



EDB Postgres and Entrust KeyControl

Integration Guide

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Chapter 1. Introduction

Entrust KeyControl is a Key Management System (KMS) offers functionalities to create, manage, distribute, and safeguard cryptographic keys. It is deployed as a cluster of virtual appliances that integrate with FIPS 140-2-compliant third-party hardware security modules (HSM) to securely store keys.

Using EDB Postgres Advanced Server or EDB Postgres Extended Server TDE capabilities along with Entrust KeyControl for key management protect sensitive data wherever those data reside.

1.1. Documents to read first

- Entrust KeyControl Online Documentation Set
- Installing Postgres
- Transparent Data Encryption overview
- Transparent Data Encryption
- PyKMIP Installation

1.2. Product configuration

Product	Version	Notes
RedHat Linux	9.4	Red Hat Enterprise Linux release 9.4 (Plow)
EDB Postgres	16.4.1	PostgreSQL 16.4 (EnterpriseDB Advanced Server 16.4.1)
KeyControl Vault KMS	10.3.1	KMIP Vault installed and deployed per your environment
Python	3.9	Installed on the Linux server

Chapter 2. Procedures

2.1. Install Postgres on RedHat Linux 9 x86_64

2.1.1. Set up the EDB repository

1. Determine if your repository exists:

% sudo dnf repolist | grep enterprisedb

If no output is generated, the repository isn't installed.

- 2. Go to EDB repositories (https://www.enterprisedb.com/repos-downloads).
- 3. Select the button that provides access to the EDB repository.
- 4. Select the platform and software that you want to download.
 - a. Platform: RHEL 9 x86_64
 - b. Software: EDB Postgres Advanced Server (Version 16)
- 5. Follow the instructions for setting up the EDB repository.
 - a. Setup the repository automatically

```
% curl -1sLf
'https://downloads.enterprisedb.com/amtZGfLa0ZhdjqNzh416xoa03f5knUmY/enterprise/setup.rpm.sh' | sudo
-E bash
```

```
Executing the setup script for the 'enterprisedb/enterprise' repository ...
  OK: Checking for required executable 'curl' ...
  OK: Checking for required executable 'rpm' ...
  OK: Detecting your OS distribution and release using system methods ...
    : ... Detected/provided for your OS/distribution, version and architecture:
    : ... distro=rhel version=9.4 codename=Plow arch=x86_64
  OK: Importing 'enterprisedb/enterprise' repository GPG keys into rpm ...
  OK: Checking for available package manager (DNF/Microdnf/YUM/Zypper) ...
    : ... Detected package manager as 'dnf'
  OK: Checking for dnf dependency 'dnf-plugins-core' ...
  OK: Checking if upstream install config is OK ...
  OK: Fetching 'enterprisedb/enterprise' repository configuration ...
  OK: Installing 'enterprisedb/enterprise' repository via dnf ...
Importing GPG key 0x9F1EF813:
Userid
          : "Cloudsmith Package (enterprisedb/enterprise) <support@cloudsmith.io>"
Fingerprint: 31A4 CF09 0B3A E265 F131 58DE E71E B082 9F1E F813
From
https://downloads.enterprisedb.com/amtZGfLa0ZhdjqNzh416xoa03f5knUmY/enterprise/gpg.E71EB0829F1EF813.k
ev
Importing GPG key 0x9F1EF813:
Userid
          : "Cloudsmith Package (enterprisedb/enterprise) <support@cloudsmith.io>"
Fingerprint: 31A4 CF09 0B3A E265 F131 58DE E71E B082 9F1E F813
```

```
From :
https://downloads.enterprisedb.com/amtZGfLa0ZhdjqNzh416xoa03f5knUmY/enterprise/gpg.E71EB0829F1EF813.k
ey
Importing GPG key 0x9F1EF813:
Userid : "Cloudsmith Package (enterprisedb/enterprise) <support@cloudsmith.io>"
Fingerprint: 31A4 CF09 0B3A E265 F131 58DE E71E B082 9F1E F813
From :
https://downloads.enterprisedb.com/amtZGfLa0ZhdjqNzh416xoa03f5knUmY/enterprise/gpg.E71EB0829F1EF813.k
ey
OK: Updating the dnf cache to fetch the new repository metadata ...
OK: The repository has been installed successfully - You're ready to rock!
```

2.1.2. Install the software packages

Once the repository is configured, run this to install the software packages.

% sudo dnf -y install edb-as16-server

Раскаде	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size
Installing:				
edb-as16-server	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	9.7 k
Installing dependencies:				
edb-as16-server-client	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	1.8 M
edb-as16-server-contrib	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	774 k
edb-as16-server-core	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	7.2 M
edb-as16-server-devel	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	6.3 M
edb-as16-server-docs	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	18 k
edb-as16-server-libs	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	712 k
edb-as16-server-plperl	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	71 k
edb-as16-server-plpython3	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	110 k
edb-as16-server-pltcl	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	48 k
edb-as16-server-sqlprotect	x86_64	16.4.1-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise	96 k
1z4	x86_64	1.9.3-5.el9	rhel-9-for-x86_64-baseos-rpms	62 k
ransaction Summary				
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M				
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Downloading Packages:				
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Downloading Packages: (1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4		4.rom	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB	
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Downloading Packages: (1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 (2/12): edb-as16-server-cont		4.rpm 19.x86 64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB	00:01 00:01
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Downloading Packages: (1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 (2/12): edb-as16-server-cont (3/12): edb-as16-server-clie		4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86 64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:01
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Downloading Packages: (1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 (2/12): edb-as16-server-cont (3/12): edb-as16-server-clie (4/12): edb-as16-server-docs		4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Downloading Packages: (1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 (2/12): edb-as16-server-cont (3/12): edb-as16-server-cont (4/12): edb-as16-server-cont		4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:00
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Jownloading Packages: 1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 3/12): edb-as16-server-core 5/12): edb-as16-server-core 5/12): edb-as16-server-core 5/12): edb-as16-server-core		4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm .x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB 4.3 MB/s 6.3 MB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:00 00:01 00:01
Transaction Summary Install 12 Packages Total download size: 17 M Installed size: 67 M Jownloading Packages: 1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 3/12): edb-as16-server-core 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs		4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm .x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB 4.3 MB/s 6.3 MB 637 kB/s 712 kB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:00 00:01 00:01 00:01
ransaction Summary install 12 Packages otal download size: 17 M installed size: 67 M lownloading Packages: 1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-core 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-docs 5/12): edb-as16-server-libs 8/12): edb-as16-server-libs		4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm .x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB 4.3 MB/s 6.3 MB 637 kB/s 712 kB 84 kB/s 71 kB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00
ransaction Summary 	4.1-1.el9.x86_6 crib-16.4.1-1.el crib-16.4.1-1.el c-16.4.1-1.el9. c-16.4.1-1.el9. c1-16.4.1-1.el9 c1-16.4.1-1.el9. crl-16.4.1-1.el9. crl-16.4.1-1.el9.	4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm .el9.x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB 4.3 MB/s 6.3 MB 637 kB/s 712 kB 84 kB/s 71 kB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:00
ransaction Summary install 12 Packages fotal download size: 17 M installed size: 67 M ownloading Packages: 1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 3/12): edb-as16-server-core 6/12): edb-as16-server-core 6/12): edb-as16-server-libs 8/12): edb-as16-server-plp 9/12): edb-as16-server-plp 10/12): edb-as16-server-plp	L.1-1.el9.x86_6 rib-16.4.1-1.el -16.4.1-1.el -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9 -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9. rl-16.4.1-1.el9. rl-16.4.1-1.el9. rl-16.4.1-1.el9.	4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm y.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm el9.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB 4.3 MB/s 6.3 MB 637 kB/s 712 kB 84 kB/s 71 kB 128 kB/s 110 kB 63 kB/s 48 kB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:00 00:00
ransaction Summary install 12 Packages otal download size: 17 M installed size: 67 M bownloading Packages: 1/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 2/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 3/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 5/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 5/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 7/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 8/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 9/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 10/12): edb-as16-server-16.4 10/12): edb-as16-server-16.4	L.1-1.el9.x86_6 rib-16.4.1-1.el -16.4.1-1.el -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9. -16.4.1-1.el9. rl-16.4.1-1.el9. rl-16.4.1-1.el9. rl-16.4.1-1.el9. rthon3-16.4.1-1.el rthon3-16.4.1-1.el	4.rpm 19.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm 9.x86_64.rpm .el9.x86_64.rpm -1.el9.x86_64.rpm	7.1 kB/s 9.7 kB 412 kB/s 774 kB 913 kB/s 1.8 MB 27 kB/s 18 kB 4.5 MB/s 7.2 MB 4.3 MB/s 6.3 MB 637 kB/s 712 kB 84 kB/s 71 kB m 128 kB/s 110 kB 63 kB/s 48 kB	00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:01 00:01 00:01 00:00 00:00 00:00 00:00

Transaction check succeeded.		
Running transaction test		
Transaction test succeeded.		
Running transaction		
Preparing :		1/1
Installing : edb-as16-server-libs-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	1/12
Running scriptlet: edb-as16-server-libs-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	1/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-client-16.4.1	-1.el9.x86_64	2/12
Running scriptlet: edb-as16-server-client-16.4.1	-1.el9.x86_64	2/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-contrib-16.4.	1-1.el9.x86_64	3/12
Running scriptlet: edb-as16-server-core-16.4.1-1	.e19.x86_64	4/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-core-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	4/12
Running scriptlet: edb-as16-server-core-16.4.1-1	.e19.x86_64	4/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-plperl-16.4.1	-1.el9.x86_64	5/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-plpython3-16.	4.1-1.el9.x86_64	6/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-pltcl-16.4.1-	1.el9.x86_64	7/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-sqlprotect-16	.4.1-1.el9.x86_64	8/12
Running scriptlet: edb-as16-server-sqlprotect-16	.4.1-1.el9.x86_64	8/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-devel-16.4.1-	1.el9.x86_64	9/12
Installing : lz4-1.9.3-5.el9.x86_64		10/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-docs-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	11/12
Installing : edb-as16-server-16.4.1-1.el9.	x86_64	12/12
Running scriptlet: edb-as16-server-16.4.1-1.el9.	x86_64	12/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-16.4.1-1.el9.	x86_64	1/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-client-16.4.1	-1.el9.x86_64	2/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-contrib-16.4.	1-1.el9.x86_64	3/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-core-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	4/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-devel-16.4.1-	1.el9.x86_64	5/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-docs-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	6/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-libs-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64	7/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-plperl-16.4.1	-1.el9.x86_64	8/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-plpython3-16.	4.1-1.el9.x86_64	9/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-pltcl-16.4.1-	1.el9.x86_64	10/12
Verifying : edb-as16-server-sqlprotect-16	.4.1-1.el9.x86_64	11/12
Verifying : lz4-1.9.3-5.el9.x86_64		12/12
Installed products updated.		
Installed:		
edb-as16-server-16.4.1-1.eL9.x86_64	edb-as16-server-client-16.4.1	-1.eL9.x86_64
edb-as16-server-contrib-16.4.1-1.e19.x86_64	edb-as16-server-core-16.4.1-1	.el9.x86_64
edb-as16-server-devel-16.4.1-1.eL9.x86_64	edb-as16-server-docs-16.4.1-1	.eL9.x86_64
edb-as16-server-libs-16.4.1-1.el9.x86_64	edb-as16-server-plperl-16.4.1	-1.eL9.x86_64
edp-asib-server-plpython3-16.4.1-1.el9.x86_64	edD-asib-server-pltcl-16.4.1-	1.019.X00_04
eap-asib-server-sqlprotect-ib.4.i-i.ely.x86_64	LZ4-1.9.3-5.eL9.x8b_64	
Complete!		

2.1.3. Install the EPEL repository

% sudo dnf -y install https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/epel-release-latest-9.noarch.rpm

Updating Subscription Mana Last metadata expiration of epel-release-latest-9.noan Dependencies resolved.	agement reposito check: 0:04:36 a rch.rpm	ries. go on Mon 09 S	ep 2024 02:45:47 PM EDT. 38 kB/s 18 kB	00:00
Package	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size
Installing: epel-release	noarch	9-8.el9	@commandline	 18 k

Transaction Summary	
Install 1 Package	
Total size: 18 k	
Installed size: 26 k	
Downloading Packages:	
Running transaction check	
Transaction check succeeded.	
Running transaction test	
Transaction test succeeded.	
Running transaction	
Preparing :	1/1
Installing : epel-release-9-8.el9.noarch	1/1
Running scriptlet: epel-release-9-8.el9.noarch	1/1
Many EPEL packages require the CodeReady Builder (CRB) repository.	
It is recommended that you run /usr/bin/crb enable to enable the CRB repository.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Verifying : epel-release-9-8.el9.noarch	1/1
Installed products updated.	
Installed:	
epel-release-9-8.el9.poarch	
Complete!	

2.1.4. Enable additional repositories to resolve dependencies

% ARCH=\$(/bin/arch)
% subscription-manager repos --enable "codeready-builder-for-rhel-9-\${ARCH}-rpms"

```
You are attempting to run "subscription-manager" which requires administrative
privileges, but more information is needed in order to do so.
Authenticating as "root"
Password:
Repository 'codeready-builder-for-rhel-9-x86_64-rpms' is enabled for this system.
```

2.1.5. Disable the built-in PostgreSQL module

% sudo dnf -qy module disable postgresql

2.1.6. Install the Postgres packages

% sudo dnf -y install postgresql<xx>-server postgresql<xx>-contrib

Where <xx> is the version of PostgreSQL you are installing. For example, if you are installing version 16, the package name would be postgresql16-server postgresql16-contrib.

% sudo dnf -y install postg	resql16-server	postgresql16-co	ntrib	
Updating Subscription Manag enterprisedb-enterprise enterprisedb-enterprise-noa enterprisedb-enterprise-sou Dependencies resolved.	ement repositor rch rce	ies.	587 B/s 659 B 776 B/s 659 B 723 B/s 659 B	00:01 00:00 00:00
Package	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size
Installing: postgresql16-contrib postgresql16-server Installing dependencies: postgresql16 postgresql16-libs	x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64	16.4-1EDB.el9 16.4-1EDB.el9 16.4-1EDB.el9 16.4-1EDB.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise enterprisedb-enterprise enterprisedb-enterprise enterprisedb-enterprise	724 k 6.7 M 1.8 M 334 k
Transaction Summary				
Install 4 Packages				======
Total download size: 9.5 M Installed size: 42 M Downloading Packages: (1/4): postgresql16-libs-16 (2/4): postgresql16-16.4-1E (3/4): postgresql16-contrib (4/4): postgresql16-server-	.4-1EDB.el9.x86 DB.el9.x86_64.r -16.4-1EDB.el9. 16.4-1EDB.el9.x	5_64.rpm pm x86_64.rpm 86_64.rpm	264 kB/s 334 k 1.3 MB/s 1.8 M 518 kB/s 724 k 4.2 MB/s 6.7 M	8 00:01 8 00:01 8 00:01 8 00:01 8 00:01
Total Running transaction check Transaction check succeeded Running transaction test Transaction test succeeded. Running transaction Preparing : Installing : postgr Running scriptlet: postgr	esql16-libs-16. esql16-libs-16.	4-1EDB.e19.x86_ 4-1EDB.e19.x86_	3.3 MB/s 9.5 M 64 64	B 00:02 1/1 1/4 1/4
Installing : postgr Running scriptlet: postgr Running scriptlet: postgr Installing : postgr Running scriptlet: postgr Running scriptlet: postgr Verifying : postgr Verifying : postgr Verifying : postgr Verifying : postgr Installed products updated.	esql16-16.4-1EC esql16-server-1 esql16-server-1 esql16-server-1 esql16-contrib- esql16-contrib- esql16-contrib- esql16-16.4-1EC esql16-contrib- esql16-libs-16. esql16-server-1	B.el9.x86_64 B.el9.x86_64 6.4-1EDB.el9.x8 6.4-1EDB.el9.x8 6.4-1EDB.el9.x8 16.4-1EDB.el9.x8 16.4-1EDB.el9.x B.el9.x86_64 16.4-1EDB.el9.x86_ 6.4-1EDB.el9.x86_	6_64 6_64 86_64 86_64 86_64 86_64 64 6_64	2/4 2/4 3/4 3/4 4/4 4/4 1/4 2/4 3/4 4/4
Installed: postgresql16-16.4-1EDB.el postgresql16-libs-16.4-1E	9.x86_64 DB.el9.x86_64	postg postg	resql16-contrib-16.4-1EDB.el9. resql16-server-16.4-1EDB.el9.x	x86_64 86_64
Complete!				

2.2. Install PyKMIP on the Postgres Linux server

PyKMIP must be installed as **enterprisedb**.

1. Make sure enterprisedb user has sudo privileges.

% sudo usermod -aG wheel enterprisedb

- 2. Log in to the postgres Linux server as enterprisedb.
- 3. Check or install Python on the server:

% python

```
Python 3.9.18 (main, Aug 23 2024, 00:00:00)
[GCC 11.4.1 20231218 (Red Hat 11.4.1-3)] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> quit()
```

4. Install pip:

% sudo dnf install pip

```
Updating Subscription Management repositories.
Last metadata expiration check: 0:04:54 ago on Mon 09 Sep 2024 02:59:02 PM EDT.
Dependencies resolved.
_____
Package
           Architecture Version Repository
                                                                 Size
_____
Installing:
python3-pip
          noarch 21.2.3-8.el9 rhel-9-for-x86_64-appstream-rpms
                                                                 2.0 M
Transaction Summary
Install 1 Package
Total download size: 2.0 M
Installed size: 8.7 M
Is this ok [y/N]: y
Downloading Packages:
python3-pip-21.2.3-8.el9.noarch.rpm
                                                  1.8 MB/s | 2.0 MB
                                                                  00:01
                                                                  ----
                                                  1.8 MB/s | 2.0 MB
Total
                                                                  00:01
Running transaction check
Transaction check succeeded.
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded.
Running transaction
 Preparing :
1/1
 Installing
            : python3-pip-21.2.3-8.el9.noarch
1/1
 Running scriptlet: python3-pip-21.2.3-8.el9.noarch
1/1
             : python3-pip-21.2.3-8.el9.noarch
 Verifying
1/1
Installed products updated.
Installed:
 python3-pip-21.2.3-8.el9.noarch
```

Complete!

5. Upgrade pip:

% /usr/bin/python3.9 -m pip install --upgrade pip

```
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Requirement already satisfied: pip in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (21.2.3)
Collecting pip
Downloading pip-24.2-py3-none-any.whl (1.8 MB)
.
.
.
Successfully installed pip-24.2
```

6. Upgrade setuptools:

% sudo pip3 install --upgrade setuptools

```
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages (53.0.0)

Collecting setuptools

Downloading setuptools-74.1.2-py3-none-any.whl (1.3 MB)

| 1.3 MB 710 kB/s

Installing collected packages: setuptools

Successfully installed setuptools-74.1.2
```

7. Install tox:

```
% sudo pip install tox
```

```
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Collecting tox
Downloading tox-4.18.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.0 kB)
Collecting cachetools>=5.5 (from tox)
Downloading cachetools-5.5.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.3 kB)
.
.
Successfully installed cachetools-5.5.0 chardet-5.2.0 colorama-0.4.6 distlib-0.3.8 filelock-3.16.0
packaging-24.1 platformdirs-4.3.2 pluggy-1.5.0 pyproject-api-1.7.1 tomli-2.0.1 tox-4.18.1 virtualenv-
20.26.4
```

8. Install git:

% sudo dnf install -y git

9. Install cryptography:

% sudo pip install cryptography

```
Collecting cryptography
Downloading cryptography-43.0.1-cp39-abi3-manylinux_2_28_x86_64.whl (4.0 MB)
.
.
.
Successfully installed cffi-1.17.1 cryptography-43.0.1 pycparser-2.22
```

10. Build PyKMIP:

a. Change directory to the enterprisedb user home directory.

% cd ~

b. Clone the **pykmip** repo.

% git clone https://github.com/openkmip/pykmip.git

```
Cloning into 'pykmip'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 7476, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (484/484), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (226/226), done.
remote: Total 7476 (delta 266), reused 342 (delta 222), pack-reused 6992 (from 1)
Receiving objects: 100% (7476/7476), 2.75 MiB | 9.41 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (5517/5517), done.
```

c. Do the build.

% sudo python3.9 pykmip/setup.py install

```
running install
.
.
.
Using /usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages
Searching for cffi==1.17.1
Best match: cffi 1.17.1
Adding cffi 1.17.1 to easy-install.pth file
Using /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages
Searching for pycparser=2.22
Best match: pycparser 2.22
Adding pycparser 2.22 to easy-install.pth file
Using /usr/local/lib/python3.9/site-packages
Finished processing dependencies for PyKMIP==0.11.0.dev1
```

11. Run the PyKMIP tests:

% cd ~/pykmip % ./bin/run_tests.sh

pep8: install_deps> python -I -m pip install -r /home/xxxxx/pykmip/requirements.txt -r /home/xxxxx/pykmip/test-requirements.txt . . . writing output... [100%] installation .. server generating indices... genindex py-modindex done writing additional pages... search done dumping search index in English (code: en)... done dumping object inventory... done build succeeded. The HTML pages are in ../.tox/docs/tmp/html. pep8: OK (37.05=setup[27.65]+cmd[9.41] seconds) py38: SKIP (0.24 seconds) py310: SKIP (0.01 seconds) bandit: OK (19.03=setup[13.74]+cmd[5.30] seconds) docs: OK (14.05=setup[11.38]+cmd[2.67] seconds) congratulations :) (70.52 seconds)

2.3. Install and configure KeyControl Vault

Follow the installation and setup instructions in the *Entrust KeyControl Vault nShield HSM Integration Guide*. You can access it from the Entrust Document Library and from the nShield Product Documentation website.

2.3.1. Create a KMIP vault in the KeyControl Vault Server

Refer to the Creating a Vault section of the admin guide for more details about it.

- 1. Log into the KeyControl Vault Server web user interface:
 - a. Use your browser to access the IP address of the server.
 - b. Sign in using the **secroot** credentials.
- If you are not in the Vault Management interface, select SWITCH TO: Manage Vaults in the Menu Header.
- 3. In the KeyControl Vault Management interface, select Create Vault.

10/29

ENTRUST KeyControl Vault Management	secroot v Switch to: Applicance Management
Vaults Each vault has unique authentication and management	🌣 Settings
+	
Let's get started!	
+ Create Vauit	

- 4. In the Create Vault page, create a KMIP Vault:
 - a. For **Type**, select **KMIP**.
 - b. For **Name**, enter the name of the Vault.
 - c. For **Description**, enter the description of the Vault.
 - d. For **Admin Name**, enter the name of the administrator of the Vault.
 - e. For Admin Email, enter a valid email for the administrator.

Vaults Each vault has unique authentication and management	
Create Vault A vault will have unique authentication and management.	
Type Choose the type of vault to create	
КМІР	~
Name*	
Postgres	
Description	
KMIP Vault for Postgres integration.	
Max. 300 characters	
Email Notifications	OFF
🛕 SMTP needs to be configured to turn on email notifications	
Use email to communicate with Vault Adminstrators, including their temporary passwords. Turning off email notifications means you will see and need to give temporary passwords to Vault Admins.	
Administrator Invite an individual to have complete access and control over this vault. They will be responsible for inviting additional members.	
Admin Name*	
Aurminist devi	
Admin Email *	
xxxxxxx@company.com	
Create Vault Cancel	

A temporary password will be emailed to the administrator's email address. This is the password that will be used to sign in for the first time to the KMIP Vaults space in KeyControl. In a closed gap environment where email is not available, the password for the user is displayed when you first create the vault. That can be copied and sent to the user.

5. Select Create Vault.

- 6. Select **Close** when the Vault creation completes.
- 7. The newly-created Vault is added to the Vault dashboard.
- 8. After the Vault has been created, the KMIP server settings on the appliance are **enabled**.

2.3.2. KMIP server settings

The KMIP server settings are set at the KeyControl appliance level and apply to all the KMIP vaults in the appliance. After a KMIP vault is created, they are automatically set to **ENABLED**.

To use external key management and configure the KeyControl Vault KMIP settings, refer to the KMIP Client and Server Configuration section of the admin guide.



When using external key management, as is the case in this solution, the KeyControl server is the KMIP server and the Postgres server is the KMIP client.

- 1. Select the **Settings** icon on the top right to view/change the KMIP settings.
 - a. The defaults settings are appropriate for most applications.
 - b. Make any changes necessary.

Vaults Each valid has unique audientication and management	
Settings	
KMIP Vault Settings Define the default setting for all KMIP vaults. KMIP setting state should be enabled to make any changes.	Actions ~
C EMABLED	
Port*	
5696	
Auto Reconnect	
On 007	
Verify	
Ø Yes ○ No	
Non-blocking I/O	
in set to yee, the client requires non-blocking (/O	
Log Level *	
CREATE-MODIFY	~
Restrict TLS	
If set to yes, connection will use TLS12	
Ves No	
Timeout	
🔾 Yes 💿 No	
SSL/TLS Ciphers	
ECDHE-RSA-AESDB-GCM-SHA266-ECDHE-RSA-AESDB-GCM-SHA384.ECDHE-ECDSA-AESDB-SHAECDHE-ECDSA-AESDB-SHA2CDHE-ECDSA-AESDB-SHA26ECDHE-ECDSA-	ECDSA-AES128- IE-DSS-AES256-
Certificate Types Default Custom	h
Apply Cancel	

2. Select Apply.

2.3.3. View details for the vault

Select View Details when you hover over the vault.

2.4. Establishing trust between the KeyControl Vault Server and Postgres - KeyControl Certificates

Certificates are required to facilitate the KMIP communications from the KeyControl KMIP vault and the Postgres application and conversely. The built-in capabilities in the KeyControl KMIP vault are used to create and publish the certificates.

For more information on how to create a certificate bundle, refer to Establishing a Trusted Connection with a KeyControl Vault-Generated CSR.

2.4.1. Create a CSR for the Postgres Linux server

1. Change your working directory to the **\$home** directory of **enterprisedb**:

% cd ~

2. Create a new certificate request good for 3 years:

% openssl req -new -nodes -keyout client1.key -out client1.csr -days 1095

```
Ignoring -days without -x509; not generating a certificate
+++++
. . . . . . .
+++++
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
Country Name (2 letter code) [XX]:US
State or Province Name (full name) []:FL
Locality Name (eg, city) [Default City]:Sunrise
Organization Name (eg, company) [Default Company Ltd]:Entrust
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:Hurricanes
Common Name (eg, your name or your server's hostname) []:Postgres
Email Address []:xxxxx@company.com
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:
An optional company name []:
```

3. Verify that the CSR has been generated.

% ls client1.csr

4. Download the CSR file on the local machine. You will use it to generate the KMIP client certificate.

2.4.2. Create the certificate bundle to be used by Postgres.

- 1. Sign in to the KMIP vault that you created. Use the login URL and credentials provided to the administrator of the vault.
- 2. Select Security, then Client Certificates.



- 3. In the **Manage Client Certificate** page, select the **+** icon on the right to create a new certificate.
- 4. In the **Create Client Certificate** dialog box:
 - a. Enter a name in the Certificate Name field. (client1)
 - b. Set the date on which you want the certificate to expire in the Certificate
 Expiration field. (3 years from today)
 - c. For **Certificate Signing Request (CSR)** upload the **client1** CSR file created earlier.
 - d. Select Create.

The new certificates are added to the **Manage Client Certificate** pane.

5. Select the certificate and select the **Download** icon to download the certificate.

The webGUI downloads certname_datetimestamp.zip, which contains a user certification/key file called certname.pem and a server certification file called cacert.pem.

- 6. The download zip file contains the following:
 - A certname.pem file that includes both the client certificate and private key. In this example, this file is called client1.pem.

The client certificate section of the **certname.pem** file includes the lines "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----" and "-----END CERTIFICATE-----" and all text between them.

The private key section of the certname.pem file includes the lines "-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----" and "-----END PRIVATE KEY-----" and all text in between them.

• A cacert.pem file which is the root certificate for the KMS cluster. It is always named cacert.pem.

You will use these files in the Postgres KMIP configuration.

7. Transfer the zip file to the Postgres server.

% scp client1_2024-09-10-14-24-31.zip enterprisedb@<keycontrol-server-ip-address>:/var/lib/edb/.

8. Login to the postgres server as enterprisedb user and unzip the file.

% unzip client1_2024-09-10-14-24-31.zip

```
Archive: client1_2024-09-10-14-24-31.zip
inflating: client1.pem
inflating: cacert.pem
```

These files will be used during the configuration described in the next section.

2.5. Configure PyKMIP on the Postgres Linux server

PyKMIP must be configured to use the client certificate generated by KeyControl.

1. Log in to the Linux server:

\$ ssh enterprisedb@<postgres-server-ip-address>

2. Install KMIP client and CA certificates:

```
% sudo mkdir -p /etc/pykmip/certs
% sudo so slipst1 sep /sts/sukris/sests/slipst se
```

```
% sudo cp client1.pem /etc/pykmip/certs/client_cert.pem
```

- % sudo cp client1.key/etc/pykmip/certs/client_private_key.pem
- % sudo cp cacert.pem /etc/pykmip/certs/server_ca_cert.pem
- % sudo chmod a+r /etc/pykmip/certs/*
- 3. Create the PYTHONPATH variable: Edit the enterprisedb user's .bash_profile file and add the following line to it:

export PYTHONPATH=\$HOME/pykmip

4. Source the file so the environment variable becomes available.

% source ~/.bash_profile

5. Check if the environment variable is set:

% echo \$PYTHONPATH

/var/lib/edb/pykmip

6. Copy the PyKMIP policy.json file into /etc/pykmip/policy.json

% sudo cp ~/pykmip/examples/policy.json /etc/pykmip/policy.json

7. Copy the PyKMIP pykmip.conf file into /etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf

% sudo cp ~/pykmip/examples/pykmip.conf /etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf

8. Edit the /etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf file.

Change the **host** parameter to IP address of the KeyControl Vault Server.



Remember to comment out the last two lines.

[client] host=<KEYCONTROL-VAULT-IP-ADDRESS> port=5696 keyfile=/etc/pykmip/certs/client_private_key.pem certfile=/etc/pykmip/certs/client_cert.pem cert_reqs=CERT_REQUIRED ssl_version=PROTOCOL_SSLv23 ca_certs=/etc/pykmip/certs/server_ca_cert.pem do_handshake_on_connect=True suppress_ragged_eofs=True #username=example_username #password=example_password

2.6. Test the KMIP service

1. Ping the KeyControl appliance:

% ping <keycontrol-vault-ip-address>

PING <keycontrol-vault-ip-address> (192.168.1.235) 56(84) bytes of data. 64 bytes from <keycontrol-vault-ip-address> (192.168.1.235): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.701 ms 64 bytes from <keycontrol-vault-ip-address> (192.168.1.235): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.437 ms 64 bytes from <keycontrol-vault-ip-address> (192.168.1.235): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.421 ms 64 bytes from <keycontrol-vault-ip-address> (192.168.1.235): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.405 ms ^c --- <keycontrol-vault-ip-address> ping statistics ---4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3044ms

2. Show information about the TLS certificate of the KMIP server (KMS):

% echo | \
 openssl s_client -servername <keycontrol-ip-address>-connect <keycontrol-ip-address>:443 2>/dev/null | \
 openssl x509 -noout -issuer -subject -dates -ext subjectAltName -fingerprint

3. Test the CA certificate:

% openssl s_client -CAfile /etc/pykmip/certs/server_ca_cert.pem -connect <keycontrol-vault-ip-address>:5696

```
CONNECTED(0000003)
.
SSL handshake has read 2800 bytes and written 433 bytes
Verification: OK
New, TLSv1.2, Cipher is ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
Server public key is 2048 bit
Secure Renegotiation IS supported
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
No ALPN negotiated
SSL-Session:
    Protocol : TLSv1.2
    Cipher : ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
    Session-ID: 67C77D394B46DD966582BDF7E55B41F5B74A2DD8BE03FE3F6C76ADA8860CE414
   Session-TD-ctx:
    Master-Kev:
71120791CFDDCA302C0C5A49AB999D8D5924233683A3D883BDFE177397E75444B097596BCC6D524C69338D88085119FA
```

```
PSK identity: None
    PSK identity hint: None
    SRP username: None
    TLS session ticket lifetime hint: 300 (seconds)
   TLS session ticket:
    0000 - 70 bf ca 92 53 2d b5 29-41 c4 4c 44 5b e3 97 6a p...S-.)A.LD[..j
    0010 - cf 7c 04 d6 9a a1 29 6f-60 70 d5 11 ab 41 7d 5b
                                                            .|....)o`p...A}[
    0020 - 35 d8 ee 96 0c 45 8a 6d-fe af ea 5b 5f 31 55 12 5....E.m...[_1U.
    0030 - 7f 90 74 5c d8 ec 17 69-42 09 38 22 20 03 39 9e ..t\...iB.8" .9.
    0040 - e5 bd 4a 72 17 81 bd 68-66 e7 9f 6a 01 ec 75 79 ...Jr...hf..j..uy
                                                           ..H..`.^..._.0
    0050 - c5 e5 48 b3 85 60 0b 5e-ea c3 d9 c3 bd 5f c9 4f
                                                           ....S...l..,...
.k..V.;o.....
    0060 - c9 e2 a7 ee 53 18 d2 ca-6c 13 1d 2c 8b 1c 1c dd
    0070 - d2 6b 01 f1 56 1e 3b 6f-04 a0 e4 ba c5 03 1a 8d
    0080 - 24 4f 1f 8f fe b3 7e cc-9f bc 59 87 7f 34 e5 a1 $0.....Y...4..
    0090 - 49 2e 21 a9 27 3c a0 2e-03 7f 7e f7 53 cc 40 56 I.!.'<....~.S.@V
   Start Time: 1725981994
   Timeout : 7200 (sec)
    Verify return code: 0 (ok)
   Extended master secret: no
closed
```

4. Create an AES 256 AES key using pykmip:

```
% cd ~/pykmip/
% python3.9 ./kmip/demos/pie/create.py -a AES -l 256
```

```
2024-09-10 15:48:00,086 - demo - INFO - Successfully created symmetric key with ID: 74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1
```

The key is created in the KeyControl KMIP vault.

2.6.1. Activate the key

You must activate the key, otherwise it cannot be used for encryption.

Sign in to the KeyControl KMIP vault and activate the key.

1. Check that the key exists in the KMIP vault.

Select **Objects** in the **Home** tab in the KMIP vault. You should see the key created earlier listed.

ENTRUST	KeyControl Vault for KMIP					Postgres	ø	4	?
Home S Objects	ж								
KMIP Objects									
Filter							A	ctions	-
UUID	Description	Initial Date	Last Status Changed Date	Object Type	Archived	State			
9e4d9cd8-1e00-46c2-bb47-31f972		Sep 10, 2024	Sep 10, 2024, 11:42:06 AM	SymmetricKey		PRE-ACTIVE			

2. Activate the key. Select the key, then select **Actions > Activate**.

Heme So Objects x X KIIP Objects X	
KMIP Objects	
·	
Filter Actions	•
UUID Description Initial Date Last Status Changed Date Object Type Archived Sta Update Description	
9e4d9cd8-te0-46c2-b647-31972 Sep 10, 2024 Sep 10, 2024, 11:42:06 AM SymmetricKey Pre	
Nevoke	
Archive	
Rekey All Objects	

In the Activate KMIP Object window, select Activate.

The status of the key should be now Active.

ENTRUST	KeyControl Vault for KMIP					Postgres	¢	4	?
Home (S) Objects	×								
KMIP Objects									
Filter								Actions	-
UUID	Description	Initial Date	Last Status Changed Date	Object Type	Archived	State			
9e4d9cd8-1e00-46c2-bb47-31f972.		Sep 10, 2024	Sep 10, 2024, 11:53:32 AM	SymmetricKey		ACTIVE			

2.7. Install edb-tde-kmip-client and check prerequisites

As the enterprisedb user, install the edb-tde-kmip client on your system.

1. Install edb-tde-kmip-client on your system:

% sudo dnf install -y edb-tde-kmip-client

Updating Subscription Management repositories. 529 B/s | 659 B enterprisedb-enterprise 529 B/S | 659 B 727 B/S | 659 B enterprisedb-enterprise-noarch 842 B/s | 659 B enterprisedb-enterprise-source Dependencies resolved. _____ Package Architecture Version Repository

Installing: edb-tde-kmip-client	noarch	1.0-1.el9	enterprisedb-enterprise-n	oarch	14 k
Transaction Summary					
Install 1 Package					
Total download size: 14 Installed size: 20 k Downloading Packages: edb-tde-kmip-client-1.0	↓ k)-1.el9.noarc	h.rpm	11 kB/s	14 kB	00:01
Total			11 kB/s	14 kB	00:01
Running transaction che	eck				
Transaction check succe	eeded.				
Running transaction tes	st				
Transaction test succee	eded.				
Running transaction					

00:01

00:00

00:00

Size

Preparing	:	1/1
Installing	: edb-tde-kmip-client-1.0-1.el9.noarch	1/1
Verifying	: edb-tde-kmip-client-1.0-1.el9.noarch	1/1
Installed product	ts updated.	
Installed:		
edb-tde-kmip-cl	lient-1.0-1.el9.noarch	
Complete!		

2. Locate edb_tde_kmip_client.py script:

```
% find / -name edb_tde_kmip_client.py
/usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py
```

3. Verify encryption with an active key using the pykmip variant:

```
% printf secret | python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py encrypt \
    --out-file=$HOME/test.bin \
    --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf \
    --key-uid='74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1' \
    --variant=pykmip
```

4. Check if encryption took place.

```
% ls -al $HOME/test.bin
```

```
-rw-r--r-. 1 enterprisedb enterprisedb 32 Sep 10 12:06 test.bin
```

5. Verify decryption with the same key:

```
% python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt \
    --in-file=$HOME/test.bin \
    --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf \
    --key-uid='74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1' \
    --variant=pykmip
secret
```

2.8. Perform the initial configuration and create an encrypted Postgres database

After you create the key and verify encryption and decryption, you can export PGDATAKEYWRAPCMD and PGDATAKEYUNWRAPCMD to wrap and unwrap your encryption key and initialize your database.

1. Sign in to your EDB Postgres distribution system as the database superuser. In this example, it's the enterprisedb user.

```
$ sudo su - enterprisedb
```

2. Navigate to the /bin directory of your executables:

In this example, it's /usr/edb/as16/bin.

```
$ cd /usr/edb/as16/bin
```

3. Perform the initial configuration of the database:

```
% export PGDATAKEYWRAPCMD='python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py encrypt \
    --out-file=%p \
    --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf \
    --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" \
    --variant=pykmip'
% export PGDATAKEYUNWRAPCMD='python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt \
    --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf \
    --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" \
    --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf \
    --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf \
    --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" \
    --in-file=%p --variant=pykmip'
```

4. Check if variables are set.

--variant=pykmip

```
% env | grep PGDATAKEY
PGDATAKEYWRAPCMD=python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py encrypt --out-file=%p --pykmip
-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --variant=pykmip
PGDATAKEYUNWRAPCMD=python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt --pykmip-config
-file=/etc/pykmip.conf --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --in-file=%p
```

5. Perform the initial configuration of the database.

% /usr/edb/as16/bin/initdb -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -y

```
The files belonging to this database system will be owned by user "enterprisedb".

This user must also own the server process.

The database cluster will be initialized with locale "en_US.UTF-8".

The default database encoding has accordingly been set to "UTF8".

The default text search configuration will be set to "english".

Data page checksums are disabled.

Transparent data encryption is enabled (128 bits).

creating directory /var/lib/edb/as16/data ... ok

creating subdirectories ... ok

selecting dynamic shared memory implementation ... posix

selecting default max_connections ... 100

selecting default shared_buffers ... 128MB

selecting default time zone ... America/New_York

creating configuration files ... ok
```

```
running bootstrap script ... ok
performing post-bootstrap initialization ... ok
creating edb sys ... ok
loading edb contrib modules ...
edb_redwood_bytea.sql
edb_redwood_date.sql
utl_raw_public.sql
utl_raw.plb
edb_gen_redwood.sql
waitstates.sql
installing extension edb_dblink_libpq ... ok
installing extension edb_dblink_oci ... ok
snap_tables.sql
snap_functions.sql
dblink_ora.sql
sys_stats.sql
ok
finalizing initial databases ... ok
syncing data to disk ... ok
initdb: warning: enabling "trust" authentication for local connections
initdb: hint: You can change this by editing pg_hba.conf or using the option -A, or --auth-local and --auth
-host, the next time you run initdb.
Success. You can now start the database server using:
    /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l logfile start
```

6. Start the database server.

```
% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l $HOME/logfile start
waiting for server to start..... done
server started
```

7. Navigate to the data directory /var/lib/edb/as16/data to view the postgresql.conf file.

Make sure that your data_encryption_key_unwrap_command, which you set with export **PGDATAUNWRAPCMD**, is present under the Authentication section.

```
# - Authentication -
#authentication_timeout = 1min  # 1s-600s
#password_encryption = scram-sha-256  # scram-sha-256 or md5
#scram_iterations = 4096
#db_user_namespace = off
# GSSAPI using Kerberos
#krb_server_keyfile = 'FILE:${sysconfdir}/krb5.keytab'
#krb_caseins_users = off
#gss_accept_delegation = off
# - SSL -
#ssl = off
#ssl_ca_file = ''
```

```
#ssl_cert_file = 'server.crt'
#ssl_crl_file = ''
#ssl_crl_dir = ''
#ssl_key_file = 'server.key'
#ssl_ciphers = 'HIGH:MEDIUM:+3DES:!aNULL' # allowed SSL ciphers
#ssl_prefer_server_ciphers = on
#ssl_ecdh_curve = 'prime256v1'
#ssl_min_protocol_version = 'TLSv1.2'
#ssl_max_protocol_version = ''
#ssl_dh_params_file = ''
#ssl_passphrase_command = ''
#ssl_passphrase_command_supports_reload = off
# - Data Encryption -
data_encryption_key_unwrap_command = 'python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt
--pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --in-file=%p
--variant=pykmip'
```

8. Ensure encryption is enabled.

Run the following command and make sure the **Data encryption version** and **Data encryption key length** are set.

% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_controldata /var/lib/edb/as16/data

pg_control version number: Catalog version number:	1501 202307071
Float8 argument passing:	by value
Data page checksum version:	0
Data encryption version:	1
Data encryption key length:	128
Mock authentication nonce:	ac2f2e58c2ace59d45af6642d3515e689891d8d1388c65c9d8bc827732710e59

9. Create a database for the enterprisedb user to do the testing.

% /usr/edb/as16/bin/createdb --owner enterprisedb hr

10. Connect to the hr database inside psql.

```
% /usr/edb/as16/bin/psql hr
psql (16.4)
Type "help" for help.
hr=#
```

11. Create columns to hold department numbers, unique department names, and locations:

hr=# CREATE TABLE public.dept (deptno numeric(2) NOT NULL CONSTRAINT dept_pk PRIMARY KEY, dname varchar(14)
CONSTRAINT dept_dname_uq UNIQUE, loc varchar(13));
CREATE TABLE

12. Insert values into the dept table.

```
hr=# INSERT INTO dept VALUES (10, 'ACCOUNTING', 'NEW YORK');
INSERT 0 1
hr=# INSERT into dept VALUES (20, 'RESEARCH', 'DALLAS');
INSERT 0 1
```

13. View the table data by selecting the values from the table.



2.9. Testing

The key used to encrypt the data in the database is fetched on startup of the database. We test the encryption of the data by the key stored in the KMIP vault by disabling the network in the Postgres Linux server and then attempt to start the database. The system should fail and report an error.

1. Stop the database.

```
% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l $HOME/logfile stop
waiting for server to shut down.... done
server stopped
```

- 2. Kill the network connection on the server so it cannot contact the KeyControl Server.
- 3. Start the database service and see what happens.

```
% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l $HOME/logfile start
waiting for server to start.... stopped waiting
pg_ctl: could not start server
Examine the log output.
```

4. Look at the log file.

% cat \$HOME/logfile

2024-09-10 17:04:26 EDT LOG: redirecting log output to logging collector process 2024-09-10 17:04:26 EDT HINT: Future log output will appear in directory "log". An error occurred while connecting to appliance <keycontrol-server-ip-address>: [Errno 101] Network is unreachable could not open client connection: [Errno 101] Network is unreachable Traceback (most recent call last): File "/usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py", line 113, in <module> main() File "/usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py", line 70, in main with pykmip_client: File "/var/lib/edb/pykmip/kmip/pie/client.py", line 1753, in __enter__ self.open() File "/var/lib/edb/pykmip/kmip/pie/client.py", line 173, in open self.proxy.open() File "/var/lib/edb/pykmip/kmip/services/kmip_client.py", line 285, in open six.reraise(*last_error) File "/usr/lib/python3.9/site-packages/six.py", line 709, in reraise raise value File "/var/lib/edb/pykmip/kmip/services/kmip_client.py", line 274, in open self.socket.connect((self.host, self.port)) File "/usr/lib64/python3.9/ssl.py", line 1376, in connect self._real_connect(addr, False) File "/usr/lib64/python3.9/ssl.py", line 1363, in _real_connect super().connect(addr) OSError: [Errno 101] Network is unreachable 2024-09-10 17:38:10 EDT FATAL: could not run command "python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key -uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --in-file=pg_encryption/key.bin --variant=pykmip": child process exited with exit code 1 2024-09-10 17:38:10 EDT LOG: database system is shut down

It cannot reach the KeyControl Server so it cannot start.

5. Re-establish the network connection and attempt start the database service again.

```
% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l $HOME/logfile start
waiting for server to start.... done
server started
```

The database is able to start.

6. Connect to the database.

% /usr/edb/as16/bin/psql hr

7. Attempt to read the data in the dept table.

```
hr=# SELECT * FROM dept;

deptno | dname | loc

10 | ACCOUNTING | NEW YORK
```

```
20 | RESEARCH | DALLAS
(2 rows)
```

You can view the data again.

2.10. Key rotation

To change the master encryption key, manually run the unwrap command specifying the old key. Then feed the result into the wrap command specifying the new key. You can perform these operations while the database server is running. The wrapped data key in the file is used only on startup. It isn't used while the server is running.

Here is our Wrap Command:

```
python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py encrypt --out-file=%p --pykmip-config
-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --variant=pykmip
```

Here is our Unwrap Command:

```
python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key
-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --in-file=%p --variant=pykmip
```

1. Create a new AES 256 AES key using pykmip.

```
% cd ~/pykmip/
% python3.9 ./kmip/demos/pie/create.py -a AES -1 256
```

```
2024-09-11 10:05:39,278 - demo - INFO - Successfully created symmetric key with ID: 34816dab-24e5-4635-
9990-00684b84a8c4
```

The key is created in the KMIP vault.

- 2. Activate the key as documented earlier.
- 3. Change directory to the pg_encryption folder in the database.

% cd \$PGDATA/pg_encryption

4. Save the original key.bin file.

```
% cp key.bin key.bin.original
```

5. Create the new key.bin file based on the new key we just created.

```
python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt --pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf
--key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --in-file=key.bin --variant=pykmip |
python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py encrypt --out-file=key.bin --pykmip-config
-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key-uid="34816dab-24e5-4635-9990-00684b84a8c4" --variant=pykmip
```

This is a single command, that is: **UNWRAPCMD** with the Old Key | **WRAPCMD** with the new key

A new key.bin file should have been created.

6. Navigate to the data directory \$PGDATA to view the postgresql.conf file.

Edit the **postgresql.conf** file and change the key in

data_encryption_key_unwrap_command, under the Authentication section.

```
#data_encryption_key_unwrap_command = 'python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt
--pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key-uid="74cf4f21-a006-467d-a64f-fbc3fa6ab6d1" --in-file=%p
--variant=pykmip'
data_encryption_key_unwrap_command = 'python3.9 /usr/edb/kmip/client/edb_tde_kmip_client.py decrypt
--pykmip-config-file=/etc/pykmip/pykmip.conf --key-uid="34816dab-24e5-4635-9990-00684b84a8c4" --in-file=%p
--variant=pykmip'
```

7. Go back to the \$HOME directory

% cd

8. Stop the database.

% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l \$HOME/logfile stop

```
waiting for server to shut down.... done server stopped
```

9. Star the database.

```
% /usr/edb/as16/bin/pg_ctl -D /var/lib/edb/as16/data -l $HOME/logfile start
waiting for server to start.... done
server started
```

10. Connect to the database.

% /usr/edb/as16/bin/psql hr

11. Attempt to read the data in the dept table.

```
hr=# SELECT * FROM dept;
deptno | dname | loc
10 | ACCOUNTING | NEW YORK
20 | RESEARCH | DALLAS
(2 rows)
```

As you can see we were able to rotate the key and view the data, which means the key rotation worked.

Chapter 3. Additional resources and related products

- 3.1. KeyControl
- 3.2. Entrust digital security solutions
- 3.3. nShield product documentation