA
- 6. Select y to agree to the terms of the EULA.

Select **n** if your need to exit and logout (after 5 seconds).

The system prompts to set the default user email.

# 12.7. Set User's Email

The requirements for an email address are:

- Alphanumeric characters and < or \_ or .>@<alphanumeric characters and < or .>
- The two parts before and after the "@" cannot start or end with a non-alphanumeric character.
- The email cannot contain successive dots, dashes or underscores.
- 1. Enter your email address.
- 2. Re-enter your email address to confirm.

The system prompts to create your Administrators.

# 12.8. Create Administrators

- 1. Enter the User Name for Administrator One.
- 2. Enter the first administrator's email address; verify that the email address is valid.
- 3. Enter the first administrator's email address confirmation; verify that the email addresses match.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 above to create second administrator.

Once the administrators are created, the system prompts for network configuration.

# 12.9. Configure network

#### Chapter 12. nShield CLI Commands

The wizard will show the current network configuration.

- 1. Select the network configuration.
- 2. If DHCP, enter:
  - <sup>°</sup> hostname (optional)
  - mail host (optional)
  - ° Interface (optional)



Interface can be skipped by pressing enter (system defaults to eth0).

- 3. If Static, enter:
  - hostname (mandatory)
  - IP (mandatory)
  - ° netmask (mandatory)
  - ° gateway (mandatory)
  - ° domain (optional)
  - ° primary DNS (optional)
  - ° secondary DNS (optional)
  - <sup>°</sup> mail host (optional)
  - Interface (optional)



Interface can be skipped by pressing enter (system defaults to eth0).

4. To Keep the current configuration, enter: mail host(optional)

The system continues with Master Key Generation and prompts you to create Passphrase One.

# 12.10. Generate system key

1. Enter Passphrase One and then re-enter to confirm.

The system prompts for Passphrase Two.

2. Enter Passphrase Two and then re-enter to confirm.

The system prompts to configure date and time.

# 12.11. Configure date and time

- 1. Choose between NTP and NTP Disable (manual configuration).
  - ° Enter 1 or 2 based on your preference:
  - <sup>°</sup> Enter: **1** for dynamic configuration (NTP enabled)

Follow the prompts to complete the configuration.

- 2. Enter servers (this is only optional if a server is already configured, otherwise this is mandatory).
  - ° Check for server regular expression.
  - ° Select timezone (optional).



Each parameter is checked. If a failure occurs, you are prompted to reenter the parameter.

- 1. Enter **2** for manual configuration (NTP disabled)
- 2. Follow the prompts to complete the configuration:
  - Enter date (optional)
  - Enter time (optional)
  - <sup>°</sup> Select timezone (optional)



Each parameter is checked. If a failure occurs, you are prompted to reenter the parameter.

The system now prompts for initialization.

# 12.12. Initialize

1. Select **y** to start performing all operations.



Select **n** if you need to log out.

The initialization process is performed in the following order:

- · Generate and load master key.
- Set user's email (if this fails, it will log out after five seconds).
- Create administrators (if this fails, it will log out after five seconds).
- Set mailhost.
- Configure network.

• Set NTP (on/off). Configure date, time and timezone and/or NTP servers.

If the date-time configuration is successful, a reboot is triggered.

You can log back in and restart the wizard if:



- Initialization failed
- Initialization was interrupted before setting Date/Time and Network
- You logged out before initialization.

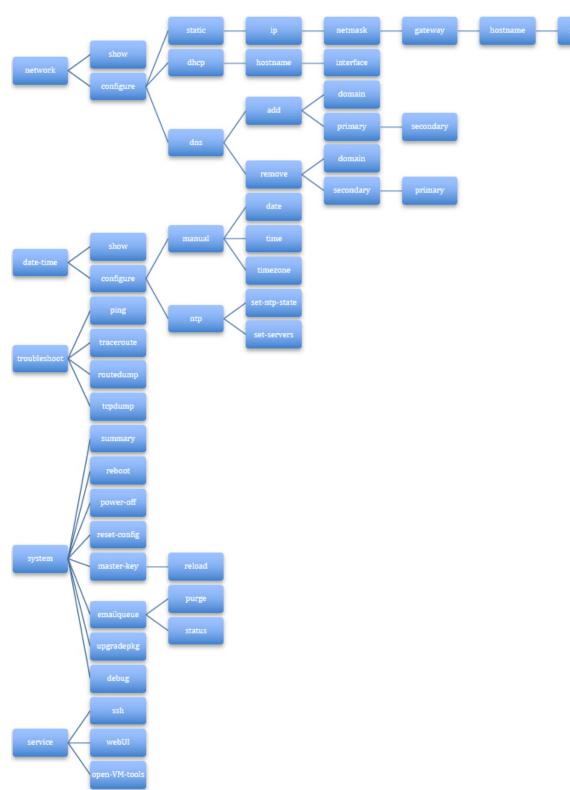
# 12.13. CLI commands

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# 12.14. Network commands

Action

Show current network configuration



#### Chapter 12. nShield CLI Commands

Input	> network show
Output	Mode (dhcp or static) IP address Netmask Gateway Host Name Primary DNS IP Secondary DNS IP Domain Name Mail Host (if any) Interface (if any)

Action	Configure dynamic network
Input	> network configure dhcp hostname <hostname> interfacename <interface></interface></hostname>
Output	Hostname is optional. Interface is optional

Action	Configure static network
Input	> network configure static hostname <hostname> ip <ip> netmask <netmask> gateway <gateway> interfacename <interface></interface></gateway></netmask></ip></hostname>
Details	All parameters are mandatory. Interface is optional

Action	Add/overwrite DNS parameters
Input	> network configure dns add domain <domain name=""> primary <primary dns=""> secondary <secondary dns=""> interfacename <interface></interface></secondary></primary></domain>
Details	Commands to set domain name and primary DNS/secondary DNS can be performed sepa- rately or together in one command. Only prompt for secondary if primary is entered to ensure that primary DNS is not left blank. Interfacename is optional

Action	Remove DNS parameters
Input	<pre>&gt; network configure dns remove domain <domain name=""> primary <primary dns=""> secondary <secondary dns=""> interfacename <interface></interface></secondary></primary></domain></pre>
Details	Commands to remove domain name and primary DNS/secondary DNS can be performed separately or together in one command. Only prompt for primary if secondary is entered to ensure that primary DNS is not left blank. If the domain name is removed, it will be replaced by « localdomain » Interface name is optional

### 12.15. Date-time commands

Date-time configuration triggers system reboot if configuration has succeeded.

Action	Show date and time configuration
Input	> date-time show
Output	NTP enabled : <yes no=""> Date/time Timezone Day light saving status : <yes no=""> NTP server list (if any)</yes></yes>

Action	Switch NTP on or off
Input	<pre>&gt; date-time configure ntp set-ntp-state <on off=""></on></pre>
Details	set-ntp-state is mandatory. Set it to « on » to enable NTP and set it to « off » to disable NTP. If enabled, NTP will try synchronizing with NTP servers. If it fails, it will remain disabled. Note: check with « date-time show » command if any servers were configured.

Action	Set NTP servers
Input	> date-time configure ntp set-servers <"list of servers">
Details	This command removes all previous servers (if any) sets the new list of servers. In CLI, provide the list of servers between double quotes. If there is only one server then there is no need for quotes. Examples : date-time configure ntp set-servers us.pool.ntp.org date-time configure ntp set-servers "us.pool.ntp.org time.nist.gov"

Action	Configure date and time manually
Input	> date-time configure manual date <date> time <time> timezone <select from="" list=""></select></time></date>
Details	NTP has to be disabled to perform this operation. Commands to set date, time and timezone can be performed separately or together in one command.

### 12.16. System commands

Action	Power off the system
Input	> system power-off
Details	This operation can take up to 60 seconds

Action	Reboot the system	
Input	> system reboot	
Details	This operation can take up to 60 seconds	

Action	Reset the system to factory settings
Input	> system reset-config
Details	This operation can take up to 60 seconds

Action	Show the summary of system information
Input	> system summary
Details	SSH state indicates only the user's configuration for SSH through the CLI (« service ssh enable/disable » command.) * 'enable': if user configured SSH using « service ssh enable » * 'disable': if user configured SSH using « service ssh disable »
Output	Serial Number Software Version System Uptime Disk Usage Services status License Type : Evaluation/Product. If evaluation then show remaining days. Upgrade history (if any) SSH state Web UI state

Action	Reload Master Key
Input	> system master-key reload
Details	Reload master key when master key is generated but not loaded. Master key has to be reloaded after each reboot.

Action	Show current state of debug
Input	> system debug show
Details	Show current state of debug

Action	Enable logging of debug message
Input	> system debug configure set-debug-state on
Details	Enable debug logging
Action	Disable logging of debug message
Input	

Input	> system debug configure set-debug-state off	J
Details	Disable debug logging	

### 12.17. Email queue commands

Action	Disable logging of debug message	
Input	> system debug configure set-debug-state off	
Details	Disable debug logging	

Action	Show the outstanding emails queued up in the system
Input	> system emailqueue status
Output	EMAIL QUEUE SUMMARY Pending mail requests: nn

Action	Purge system email queue
Input	> system emailqueue purge
Output	EMAIL QUEUE PURGE STATUS Mail purge status: success

### 12.18. Troubleshooting commands

Action	Ping host name or IP address	
Input	> troubleshoot ping <ip address="" hostname=""></ip>	

Action	Traceroute host name or IP address	
Input	> troubleshoot traceroute <ip address="" hostname=""></ip>	
Details	This operation may take up to 450 seconds (7.5 min)	

Action	Show routing tables	
Input	> troubleshoot routedump	

Action	ion Dump traffic on the network to a file	
Input	> troubleshoot tcpdump <on off=""></on>	
Details	The file is overwritten every time tcpdump is turned on	

Action	Export debug logs through SCP	
Input	> troubleshoot export_logs server <ip> username <name> dest_dir <destination path=""> port <optional_port_number></optional_port_number></destination></name></ip>	
Optional	port and debug_db_data are optional parameters	
Details	This command is used to export debug logs using SCP. The users should have valid access to SCP server with username and destination directory. Port number is optional and the default SCP port would be used if not provided. User is prompted to enter correct password after executing the command.	

### 12.19. Service commands

Action	Enable/Disable SSH	
Input	> service ssh <enable disable=""></enable>	
Details	Details By default, it is disabled as well as after each reboot	

Action	Enable/Disable webUI	
Input	> service webUI <enable disable=""></enable>	

Action	Enable/Disable OVT
Input	> service open-vm-tools enable This will enable Open VMware Tools. Proceed? [y/n]



CLI access is restricted to Administrator accounts only. Manager accounts cannot access the CLI. A proper error message will be displayed.

# 13. Licensing

### 13.1. Introduction

The nShield Monitor Virtual Appliance offers several license options as listed below.

Order Code	Description		
nShield Monitor monitoring software licenses for installation onto customer-supplied workstation or PC.			
NT-SW-V2S	nShield Monitor software license - single		
NT-SW-V2D	nShield Monitor software license - dual		
NT-SW-V2E	nShield Monitor software license - Enterprise		
NT-LIC-ADD50	Adds additional 50 endpoints		
nShield (endpoints) to be moni able.	nShield (endpoints) to be monitored. A maximum of 500 endpoints per monitoring software license is avail- able.		
NT-LIC-ADD5	nShield Monitor endpoint license – 5 additional		
NT-LIC-ADD10	nShield Monitor endpoint license – 10 additional		
NT-LIC-ADD20	nShield Monitor endpoint license – 20 additional		
NT-LIC-ADD50	nShield Monitor endpoint license – 50 additional		
NT-LIC-ENTERPRISE	nShield Monitor endpoint license – Enterprise (500 endpoints valid for NTM 2.5 and later, 300 endpoints for NTM 2.4.1 and earlier)		
Post-installation upgrades			
NT-DVD-V2	nShield Monitor installation image on DVD		
NT-LICU-S2D	Upgrade from single to dual license		
NT-LICU-S2E	Upgrade from single to Enterprise license		
NT-LICU-D2E	Upgrade from dual to Enterprise license		

#### License Options

# 14. Enterprise Firewall Settings

If the nShield Monitor appliance is separated from any of its services or endpoints by a firewall, you must configure the firewall to allow passage of the appropriate IP protocols. For example:

- Services, such as NTP, DNS, or SMTP server.
- Endpoints, such as users devices.

The table in this section lists the ports that, at a minimum, you must configure to support connectivity.

Protocol	Transport	Port	Direction	Description
Echo1	N/A	N/A	Both	Echo/ICMP Pings
SSH	TCP/UDP	22	Inbound	nShield Monitor Remote Console Man- agement
HTTPS	ТСР	443	Both	nShield Monitor Web UI & firmware upgrade
DNS	TCP/UDP	53	Outbound	nShield Monitor Web UI & firmware upgrade DNS
NTP	UDP	123	Outbound	nShield Monitor utilization of Network Time Protocol
SNMP	UDP	161	Outbound	Monitoring devices via SNMPV3
SNMP	UDP	162	Outbound	SNMPV3 Notification
System Log	UDP	514	Outbound	Remote system log alerts
SMTP	ТСР	25	Outbound	nShield Monitor sending email alerts
SMTP	ТСР	465	Outbound	nShield Monitor sending email alerts
FTP	ТСР	21	Both	nShield Monitor firmware upgrade option
НТТР	TCP/UDP	80	Outbound	nShield Monitor firmware upgrade option
Echo Reply			Both	ICMP Response (code 0)
Echo Request			Both	ICMP Request (code 8)

#### Port Configurations

## 15. Troubleshooting

This appendix describes nShield Monitor troubleshooting information.

### 15.1. Global Troubleshooting Enhancement feature

### 15.1.1. Overview

HSMs, nShield Monitor (NM) Servers, and nShield Monitor users can be globally dispersed crossing multiple time zones. nShield Monitor stores all collected HSM events in Greenwich Mean Time (also referred to as nShield Monitor Server time). Users who remotely log into nShield Monitor see NM information displayed in the local time zone of their browser.

The Global Troubleshooting Enhancement feature allows nShield Monitor users in various time zones, to select and view nShield Monitor Log and Alarms in a common Timezone. This ability is helpful during global troubleshooting discussions.

### 15.1.2. Procedure

Prerequisite:

You are logged into nShield Monitor.



Just for the duration of a special global collaboration work-session, a logged in user can choose a SELECTED time zone for viewing Logs and Alarms on their browser connected to nShield Monitor.

- 1. Navigate to either the **Logs** tab or the **Alarms** tab.
- 2. Go to the Date/Time drop down.
- 3. Select your preferred time zone.

#### Notes:

- The setting applies to both **Alarms** and **Logs** tabs. That is, you only have to select the time zone once.
- ONLY the time zone displayed in these two tabs will be affected by this selection (nShield Monitor displays on the other nShield Monitor tabs are NOT affected).
- The default time zone in Logs and Event pages are browser 'Local Time' unless the Date/Time Format is set to UTC in User Profile, and in such case, the default time zone is GMT.

- The time zone change is NOT persisted across user logout/login. The time zone change is temporary. The next time that you login, the time zone is reset to the default 'Local Time' which is the default (or UTC if the Date/Time Format is UTC in the login User Pro-file).
- The Time Zone customization in Logs/Alarms pages does NOT affect Date/Time in other WebUI pages, including Charts, Export Logs, and so on. All other WebUI pages display Date/Time in 'Local Time' Time Zone (or UTC if the Date/Time Format is UTC in the login User Profile).

### 15.2. Network test tools

Event logs provide additional information about security and operations issues.

The following networking test tools are available through the CLI to facilitate nShield Monitor inter-networking tests.

- Ping
- RouteDump
- TCPDump
- Traceroute

To run the nShield Monitor Network test tools:

- 1. Log into the CLI as an Administrator.
- 2. Enter the command: troubleshoot
- 3. Press Enter or Tab to display available options as follows:

```
nShield Montor > troubleshoot
ping routedump tcpdump traceroute
nShield Monitor > troubleshoot
```

4. Type one of the four options to run the appropriate test tool.

### 15.3. Ping

Ping is a pass-fail continuity test that determines the accessibility of a target IP address on an IP network. It sends ICMP echo request packets from the selected nShield Monitor Management Interface to the specified target IP address and waits for an ICMP response.

### 15.3.1. Using Ping

- 1. Log into the CLI as an **Administrator**.
- 2. Enter the command:

troubleshoot ping <Hostname or IP Address to ping>

3. Press Enter.

Ping output is displayed directly on the CLI screen. If the ping returns successfully, the network statistics and properties display appear. If the ping does not return, a failure message appears.

Example: Success case

```
PING result:
PING 10.1.1.14 (10.1.1.14) from 10.1.2.22 eth0: 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.029 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.037 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.055 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.054 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.054 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.055 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.057 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.054 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.057 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.057 ms
64 bytes from 10.1.1.14: icmp_seq=11 ttl=64 time=0.058 ms
--- 10.1.1.14 ping statistics ---
11 packets transmitted, 11 received, 0% packet loss, time 9999ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.029/0.051/0.058/0.011 ms
```

Example: Not Successful

### 15.4. RouteDump

RouteDump displays routing information used by nShield Monitor.

### 15.4.1. Using RouteDump

- 1. Log into the CLI as an **Administrator**.
- 2. Enter the command: troubleshoot routedump
- 3. Press Enter.

The routing information for nShield Monitor is displayed on the screen.

```
ROUTEDUMP :
default via 10.1.1.20 dev ethO proto static metric 1024
10.1.0.0/21 dev ethO proto kernel scope link src 10.1.2.122
Kernel IP routing table
Destination Gateway Genmask
                        Flags Metric Re
Use Iface
default 10.1.1.20 0.0.0.0 UG 1024
                                    0
0 ethO
10.1.0.0 0.0.0.0 255.255.248.0 U
                               0
                                    0
0 ethO
```

### 15.5. TCPDump

TCPDump is a common packet analyzer. It enables users to intercept and display TCP/IP and other packets being transmitted/received over a network to which the computer is attached.

Using the CLI commands tcpdump on and tcpdump off, the utility can be turned on and off.

#### 15.5.1. Using TCPDump

- 1. Log into the CLI as an **Administrator**.
- 2. Turn on TCPDump.
- 3. Enter the command:

troubleshoot tcpdump on

#### 4. Press Enter.

The utility starts capturing.

Each Interface TCPDump capture generates a trace file. The TCPDump trace file can only be exported as part of exporting debug logs.



Restarting the TCPDump capture overwrites any previously captured data.

### 15.6. Traceroute

Traceroute determines network response time, displays route (path) information from an IP source to an IP destination address, and measures the associated transit delays of packets across the network. It operates by sending a sequence of ICMP packets from a specified source IP address to a specified destination IP address, and uses responses to determine the intermediate routers traversed.

### 15.6.1. Using Traceroute

- 1. Log into the CLI as an Administrator.
- 2. Enter the command:

troubleshoot traceroute <Hostname or IP Address>

#### 3. Press Enter.

Traceroute output is displayed directly on the CLI. The last Traceroute operation performed can also be exported as part of the debug logs.

### 15.7. No monitoring data received

If no monitoring data is received or if a device is not reachable, verify that:

Chapter 15. Troubleshooting

- SNMP is enabled
- SNMPv3 user is configured
- Utilization and health collection is enabled.

# 16. nShield Monitor Alarm Conditions

nShield Monitor provides the following alert conditions for monitoring and tracking system and device level conditions:

Alarm Condition	Alarm Severity	Notes
Device is added or removed	Added: INFO Deleted: Warning	System Alarm - nShield Monitor Alarm gets generated by nShield Monitor when a device gets enrolled or deleted from the system. Add operation will create an INFO alarm and delete of enrolled device reported as WARNING.
When the nShield Monitor average CPU usage is higher than 95%	ERROR	System Alarm - nShield Monitor This is a health alert for nShield Monitor, when the average CPU usage is higher than 95%. nShield Moni- tor will not shut down. Send debug logs to your Sup- port organization.
nShield Monitor License Expiry alerts	WARNING CRITICAL EMERGENCY	System Alarm - nShield Monitor nShield Monitor will keep sending alerts with different severity a few days before expiration. A WARNING alert message will be sent out every day from 23rd day to 28th day. A CRITICAL alert will be sent out on 29th day and an EMERGENCY alert will be sent out on 30th day. An Emergency alert is the final alert before the evaluation license expires. User needs to install valid license at this point for nShield Monitor to monitor the devices.
When the nShield Monitor Memory is over 90% full	ERROR	System Alarm - nShield Monitor This Alarm gets generated when system memory gets 90% full. At this point, nShield Monitor does not stop monitoring or shut down. The system will continue with normal operation.
When the nShield Monitor disk is over 90% full	ERROR	System Alarm - nShield Monitor This Alarm gets generated when system disk gets 90% full. At this point nShield Monitor does not stop moni- toring or shut down. The system will continue with nor mal operation. Follow this link to find disk size recom- mendations Server Requirements. Add storage space by expanding the virtual hard disk.

Alarm Condition	Alarm Severity	Notes
nShield Monitor Security Related Alarm Warning when Master key has not be generated and Critical when Master key is not loaded	WARNING CRITI CAL	Security Alarm - nShield Monitor It is a security alarm regarding master key not being generated or not being loaded. If key is not generated a WARNING message and CRITICAL when MK is not loaded. Administrator needs to take appropriate action by configuring the same on Security page.
nShield Monitor Security Related Alarm User: has enabled/disabled Service	INFO	Security Alarm - nShield Monitor If SSH, WebUI or Open VMTool services are enabled or disabled.
nShield Monitor Security Related Alarm	WARNING CRITICAL	Security Alarm - nShield Monitor It is a security alarm regarding master key not being generated or not being loaded. If the key is not generated a WARNING message is generated and a CRITICAL message is generated when a master key is not loaded. The Administrator needs to take appropriate action by configuring the same on the Security page.
The license features have been changed for Device	INFO	Device Alarm - nShield There are optional feature licenses for the nShield HSM. At a later date, when you require a new feature, you can order it from Sales and install the new License. Change in those featured licenses are going to be monitored by nShield Monitor and notified by an event.
The nShield device temperature change alerts	WARNING / CRITICAL	Device Alarm - nShield System reports device temperature change WARN- ING message when exceeds lower configured thresh- old value and CRITICAL above upper threshold value.
Hard Server failure in Client Host	WARNING	Device Alarm - nShield A WARNING message would be generated when hard server program fails. Follow Remote Administrator Client User Guide for fur ther investigation.

Alarm Condition	Alarm Severity	Notes
Module count is Zero for Client Host	WARNING	Device Alarm - nShield When Client host discovers no nShields attached to enrolled Client Host. Follow up with nShield User Guide.
The software base release updated, revision, build number, core API ver sion, performance model update, crypto algorithm host command update and optional license update	INFO	Device Alarm - nShield This is an nShield monitored Event. Event is logged for audit purposes. A Security World software upgrade operation would update revision, build number, core API versions and optional licensing update informa- tion, and so on. No action needed.
License count exceeded Device count license Exceed - NOTIFICATION Install new License - NOTIFICATION Device count license exceeds for <n> days - WARNING Device count license exceeds for &lt;0&gt; days - ALERT</n>	NOTIFICATION / WARNIING / ALERT / CRITI- CAL	System Alarm - nShield Monitor When nShield Monitor detects more nShields (con- nected to ClientHost) than the permitted "nShield Monitor" License count, nShield Monitor generates this event. When the License count is exceeded, a new license (with more HSM count) should be installed within 30 days. If this does not occur, ONLY Administrator privi- lege users of nShield Monitor will be allowed to login. Group Manager Privileged Users won't be allowed to login to nShield Monitor. After 30 days, nShield Monitor will still continue to monitor the detected nShields in the background. Once the new "nShield Monitor" license with a suffi- cient HSM count is installed, Group Manager Privi- leged Users are allowed to login.
Client Host does not belong to a security world	WARNING	Device Alarm – nShield When the Client host is not configured correctly with correct security world information, and enrolled for monitoring. WARNING message gets generated. Refer to Remote Administrator Client User Guide.
SoloXC fan speed down to zero	CRITICAL	Device Alarm - nShield This CRITICAL alarm generates when Fan speed for Solo Down to zero or not functioning any more. Refer to nToken Installation Guide if needed.

Alarm Condition	Alarm Severity	Notes
Power Supply failed for nShield module	WARNING	Device Alarm - nShield This WARNING alarm generates when power supply to nShield module fails. Refer to nToken Installation and Solo installation guide if needed.
Number of nShield discovered by nShield Monitor	INFO	Device Alarm - nShield nShield Monitor generates alarms when client host start discovering nShield configured to it.
HSM module hard failure	CRITICAL	Device Alarm - nShield It's an nShield/ClientHost module hard failure event. Customer needs to investigate on Client Host about module failure and refer to Remote Administrator Client User guide suggest how to restart it.
Device State changed to offline	ALERT	Device Alarm - nShield An ALERT alarm is generated when the Device State changes to offline.
Device State changed to online	NOTIFICATION	Device Alarm - nShield A NOTIFICATION alarm is generated when the device state changes to online.
Device State changed to unavail- able	ALERT	Device Alarm - nShield An ALERT alarm is generated when the device state changes to unavailable.
Device State changed to secure	NOTIFICATION	Device Alarm - nShield A NOTIFICATION alarm is generated when the device state changes to unavailable.
Device information Modified	NOTIFICATION	System Alarm - nShield Monitor Enrolled device nShield Monitor enrolled device information has been modified. Device Details include Hostname, HostIP, Description, Location; SNMP Details include user- name, port, Authentication algorithm/password or Pri- vacy algorithm/password or Group membership infor- mation.

Alarm Condition	Alarm Severity	Notes
Device Monitoring Enable/Disable	WARNING	Device Alarm - nShield Monitor Enrolled device WARNING message gets generated when administra- tor disables or enables monitoring option for enrolled devices.
Object Count Notification	INFO / WARN- ING / CRITICAL	<ul> <li>Device Alarm - nShield Monitor Enrolled device</li> <li>WARNING and/or CRITICAL notifications are raised if the object count of any HSM in a defined group exceeds one of the thresholds for a pre-configured period. INFO message gets generated when the object count for that device falls back under the lower threshold value for a pre-configured period.</li> <li>The alert indicates: <ul> <li>The threshold value</li> <li>The threshold value</li> <li>The HSM hostname and IP address (or the HSM ESN if hostname and IP address are not present)</li> <li>The group that the HSM belongs to.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
SNMP Trap Notification	NOTIFICATION / ALERT / CRITICAL	Device Alarm - nShield Monitor Enrolled device nShield Monitor generates alerts and notifications when the SNMP TRAP state changes. ALERT when the state changes to offline or unavail- able. NOTIFICATION when the state changes to secure or online. CRITICAL when the connection status is unreachable.

# 17. nShield Monitor Backup and Restore

To protect against data loss, nShield Monitor should be backed up using native VMware capabilities for protecting virtual machines.

Both manual and scheduled backup operations can be used, as follows:

- After nShield Monitor is installed, setup and configured, a manual backup should be completed.
- Before a nShield Monitor software upgrade is performed, a manual backup should be completed.
- A scheduled backup program should also be setup to provide ongoing protection against loss of monitored data collected.

For details of VMware virtual machine backup and restore capabilities please refer to VMware the Virtual Machine Backup guide and the vSphere Virtual Machine Administration manual.

Please also note the following:

- For your security, Master Key is not persisted in nShield Monitor you must remember the passwords used for establishment of the Master Key.
- Don't invoke the nShield Monitor backup operation while a nShield Monitor upgrade is in process.

# 18. Deploying nShield Monitor

### 18.1. Centralized monitoring

When monitoring an estate of HSMs, it is recommended to keep all the data in as few instances as possible. This may be subject to external requirements such as network connectivity, regulatory control or other issues.

The best case scenarios are a single nShield Monitor instance that poll all HSMs in an estate. This provides a complete set of statistics for all HSMs in the estate from a single login. This is based on access rights and role/roles assigned within the nShield Monitor server.

### 18.1.1. Single instance monitoring

By collecting statistics in a single window it allows views of all groups of HSMs including events and alerts from a single browser when logged in as Administrator.

This configuration allows historical reporting for any and all HSMs in the estate as needed, again based on assigned rights or roles.

There may be additional requirements when monitoring must be continuous. For example, more than one instance of a central nShield Monitor virtual appliance is required in order to ensure monitoring is continuous and non-stop.

### 18.2. nShield Monitor multi-instance

A single nShield Monitor virtual appliance is all that is required to monitor an HSM estate. However, it is possible to utilize multiple nShield Monitor virtual appliances simultaneously as insurance in case of an outage. By distributing nShield Monitor virtual appliances across multiple locations, polling is maintained to all devices in the event of a network outage, other than to a single site. It is possible to ensure that, even during a single location network failure, only a minimal number of devices will be unmonitored until the issue is resolved.

### 18.3. Distributed monitoring

There are cases where multiple monitors are required due. For example:

- Network connectivity via firewalls
- Potential regulatory compliance requirements

• Scenarios where one or more central nShield Monitor virtual appliances cannot poll spe cific HSM devices.

### 18.3.1. Multiple nShield Monitor instances

In this case, multiple regional or local nShield Monitor instances may be required in order to provide coverage and continuous monitoring of HSM estates.

Even in this case, central distribution of alerts using SIEM or email services is recommended. This enables a proactive notifications can be sent to the appropriate person or per sons responsible for a given nShield Monitor or specific group of devices.

### 18.4. Deployment considerations

When looking into how to deploy nShield Monitor, there are some specific items that need to be considered prior to implementation.

### 18.4.1. User access requirements

nShield Monitor has included provisions to address user access requirements by providing the ability to limit which portions of HSM estates any given user can view. This is done by only assigning a specific group or portion of the total configured groups to a user with the group manager role assigned. These requirements may affect both centralized and distributed configurations. A thorough examination of the environment in question will need to be performed prior to implementing nShield Monitor.

There may also be regional requirements for monitoring encryption devices. These may require regional or local users to be the only authorized persons to access specific portions of the estate due to geographic location.

### 18.4.2. Network connectivity

Multiple instances of nShield Monitor may be required on a per region or location basis. This is mainly due to firewalling or other forms of limited network access to the local HSM estates. In this case, individual nShield Monitor systems will have to be configured individual ally to achieve full coverage and notification of failures per region or location.

#### 18.4.3. Regulatory compliance requirements

#### Chapter 18. Deploying nShield Monitor

nShield Monitor does not have any regulatory impact or requirements around it at this time. However, due to potential regional requirements for the HSM estates. For example, you may be required to have individual nShield Monitor servers deployed regionally in order to access the management ports of the HSMs to be monitored.

A distributed model of nShield Monitor can still provide the ability to distribute proactive alerts and event information to centralized tools. This can be based on configuration at the virtual appliance or HSM group level.

# 19. Residual Risk

### 19.1. User guidance

Deploying organizations should consider these guidelines for secure operation of their systems.

### 19.2. Secure operation

This section highlights residual risks that are not completely covered by the technical solution and that may require additional operational or procedural controls.



Refer to Security Hardening: VMWare Infrastructure 3 (VMware ESX 3.5 and VMware VirtualCenter 2.5) (http://www.vmware.com) for recommendations for security hardening VMware infrastructure, including virtual machines and virtual machines files and settings.

Deploying organizations may wish to implement additional measures based on their assessment and risk appetite.

### 19.3. Risks

- Malicious Host
- Misconfiguration
- Data Aggregation
- Data Ex-filtration

### 19.4. Deployment and distribution

- Keys and for communication with clients and other Critical Security Parameters (CSPs) such as TLS and SSH certificates are protected in software only and are embedded on the virtual machine.
- Audit data accumulated from monitored clients is only protected by software mechanisms on the virtual instance.
- Virtual machine instances must be managed. This includes auditing use and distribution of the virtual instances and controlling access to the host machines.
- · Cloning virtual machines with nShield Monitor is not recommended for new deploy-

ments. A fresh installation via distribution of the OVA image and reconfiguration is always recommended.

### 19.5. Secure configuration

The manual, Security Hardening: VMWare Infrastructure 3 (VMware ESX 3.5 and VMware VirtualCenter 2.5), covers these measures in more depth.

They are repeated here since they are directly relevant to mitigating the outlined risks to nShield Monitor Monitor and can be modified by user operating the virtual machine.

- Secure virtual machines as you would secure physical servers. Antivirus, Anti spyware, intrusion detection and other protection must be enabled for the virtual machine. All security measures must be kept up to date including applying appropriate patches.
- Disable Automatic Mounting of USB Devices. This measure is required to prevent introduction of malware to the virtual environment and exfiltration of data.
- Ensure Unauthorized Devices are Not Connected.
- Control Root Privileges.
- Disable Technical Support Mode.
- Disable Copy and Paste Operations Between the Guest Operating System and Remote Console.

### 19.6. Host machine

Must be sanitized as per the deploying organizations policy. Best practices for OS and appli cation security controls are recommended on the host machine to minimize the risks out-lined above.

# 20. Install OVA With VMware ESXi

### 20.1. Introduction

The nShield Monitor OVA can be installed on a VMware ESXi hypervisor including the follow ing versions:

- vSphere ESXi 6.5
- vSphere ESXi 6.7
- vSphere ESXi 7.0

Access to a DVD or the nShield Monitor OVA file from the machine that has the vSphere software running is required for proper installation of the Virtual Appliance.



It may be necessary to involve your vSphere management team if you plan to install this system in a corporate VMware environment and you do not have access/authority to create and manage virtual machines. Administrative rights are required.

### 20.2. Install the nShield Monitor OVA

Run the vSphere software.

1. Log into the web client.

The initial VMware page opens.

The web client is ready to be deployed.

- 2. Select your version.
- 3. Navigate to **Deploy OVF Template**.

You will be prompted through the process:

#### a. Select template.

Enter the URL to the OVF template or **Browse** to a local OVF file, then select **Next**.

#### b. Select name and location.

Enter a name for the OVF and select the deployment location, then select Next.

#### c. Select a resource.

Select the host on which to run the deployment template, then select Next.

#### d. Review details.

Verify the template details, then select Next.

#### e. Accept license agreements.

Review the agreement. You can scroll through it by selecting **Next**, then select **Accept**.

#### f. Select storage.

Select where the files for the deployed template will be stored, then select Next.

#### g. Select networks.

Select a destination network for each source network, then select Next.

#### h. Ready to complete.

Review the configuration data, then select Finish.

#### 4. You can follow the deployment status:

😴 Recent Tasks			
<b>•</b> -			
Task Name	Target	Status	Initiator
Deploy OVF template	-dev-2	80 % 🛞	VSPHERE.LC
Import OVF package	esx-6.cs.sv.us.	80 % 🛇	vsphere.local

5. You are now ready to power on.

### 20.3. Turn on the Virtual Machine

- 1. Click on the VM that you just created.
- 2. Select the Getting Started tab.
- 3. Select Power on the virtual machine.
- 4. Allow five minutes for the virtual appliance to load.

### 20.4. Run the Virtual Machine

#### 20.4.1. Unfamiliar with VMware ESXI

- 1. Select the **Console** tab, if you are unfamiliar with VMware ESXi and cannot determine the IP Address of the nShield Monitor VM that you just created:
- 2. The login prompt displays.
- 3. Login to the system using the default user ID and password:
  - ° Default user id: admin
  - Default password: password123

The system will prompt you to change the password.

After the first login from the CLI, the system prompts you to start the CLI Setup Wizard.

Entrust recommends using the WebUI set up wizard. If you would like to use the WebUI for setup, then answer "no" to the prompt for starting the CLI setup wizard.



Entering the wrong password 3 or more times will lock the user out of system and a re-install of OVA is required.

### 20.4.2. Familiar with VMware ESXI

If you can determine the IP address assigned to the new VM, record your new password and IP address. Then, provide this information to the appropriate personnel.

In most organizations the information technology or infrastructure group will accomplish the setup of the OVA. However, the installation and operation of the nShield Monitor Virtual Appliance will be performed by a different functional group.

If you are to perform both tasks (nShield Monitor OVA install and nShield Monitor setup), record your new password and the IP Address listed above.

Proceed to Setup Wizard for instructions on using the WebUI Setup Wizard for setting up and configuring the nShield Monitor Virtual Appliance.

# 21. Install OVA with VMware Workstation/Player

### 21.1. Introduction

The nShield Monitor OVA can be installed on a VMware Workstation/Player hypervisor including the following versions:

- VMware Player or Player Professional 6
- VMware Player or Player Professional 7
- VMware Workstation 11
- VMware Workstation 12.



The VMware Workstation and Player installation must be local to the machine nShield Monitor is being installed on.



The nShield Monitor virtual appliance does not have VMware Tools installed. As a result, copy and paste operations are not supported from the host or other guest OS to the virtual appliance console.

You should ensure that the machine that you install nShield Monitor on runs 24X7 throughout the duration. You may need to reboot at some point at which point you will have to enter passwords to re-establish the master key.

Note: If you are going to be running nShield at full capacity with 500 devices, a recommended precaution is to increase the 250GB disk in vCenter to 350GB after deploying the OVA but before powering it on. Once the OVA has been powered on the disk size cannot be changed.

### 21.2. Install the nShield Monitor OVA

Run the VMware Player or Workstation software.



The steps that follow apply for both the VMware Player and the VMware Workstation.

1. Select Open a Virtual Machine from the Home tab.



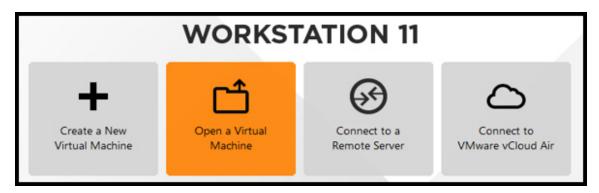
From the menu bar you can also select **File** (Alt + F) and **Open**(Ctrl + O). On VMware Workstation, this is the first option on the menu bar. For VMware Player, it is found under the **Player** drop down menu.

VMware Player and Workstation versions vary on the home screen, so please refer to the documentation for the version that you plan to use.

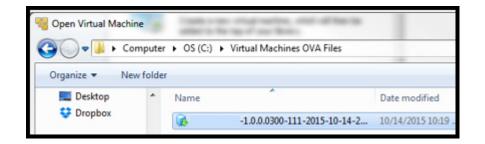


2. Select Open a Virtual Machine.

1



The Open Virtual Machine page opens.



- 3. Select the OVA file to be installed.
- 4. Select Open.

The Import Virtual Machine dialog box opens.

Import Virtual Machine			
Store the new Virtual Machine Provide a name and local storage path for the new virtual			
machine.			
Name for the new virtual machine:			
-1.0.0.0300-111-2015-10-14-22-17-00			
Storage path for the new virtual machine: C:\Users\nvora\Documents\Virtual Machines\ Browse			
Browse			
Help Import Cancel			

- 5. Enter a name and path for the VM to be stored.
- 6. Select Import.

The End User License Agreement (EULA) page opens.

- 7. Read the EULA.
- 8. Select Accept.

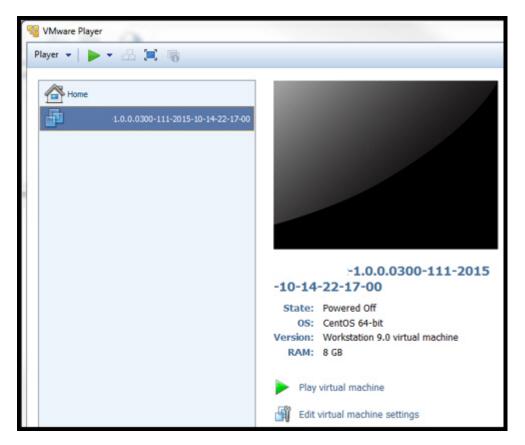


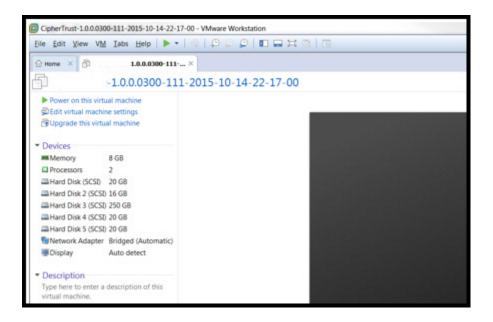
If you decline the EULA, you will be unable to proceed with the installation.

The Import Progress page opens.

VMware Workstation	
Importing	
	Cancel

Once nShield Monitor is installed you will be looking at the nShield Monitor VM (VMware Player) / VMware Workstation.





After deployment of OVA is finished, the installation of the nShield Monitor OVA is now complete.

9. On the VMware Player and Workstation screens, click the green right arrow button to power on nShield Monitor.

Please allow five minutes for the Virtual Appliance to boot.

The login prompt displays.

### 21.3. Run the Virtual Machine

- 1. At the login prompt, enter the default user ID and password:
  - ° Default user id: admin
  - ° Default password: password123
  - ° The system will prompt you to change the password.
- 2. Change the password to one that meets the same minimum requirements those for a user on the nShield.
- 3. Record your new password and the IP Address listed and provide information to appro priate personnel.

After the first login from the CLI, the system prompts you to start the CLI Setup Wizard.

It is recommended that you use the WebUI set up wizard. If you would like to use the WebUI for setup, then answer "no" to the prompt for starting the CLI setup wizard.



Entering the wrong password 3 or more times will lock the user out of system and a re-install of OVA is required.

#### Chapter 21. Install OVA with VMware Workstation/Player





In most organizations, the information technology or infrastructure group will accomplish the setup of the OVA, while the installation and operation of the nShield Monitor Virtual Appliance will be performed by a different functional group. If you are to perform both tasks (nShield Monitor OVA install and nShield Monitor setup), record your new password and the IP Address listed above and proceed to Setup Wizard.

# 22. Create and manage Docker instances

### 22.1. Prerequisites for using nShield Monitor with Docker

#### 22.1.1. Docker container setup

The nShield Monitor Docker container ships as a .tar.gz file, for example nShieldMonitorx.x.x.xxxx.tar.gz.

Before you can use the container, you must load it into a private Docker repository using:

docker load < nShieldMonitor-x.x.x.xxxx.tar.gz</pre>

### 22.1.2. Virtualization

The machine running nShield Monitor as a Docker container must have virtualization support (VT-x or AMD-V) enabled in its processor settings. To check if the processor has virtual ization support, open a terminal and run:

LC\_ALL=C lscpu | grep Virtualization

If the command does not return a response, then the processor does not support hardware virtualization. This means you need to enable virtualization support in the BIOS of the Docker host. The procedure for doing this depends on whether the machine is a physical or virtual machine and the virtualization technology it uses.

### 22.1.3. Docker volume files

You must have copied the following Docker volume files from the installation source to their permanent location on the Docker host for data to persist during the lifecycle of the nShield Monitor instance:

- nsmvolume1
- nsmvolume2
- nsmvolume3
- nsmvolume4
- nsmvolume5

### 22.2. Start an nShield Monitor Docker container



You must be a privileged user to use Docker.

You can start the nShield Monitor Docker container using either docker compose or docker run.

docker compose uses a YAML file to specify the parameters for the Docker container. With docker run, you specify the parameters in a single command in the console.

#### 22.2.1. docker compose

docker compose uses the docker-compose.yml file to start up the nShield Monitor Docker container. Specify all the parameters for the container in the docker-compose.yml file.

To start an nShield Monitor Docker container using **docker** compose, in a privileged command-prompt, run:

docker compose up

To specify the parameters, set out the docker-compose.yml file as illustrated by the following example. All sections and parameters are mandatory unless otherwise stated.

```
version: '3.3'
services:
 nsm:
   privileged: true
   environment:
      - CPU=4 ①
     - RAM=4096 ②
     - HDA=/tmp/1 ③
     - HDB=/tmp/2
     - HDC=/tmp/3
     - HDD=/tmp/4
      - HDE=/tmp/5
   devices:
     -/dev/kvm
    volumes: ③
      -'<path to volumes>/nsmvolume1:/tmp/1'
      -'<path to volumes>/nsmvolume2:/tmp/2'
      -'<path to volumes>/nsmvolume3:/tmp/3'
     -'<path to volumes>/nsmvolume4:/tmp/4'
     -'<path to volumes>/nsmvolume5:/tmp/5'
     -'<path to bridge.conf>:/etc/qemu'
    ports: ④
      -'446:443'
      -'16166:16163'
      -'166:161/udp'
     -'167:162/udp'
     -'57:53'
     -'126:123'
      -'517:514'
      -'29:25'
```

```
-'465:465'
-'28:21'
image:'<nsrepo>/nsm:x.x.x' 
stdin_open: true
tty: true
```

- ① The number of CPU cores to be allotted to the container. This parameter is optional.
- (2) The RAM, in bytes, to be allocated to the container. This parameter is optional. If you do not specify a value, it defaults to 2096 MB.
- ③ The environment variables HDA to HDE must correspond to the volumes. For example: nsmvolume1, mounted as /tmp/1, is assigned to HDA. nsmvolume2, mounted as /tmp/2, is assigned to HDB, and so on.
- ④ Ports are declared in x:y pairs, where x denotes the port on the Docker host machine and y denotes the corresponding port on the nShield Monitor Docker machine. Ensure the host port numbers are not used by other applications.
- (5) Change <nsrepo> for the repository where nShield Monitor resides.

#### 22.2.1.1. Connect to the nShield Monitor container

After starting the nShield Monitor instance using docker compose, identify the container ID and connect to it using docker attach:

1. Retrieve the container IDs of the available nShield Monitor instances:

```
docker ps
```

2. Note the **CONTAINER ID** of the required nShield Monitor instance from the output:

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
	nsmrepo/nsm:x.x.x 684a666d22ee	"nShieldMonitor" "nShieldMonitor"	, ,			

3. Using the **CONTAINER** ID from the previous step, connect to the container console:

docker attach <CONTAINER ID>

For example:

docker attach 88c61c1eb5d1

After connecting to a console, continue using nShield Monitor in the same console.

### 22.2.2. docker run

**docker** run enables you to specify all parameters in a single command line at the console instead of using a **docker-compose.yml** file. You must be logged in as a privileged user to run this command.

After running the command, you can access nShield Monitor in the same console. There might be a delay between running the command and nShield Monitor being accessible.

docker run --privileged --device=/dev/kvm:/dev/kvm --device=/dev/net/tun:/dev/net/tun --cap-add NET\_ADMIN -it --rm --device /dev/kvm --name mynet -v <path to volumes>/nsmvolume1:/tmp/1 -v <path to volumes>/nsmvolume2:/tmp/2 -v <path to volumes>/nsmvolume3:/tmp/3 -v <path to volumes>/nsmvolume4:/tmp/4 -v <path to volumes>/nsmvolume5:/tmp/5 -e HDA=/tmp/1 -e HDB=/tmp/2 -e HDC=/tmp/3 -e HDD=/tmp/4 -e HDE=/tmp/5 -e BOOT=c -e CPU=4 -e RAM=4096 -v <path to bridge.conf>:/etc/qemu -p 44:443 -p 16163:16163 -p 166:161/udp -p 167:162/udp -p 57:53 -p 126:123 -p 517:514 -p 29:25 -p 465:465 -p 28:21 nsrepo/nsm:x.x.x

#### Or:

docker run --privileged --device=/dev/kvm:/dev/kvm --device=/dev/net/tun:/dev/net/tun --cap-add NET\_ADMIN -e
"AUT0\_ATTACH=yes" -it --rm --device /dev/kvm --name ns37 --mount type=bind,source=<path to
volumes>/nsmvolume1,target=/tmp/1 --mount type=bind,source=<path to volumes>/nsmvolume2,target=/tmp/2 --mount
type=bind,source=<path to volumes>/nsmvolume3,target=/tmp/3 --mount type=bind,source=<path to
volumes>/nsmvolume4,target=/tmp/4 --mount type=bind,source=<path to volumes>/nsmvolume5,target=/tmp/5 -e
HDA=/tmp/1 -e HDB=/tmp/2 -e HDC=/tmp/3 -e HDD=/tmp/4 -e HDE=/tmp/5 -v <path to bridge.conf>:/etc/qemu -p 83:80 -p
443:443 -p 16163:16163 -p 161:161/udp -p 162:162/udp -p 54:53 -p 123:123 -p 514:514 -p 26:25 -p 465:465 -p 21:21
nsrepo/nsm:x.x.x

All parameters passed in the command are mandatory unless otherwise specified in the following table:

Parameter	Details
privileged	Runs the nShield Monitor container in privileged mode.
device=/dev/kvm	Both devices must exist on the host.
device=/dev/net/tun	
cap-add NET_ADMIN	This is a necessary capability for the container.
it	Enables interactive mode.
rm	Removes the container on exit. Data persists in the vol umes.
	Optional
name <container-name< td=""><td>Specifies the container to use.</td></container-name<>	Specifies the container to use.
	Optional

#### Chapter 22. Create and manage Docker instances

Parameter	Details
<pre>-v /root/ns2/nsmvolume<x>:/tmp/<x></x></x></pre>	Creates volume to environment variable mapping.
and -e HD <x>=/tmp<x></x></x>	The volumes (-v) must correspond to the environment variables (-e) from HDA to HDE. For example, -v <path to="" volumes="">/nsmvolume1:/tmp/1 corresponds with -e HDA=/tmp/1, and -v <path to="" volumes="">/nsmvol-ume2:/tmp2 with -e HDB=/tmp/2.</path></path>
-e CPU=4	Specifies the number of cores to allot to the Docker container. Optional
-e RAM=4096	Specifies the amount of RAM to allot to the Docker container. Optional. If you do not specify a value, it defaults to 2096 MB.
<pre>-v <path bridge.conf="" to="">:/etc/qemu</path></pre>	The location of the bridge.conf file, which must con- tain the line: allow all.
-p <x>:<y></y></x>	Ports (-p) are declared in x: y pairs, where x denotes the port on the Docker host machine and y denotes the corresponding port on the nShield Monitor Docker machine.
	applications.
nsrepo/nsm:x.x.x	Specifies the Docker repository where nShield Monitor resides. Ensure you change nsrepo for the name of the repository in use.

### 22.3. Connect to the web UI for the nShield Monitor

To access the nShield Monitor web UI from a browser on a machine that is not the Docker host, use the Docker host IP address followed by the host port that is mapped to port 443 on the container (https://<docker-host-ip>:<host-port>/login). This port mapping was spec ified in either the docker-compose.yml file or in the docker run command, depending on how you started it.

To access the web UI from the Docker host machine, you need to inspect the container's settings to determine the IP address assigned to it. Docker manages the network settings of a container.

1. Retrieve the container IDs of the available nShield Monitor instances:

locker ps
-----------

2. Note the **CONTAINER ID** of the required nShield Monitor instance.

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
88c61c1eb5d1	nsmrepo/nsm:x.x.x	"nShieldMonitor"	8 days ago	Up 7 seconds		nsm2
e7055016fb53	684a666d22ee	"nShieldMonitor"	9 days ago	Up 9 days		nsm3

3. Using the **CONTAINER** ID, inspect the network settings of the container console:

docker inspect <CONTAINER ID>

- 4. Use the IPAddress in the output to access the container.
  - If you used docker run to start the nShield Monitor container, the output appears as follows:

In this example, you would access the container via https://172.17.0.3/login.



If a port other than 443 was mapped, the access URL changes to https://172.17.0.3:<host\_port>/login, for example https://172.17.0.3:444/login.

 If you used docker compose to start the nShield Monitor container, the output appears as follows:

```
"NetworkSettings": {
    "Gateway": "",
    "IPAddress": "",
    "Networks": {
        "ns2_default": {
            "Gateway": "172.23.0.1",
            "IPAddress": "172.23.0.2",
            }
        }
}
```

In this example, you would access the container Web UI via https://172.23.0.2:<host\_port>/login.

### 22.4. Assign a usable IP to a nShield Monitor container

To change the Web UI access IP for the container:

1. List the available networks:

```
docker network ls
```

2. From the list, note the name of the network in which you started the container, for example:

NETWORK ID a9cd9ed46e6b 6af6b576d8a3 42d390a3fdb1 240d738c0a8b	NAME bridge host none ps2 default	DRIVER bridge host null bridge	SCOPE local local local local
240d738c0a8b	ns2_default	bridge	local



If you started with docker run, the network is the default bridge network. If you started with docker compose, the network is a specific bridge network that has the same name as the container, for example ns2\_default.

3. Inspect the network relevant to the container, for example:

docker network inspect bridge

or

docker network inspect ns2\_default

4. Note the Subnet and Gateway settings displayed in the output:

5. If required, use this information to reconfigure the container in the nShield Monitor CLI.



This is an advanced configuration. You must specify all parameters correctly for the Docker container to be accessible on the network. For more information on using these commands, see Network com mands.

a. Configure the network with DHCP configuration inside the nShield Monitor Docker container, because Docker uses it to assign unique IP addresses to each container.

network configure dhcp

b. If you assign a specific IP address to the container, make sure that the parameters fall within the subnet that the earlier docker inspect command returned:

network configure static

### 22.5. Troubleshooting container startup errors:

#### 22.5.1. Port binding errors

Rerun the command and specify a different host port in the docker compose or docker run command.

#### 22.5.2. Write lock errors

You must assign a unique set of volumes to each container. Containers cannot share the same set of volumes. Copy a new set of the provided Docker volumes to launch a new instance of an nShield Monitor Docker container. After starting the container, you can access it using docker attach.

#### 22.5.3. Formatting and directory errors

Ensure that the volumes are present at the location specified by the docker run or docker compose syntax and that they are regular files.

# 23.1. Prerequisites for using nShield Monitor with Hyper-V virtual machines

It is recommended to have at least 8 GB main memory when using Hyper-V Manager with nShield Monitor. The following Hyper-V image files are required:

- nShieldMonitor-3.0.0-1.vhd
- nShieldMonitor-3.0.0-2.vhdx
- nShieldMonitor-3.0.0-3.vhdx
- nShieldMonitor-3.0.0-4.vhdx
- nShieldMonitor-3.0.0-5.vhdx

### 23.2. Install Hyper-V

With Windows Server Core installations, you can install Hyper-V using the following applica tions:

- The legacy Hyper-V Manager.
- Windows Admin Center.

### 23.2.1. Install Hyper-V on Windows Server Core with PowerShell

At the PowerShell command prompt, run:

Install-WindowsFeature -Name Hyper-V -IncludeAllSubFeature -Restart

Windows Server Core will install the Hyper-V role and restart automatically.

### 23.2.2. Add the Hyper-V role using Windows Admin Center

- 1. Connect your Windows Admin Center Gateway Server to your Windows Server Core installation.
- 2. In Windows Admin Server, select **Server Manager > Roles and Features > Install**, then select **Hyper-V**.

Windows Admin Center will calculate the dependencies of role and feature installations and then prompt you to proceed with the installation, including automatic reboot options.

3. When Windows Server has rebooted, check in **Server Manager > Roles and Features** that the **State** for the Hyper-V role is **Installed**.

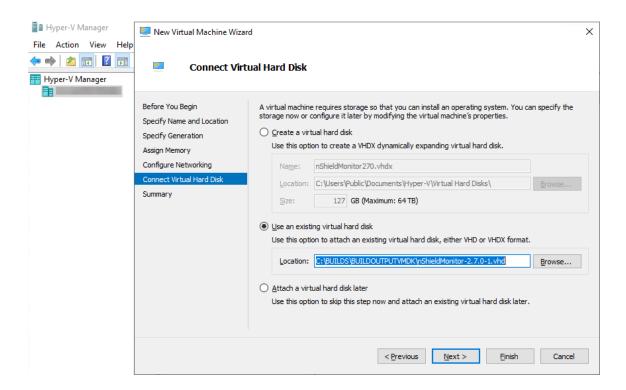
### 23.3. Configure a new virtual machine with Hyper-V

- 1. In Windows Admin Center, select Server Manager, then launch Hyper-V Manager.
- 2. Select New > Virtual Machine.

The New Virtual Machine Wizard opens.

Hyper-V Manager	🖳 New Virtual Machine Wizard	i ×	
File Action View Help		and Location	
	Before You Begin Specify Name and Location Specify Generation Assign Memory Configure Networking Connect Virtual Hard Disk Installation Options Summary	Choose a name and location for this virtual machine. The name is displayed in Hyper-V Manager. We recommend that you use a name that helps you easily identify this virtual machine, such as the name of the guest operating system or workload. Mame: nShieldMonitor270 You can create a folder or use an existing folder to store the virtual machine. If you don't select a folder, the virtual machine is stored in the default folder configured for this server. Store the virtual machine in a different location C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Hyper-V\ Prowse If you plan to take checkpoints of this virtual machine, select a location that has enough free space. Checkpoints include virtual machine data and may require a large amount of space.	
		< Previous Next > Einish Cancel	

- 3. Specify the Name and Location of the virtual machine, then select Next.
- 4. Select Generation 1, then select Next.
- 5. Set the RAM Size, then select Next.
- 6. Set the Connection to Default Switch, then select Next.
- 7. Attach the boot hard disk (VHD file) for nShield Monitor.



- 8. Select Next, then select Finish.
- 9. In the new machine, select Settings.

Hyper-V Manager			-	×
<u>File Action View H</u> elp				
🗢 🄿 🙍 🖬 🚺 🖬				
Hyper-V Manager	Virtual Machines		Actions	• ^
	Name	State	Quick Create	<b>^</b>
	n Shield Monitor 270	Off	New	•
			强 Import Virtual Machine	
			Hyper-V Settings	
			Virtual Switch Manager           R.         Virtual SAN Manager	
			Edit Disk	
	Checkpoints		Inspect Disk	
		The selected	Stop Service	
			× Remove Server	
			U Refresh	
			View	•
			R Help	
			nShieldMonitor270	•
	nShieldMonitor270		📲 Connect	
	Created:		🛃 Settings	
	-	tion Versior		
	Generation	on:	Checkpoint	
	notes:		Move	
			Export	
	Summary Memory Networkir	na	Rename	
I	Junitary Memory Metwork		E. Delete	

10. Select SCSI Controller, then add the remaining four hard drives of nShield Monitor.

Hyper-V Manager				_	×
<u>File Action View H</u> elp					
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Hyper-V Manager	rtual Machines	_	Actions		• ^
<	ame Sta nShieldMonitor270 Off seckpoints		<ul> <li>Quick Create</li> <li>New</li> <li>Import Virtual Machine</li> <li>Hyper-V Settings</li> <li>Virtual Switch Manager</li> <li>Virtual SAN Manager</li> <li>Edit Disk</li> <li>Leaset Disk</li> </ul>		•
	The s	selected	<ul> <li>Inspect Disk</li> <li>Stop Service</li> <li>Remove Server</li> <li>Refresh</li> <li>View</li> <li>Help</li> <li>nShieldMonitor270</li> </ul>		•
ns	hieldMonitor270 Created: Configuration	Versior	→☐     Connect       Image: Settings     Image: Start		
	Generation: Notes:		B     Checkpoint       Image: Provide the state of the state		
S	ummary Memory Networking		Delete		

a. Select **Hard Drive**, then select **Add**.

	hieldMonitor270	$\sim$	ש   ש		
*	Hardware	^ (	SCSI Controller		
	Add Hardware				
	BIOS		You can add hard drives to your SCSI controller or remove th virtual machine.	e SCSI contro	ller from the
	Boot from CD				
	Security		Click Add to add a new <u>h</u> ard drive to this SCSI controller.		
	Key Storage Drive disabled		Hard Drive		
	4096 MB		Shared Drive		
-	Processor				
Ŧ	1 Virtual processor				
-					
	🗉 👝 Hard Drive				A <u>d</u> d
	nShieldMonitor-2.7.0-1.vhd				
-	IDE Controller 1		You can configure a hard drive to use a virtual hard disk or a you attach the drive to the controller.	physical hard	disk after
	OVD Drive		·		
	None		To remove the SCSI controller from this virtual machine, click disks attached to this controller will be removed but not delet	Remove. All v	irtual hard
	SCSI Controller	· · ·	uisks attached to dhis conditiler will be removed but not delet	eu.	
	Network Adapter			[	Remove
	Network Adapter Default Switch				<u>R</u> emove
	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1</li> </ul>				<u>R</u> emove
	Network Adapter Default Switch COM 1 None				<u>R</u> emove
	Network Adapter Default Switch COM 1 None COM 2				<u>R</u> emove
	Network Adapter Default Switch COM 1 None COM 2 None			[	<u>R</u> emove
	Network Adapter Default Switch COM 1 None COM 2			[	<u>R</u> emove
Ŧ	Network Adapter Default Switch COM 1 None COM 2 None Diskette Drive			[	<u>R</u> emove
Ŧ	Network Adapter Default Switch COM 1 None COM 2 None Diskette Drive None			[	<u>R</u> emove
Ŧ	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1 None</li> <li>COM 2 None</li> <li>Diskette Drive None</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Name nShieldMonitor 270</li> </ul>			[	Remove
Ŧ	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1 None</li> <li>COM 2 None</li> <li>Diskette Drive None</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Name nShieldMonitor 270</li> <li>Integration Services</li> </ul>	-		[	Remove
Ŧ	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1 None</li> <li>COM 2 None</li> <li>Diskette Drive None</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Name nShieldMonitor 270</li> <li>Integration Services Some services offered</li> </ul>			[	Remove
Ŧ	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1 None</li> <li>COM 2 None</li> <li>Diskette Drive None</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Name nShieldMonitor 270</li> <li>Integration Services Some services offered</li> <li>Checkpoints</li> </ul>			[	Remove
*	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1 None</li> <li>COM 2 None</li> <li>Diskette Drive None</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Name nShieldMonitor270</li> <li>Integration Services Some services offered</li> <li>Checkpoints Standard</li> </ul>			[	Remove
*	<ul> <li>Network Adapter Default Switch</li> <li>COM 1 None</li> <li>COM 2 None</li> <li>Diskette Drive None</li> <li>Management</li> <li>Name nShieldMonitor 270</li> <li>Integration Services Some services offered</li> <li>Checkpoints</li> </ul>			[	Remove

- b. In the New Virtual Hard Disk Wizard, select Copy the contents of the specified virtual hard disk, browse to the -2.vhdx file, and add it.
- c. Back on the SCSI Controller page, select Apply.
- d. Add the other three virtual hard disk files (-3.vhdx, -4.vhdx, and -5.vhdx), repeating steps a-c for each of them.

All four virtual hard disk files added to the SCSI Controller:

nshield	IMonitor270	$\sim$ $\triangleleft$	ש   ₪						
* Har	rdware	<u>^</u>	Hard Drive						
_ <b> </b> /	Add Hardware		_						
	BIOS			how this virtual hard n is installed on this o					he
-	Boot from CD		irtual machine f			nging the	acconnent my	grie prevene a	
-	Security Key Storage Drive disabled	c	Controller:			Location	:		
	Memory	5	SCSI Controller		~	3 (in use	e)		~
	4096 MB		Media						
e 🗖 i	Processor			act, convert, expan	d merce	reconn	act or shrink a v	irtual bard di	ek.
	1 Virtual processor			associated file. Spe				ii tuai nai u ui:	SK.
I 🗐 1	IDE Controller 0		Virtual har	rd disk:					
÷.	- Hard Drive				and the literation				
	nShieldMonitor-2.7.0-1.vhd		C: (BOTED	SIBUILDOUTPUTVME	ok (nShie	IdMonitor	-2.7.0-5.vhdx		
-	IDE Controller 1			New	E	dit	Inspect	Browse	
(	DVD Drive			_	_			_	
TANK .	None		O Physical h	ard disk:					
	SCSI Controller			$\sim$					
+	<ul> <li>Hard Drive nShieldMonitor-2, 7, 0-2, vhdx</li> </ul>								
	Hard Drive			e physical hard disk is offline. Use Disk M					
•	nShieldMonitor-2,7.0-3.vhdx			sical hard disks.	unugen	circ orr an	e priysical comp		ge
÷.	<ul> <li>Hard Drive</li> </ul>								
	nShieldMonitor-2.7.0-4.vhdx		o remove the v lelete the assoc	irtual hard disk, click	Remove	. This dis	connects the di	sk but does n	ot
÷	- Hard Drive	l l '	icicic u ic assoc	lateu nie.					
	nShieldMonitor-2.7.0-5.vhdx							<u>R</u> emo	ve
	Network Adapter								
1000	Default Switch								
40	COM 1 None								
	COM 2								
1000	None								
<b>P</b> (	None								
<b></b>									
، چ	Diskette Drive None								

11. From **Hyper-V Manager**, select **Start** and **Connect** to see the nShield Monitor image running.